

Division of Facilities Construction and Management

STANDARD LOW BID PROJECT

June 12, 2006

REBID STORAGE BUILDING ADDITION UINTAH BASIN ATC

UTAH COLLEGE OF APPLIED TECHNOLOGY ROOSEVELT, UTAH

DFCM Project No. 06039250

Prior & Associates Architects

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USU Campus Map

Current copies of the following documents are hereby made part of these contract documents by reference. These documents are available on the DFCM web site at http://dfcm.utah.gov or are available upon request from DFCM.

DFCM General Conditions dated May 25, 2005. DFCM Application and Certification for Payment dated May 25, 2005.

Technical Specifications: as prepared by Prior & Associates Architects Drawings: as prepared by Prior & Associates Architects

The Agreement and General Conditions dated May 25, 2005 have been updated from versions that were formally adopted and in use prior to this date. The changes made to the General Conditions are identified in a document entitled Revisions to General Conditions that is available on DFCM's web site at http://dfcm.utah.gov

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Sealed bids will be received by the Division of Facilities Construction and Management (DFCM) for:

STORAGE BUILDING ADDITION – UINTAH BASIN ATC - REBID UTAH COLLEGE OF APPLIED TECHNOLOGY - ROOSEVELT, UTAH DFCM PROJECT NO: 06039250

Bids will be in accordance with the Contract Documents that will be available on Tuesday, June 13, 2006 and distributed in electronic format only on CDs from DFCM, 4110 State Office Building, Salt Lake City, Utah and on the DFCM web page at http://dfcm.utah.gov. For questions regarding this project, please contact Vic Middleton, DFCM, at (801)537-9116. No others are to be contacted regarding this bidding process. The construction budget for this project is \$158,000.

A **mandatory** pre-bid meeting will be held at 5:00 PM on Thursday, June 22, 2006 at the Uintah Basin ATC Administration Building, 1100 East Lagoon Street, Roosevelt, Utah. All bidders wishing to bid on this project are required to attend this meeting.

Bids will be received until the hour of 3:00 PM on Thursday, June 29, 2006 at DFCM, 4ll0 State Office Building, Salt Lake City, Utah 84114. Bids will be opened and read aloud in the DFCM Conference Room, 4110 State Office Building, Salt Lake City, Utah. NOTE: Bids must be received at 4110 State Office Building by the specified time.

Bid security, in the amount of five percent (5%) of the bid, must be submitted as stated in the Instruction to Bidders.

The Division of Facilities Construction and Management reserves the right to reject any or all bids or to waive any formality or technicality in any bid in the interest of DFCM.

NOTE: Beginning January 1, 2007, the State of Utah - Division of Facilities Construction and Management (DFCM) will no longer be advertising solicitations in newspapers. All public notices will be publicized electronically on the DFCM web site at http://dfcm.utah.gov to comply with State code and statute. Each project will be listed separately and the contract documents (RFP, SFC, RFS, etc) for each project will contain all the project-specific information (notice, schedule, etc.) accessible within the "All Projects" section under the "Current Projects" menu item of the DFCM web site.

DIVISION OF FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION AND MANAGEMENT Marla Workman, Contract Coordinator 4110 State Office Building, Salt Lake City, Utah 84114





Division of Facilities Construction and Management

PROJECT SCHEDULE

PROJECT NAME: STORAGE BUILDING ADDITION – UINTAH BASIN ATC - REBID UTAH COLLEGE OF APPLIED TECHNOLOGY – ROOSEVELT, UT DFCM PROJECT #: 06039250

Event	Day	Date	Time	Place
Advertisement Placed	Sunday	June 11, 2006		Multi-Media
Bidding Documents	Tuesday	June 13, 2006	8:00 AM	DFCM, 4110 State
Available				Office Bldg, SLC,
				UT or DFCM web
				site *
Mandatory Pre-bid Site	Thursday	June 22, 2006	5:00 PM	Administration Bldg
Meeting				UBATC
				1100 East Lagoon St
				Roosevelt, UT
Last Day to Submit	Thursday	June 27, 2006	4:00 PM	DFCM Attn: Vic
Questions		ŕ		Middleton
				vmiddlet@utah.gov
Final Addendum Issued	Wednesday	June 28, 2006	4:00 PM	DFCM, 4110 State
				Office Bldg, SLC,
				UT or DFCM web
				site *
Prime Contractors Turn	Thursday	June 29, 2006	3:00 PM	DFCM, 4110 State
In Bid and Bid Bond /				Office Bldg, SLC,
Bid Opening in DFCM				UT
Conference Room				
Sub-contractor List Due	Friday	June 30, 2006	3:00 PM	DFCM, 4110 State
				Office Bldg, SLC,
				UT
Project Completion	Saturday	September 30, 2006		

^{*} DFCM's web site address is http://dfcm.utah.gov



contract.

STATE OF UTAH - DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES

DFCM

Division of Facilities Construction and Management

BID FORM - REBID

NAME OF BIDDER	DATE
To the Division of Facilities Construction and Man 4110 State Office Building Salt Lake City, Utah 84114	agement
Bidders", in compliance with your invitation for	Contractors" and in accordance with the "Instructions to or bids for the STORAGE BUILDING ADDITION – OF APPLIED TECHNOLOGY - DFCM PROJECT
being familiar with all of the conditions surrou including the availability of labor, hereby proprequired for the Work in accordance with the C	oses to furnish all labor, materials and supplies as Contract Documents as specified and within the time set is to cover all expenses incurred in performing the Work
I/We acknowledge receipt of the following Addeno	la:
For all work shown on the Drawings and described perform for the sum of:	in the Specifications and Contract Documents, I/we agree to
	DOLLARS (\$)
(In case of discrepancy, written amount shall gover	
to Proceed, should I/we be the successful bidder, an	Complete by September 30, 2006 after receipt of the Notice and agree to pay liquidated damages in the amount of \$250.00 at Time as stated in Article 3 of the Contractor's Agreement.
This bid shall be good for 45 days after bid opening	5.
Enclosed is a 5% bid bond, as required, in the sum	of
The undersigned Contractor's License Number for	Utah is
unless a shorter time is specified in the Contract Do	dersigned agrees to execute the contract within ten (10) days, ocuments, and deliver acceptable Performance and Payment of the Contract Sum for faithful performance of the

BID FORM PAGE NO. 2

The Bid Bond attached, in the amount not less than five percent (5%) of the above bid sum, shall become the property of the Division of Facilities Construction and Management as liquidated damages for delay and additional expense caused thereby in the event that the contract is not executed and/or acceptable 100% Performance and Payment bonds are not delivered within the time set forth.

Type of Organization:	
(Corporation, Partnership, Individual, etc.)	<u> </u>
Any request and information related to Utah Pr	reference Laws:
	Respectfully submitted,
	Name of Bidder
	ADDRESS:
	Authorized Signature
	Authorized Signature

INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

1. <u>Drawings and Specifications, Other Contract Documents</u>

Drawings and Specifications, as well as other available Contract Documents, may be obtained as stated in the Notice to Contractors.

Any person or firm that fails to return the complete set of Drawings and Specifications, or other contract documents, in good condition within ten (10) days after the time set for receiving bids, will forfeit the deposit. Notwithstanding this, if the Contract Documents are provided on a compact disc, the compact disc does not need to be returned.

2. Bids

Before submitting a bid, each contractor shall carefully examine the Contract Documents, shall visit the site of the Work; shall fully inform themselves as to all existing conditions and limitations; and shall include in the bid the cost of all items required by the Contract Documents. If the bidder observes that portions of the Contract Documents are at variance with applicable laws, building codes, rules, regulations or contain obvious erroneous or uncoordinated information, the bidder shall promptly notify the DFCM Representative and the necessary changes shall be accomplished by Addendum

The bid, bearing original signatures, must be typed or handwritten in ink on the Bid Form provided in the procurement documents and submitted in a sealed envelope at the location specified by the Notice to Contractor's prior to the deadline for submission of bids. It is your responsibility to allow for the time needed to park in Capitol Hill as recent construction activity has made the parking more difficult. Identification is required to enter the building.

Bid bond security, in the amount of five percent (5%) of the bid, made payable to the Division of Facilities Construction and Management, shall accompany bid. THE BID BOND MUST BE ON THE BID BOND FORM PROVIDED IN THE PROCUREMENT DOCUMENTS IN ORDER TO BE CONSIDERED AN ACCEPTABLE BID.

If the bid bond security is submitted on a bid bond form other than DFCM's required bid bond form, and the bid security meets all other legal requirements, the bidder will be allowed to provide an acceptable bid bond by the close of business on the next business day following notification by DFCM of submission of a defective bid bond security. NOTE: A cashier's check cannot be used as a substitute for a bid bond

3. Contract and Bond

The Contractor's Agreement will be in the form bound in the specifications. The Contract Time will be as indicated in the bid. The successful bidder, simultaneously with the execution of the Contract Agreement, will be required to furnish a performance bond and a payment bond, both bearing original

INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS PAGE NO. 2

signatures, upon the forms provided in the procurement documents. The performance and payment bonds shall be for an amount equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the contract sum and secured from a company that meets the requirements specified in the requisite forms. Any bonding requirements for subcontractors will be specified in the Supplementary General Conditions.

4. Listing of Subcontractors

Listing of Subcontractors shall be as summarized in the "Instructions and Subcontractor's List Form", which are included as part of these Contract Documents. The Subcontractors List shall be delivered to DFCM or faxed to DFCM at (801)538-3677 within 24 hours of the bid opening. Requirements for listing additional subcontractors will be listed in the Contract Documents.

DFCM retains the right to audit or take other steps necessary to confirm compliance with requirements for the listing and changing of subcontractors. Any contractor who is found to not be in compliance with these requirements is subject to a debarment hearing and may be debarred from consideration for award of contracts for a period of up to three years.

5. <u>Interpretation of Drawings and Specifications</u>

If any person or entity contemplating submitting a bid is in doubt as to the meaning of any part of the drawings, specifications or other Contract Documents, such person shall submit to the DFCM Project Manager a request for an interpretation thereof. The person or entity submitting the request will be responsible for its prompt delivery. Any interpretation of the proposed documents will be made only by addenda duly issued and a copy of such addenda will be mailed or delivered to each person or entity receiving a set of documents. Neither the DFCM nor A/E will be responsible for any other explanations or interpretations of the proposed documents. A/E shall be deemed to refer to the architect or engineer hired by DFCM as the A/E or Consultant for the Project.

6. Addenda

Any Addenda issued during the time of bidding shall become part of the contract Documents made available to the bidders for the preparation of the bid, shall be covered in the bid, and shall be made a part of the Contract.

7. Award of Contract

The Contract will be awarded as soon as possible to the lowest, responsive and responsible bidder, based on the lowest combination of base bid and acceptable prioritized alternates, provided the bid is

INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS PAGE NO. 3

reasonable, is in the interests of the State of Utah to accept and after applying the Utah Preference Laws in U.C.A. Title 63, Chapter 56. DFCM reserves the right to waive any technicalities or formalities in any bid or in the bidding. Alternates will be accepted on a prioritized basis with Alternate 1 being highest priority, Alternate 2 having second priority, etc.

8. <u>DFCM Contractor Performance Rating</u>

As a contractor completes each DFCM project, DFCM, the architect/engineer and the using agency will evaluate project performance based on the enclosed "DFCM Contractor Performance Rating" form. The ratings issued on this project will not affect this project but may affect the award on future projects.

9. Licensure

The Contractor shall comply with and require all of its subcontractors to comply with the license laws as required by the State of Utah.

10. Right to Reject Bids

DFCM reserves the right to reject any or all Bids.

11. Time is of the Essence

Time is of the essence in regard to all the requirements of the Contract Documents.

12. Withdrawal of Bids

Bids may be withdrawn on written request received from bidder prior to the time fixed for opening. Negligence on the part of the bidder in preparing the bid confers no right for the withdrawal of the bid after it has been opened.

13. Product Approvals

Where reference is made to one or more proprietary products in the Contract Documents, but restrictive descriptive materials of one or more manufacturer(s) is referred to in the Contract Documents, the products of other manufacturers will be accepted, provided they equal or exceed the standards set forth in the drawings and specifications and are compatible with the intent and purpose of the design, subject to the written approval of the A/E. Such written approval must occur prior to the deadline established for the last scheduled addenda to be issued. The A/E's written approval will be in an issued addendum. If the descriptive material is not restrictive, the products of other manufacturers specified will be accepted without prior approval provided they are compatible with the intent and purpose of the design as determined by the A/E.

14. Financial Responsibility of Contractors, Subcontractors and Sub-subcontractors

Contractors shall respond promptly to any inquiry in writing by DFCM to any concern of financial responsibility of the contractor, subcontractor or sub-subcontractor.

15. <u>Debarment</u>

By submitting a bid, the Contractor certifies that neither it nor its principals, including project and site managers, have been, or are under consideration for, debarment or suspension, or any action that would exclude such from participation in a construction contract by any governmental department or agency. If the Contractor cannot certify this statement, attach to the bid a detailed written explanation which must be reviewed and approved by DFCM as part of the requirements for award of the Project.

BID BOND

(Title 63, Chapter 56, U. C. A. 1953, as Amended)

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS:

Thatthe "Principal" and	hereinafter referred to as	
the "Principal," and		
Securities on Federal Bonds and as Acceptable Reinsuring Companies); hereinafter referred to as the "Surety," are held and firmly bound unto the STATE OF UTAH, hereinafter referred to as the "Obligee," in the amount of \$		
administrators, successors and assigns, jointly and severally, firm	mly by these presents.	
THE CONDITION OF THIS OBLIGATION IS SU bid incorporated by reference herein, dated as shown, to enter into	UCH that whereas the Principal has submitted to Obligee the accompanying of a contract in writing for the	
NOW THEREFORE THE CONDITION OF TH	IE ABOVE OBLIGATION IS SUCH, that if the said principal does not	
execute a contract and give bond to be approved by the Obligee f in writing of such contract to the principal, then the sum of the damages and not as a penalty; if the said principal shall execut performance thereof within ten (10) days after being notified in w void. It is expressly understood and agreed that the liability of the	for the faithful performance thereof within ten (10) days after being notified e amount stated above will be forfeited to the State of Utah as liquidated the a contract and give bond to be approved by the Obligee for the faithful writing of such contract to the Principal, then this obligation shall be null and the Surety for any and all defaults of the Principal hereunder shall be the full stipulates and agrees that obligations of the Surety under this Bond shall be	
	I pursuant to provisions of Title 63, Chapter 56, Utah Code Annotated, 1953, I in accordance with said provisions to same extent as if it were copied at	
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the above bounden parties below, the name and corporate seal of each corporate party representative, pursuant to authority of its governing body.	s have executed this instrument under their several seals on the date indicated being hereto affixed and these presents duly signed by its undersigned	
DATED this day of	_, 20	
Principal's name and address (if other than a corporation):	Principal's name and address (if a corporation):	
Principal's name and address (if other than a corporation):	Principal's name and address (if a corporation):	
Principal's name and address (if other than a corporation):	Principal's name and address (if a corporation):	
Principal's name and address (if other than a corporation): By:	Bv.	
By:	Bv.	
By:	Bv.	
By:	By:	





Division of Facilities Construction and

INSTRUCTIONS AND SUBCONTRACTORS LIST FORM

The three low bidders, as well as all other bidders that desire to be considered, are required by law to submit to DFCM within 24 hours of bid opening a list of <u>ALL</u> first-tier subcontractors, including the subcontractor's name, bid amount and other information required by Building Board Rule and as stated in these Contract Documents, on the following basis:

PROJECTS UNDER \$500,000 - ALL SUBS \$20,000 OR OVER MUST BE LISTED PROJECTS \$500,000 OR MORE - ALL SUBS \$35,000 OR OVER MUST BE LISTED

- Any additional subcontractors identified in the bid documents shall also be listed.
- The DFCM Director may not consider any bid submitted by a bidder if the bidder fails to submit a subcontractor list meeting the requirements of State law.
- List subcontractors for base bid as well as the impact on the list that the selection of any alternate may have.
- Bidder may not list more than one subcontractor to perform the same work.
- Bidder must list "Self" if performing work itself.

LICENSURE:

The subcontractor's name, the type of work, the subcontractor's bid amount, and the subcontractor's license number as issued by DOPL, if such license is required under Utah Law, shall be listed. Bidder shall certify that all subcontractors, required to be licensed, are licensed as required by State law. A subcontractor includes a trade contractor or specialty contractor and does not include suppliers who provide only materials, equipment, or supplies to a contractor or subcontractor.

BIDDER LISTING 'SELF' AS PERFORMING THE WORK:

Any bidder that is properly licensed for the particular work and intends to perform that work itself in lieu of a subcontractor that would otherwise be required to be on the subcontractor list, must insert the term 'Self' for that category on the subcontractor list form. Any listing of 'Self' on the sublist form shall also include the amount allocated for that work.

'SPECIAL EXCEPTION':

A bidder may list 'Special Exception' in place of a subcontractor when the bidder intends to obtain a subcontractor to perform the work at a later date because the bidder was unable to obtain a qualified or reasonable bid under the provisions of U.C.A.Section 63A-5-208(4). The bidder shall insert the term 'Special Exception' for that category of work, and shall provide documentation with the subcontractor list describing the bidder's efforts to obtain a bid of a qualified subcontractor at a reasonable cost and why the bidder was unable to obtain a qualified subcontractor bid. The Director must find that the bidder complied in good faith with State law requirements for any 'Special Exception' designation, in order for the bid to be considered. If awarded the contract, the Director shall supervise the bidder's efforts to obtain a qualified subcontractor bid. The amount of the awarded contract may not be adjusted to reflect the actual amount of the subcontractor's bid. Any listing of 'Special Exception' on the sublist form shall also include amount allocated for that work.

INSTRUCTIONS AND SUBCONTRACTORS LIST FORM Page No. 2

GROUNDS FOR DISQUALIFICATION:

The Director may not consider any bid submitted by a bidder if the bidder fails to submit a subcontractor list meeting the requirements of State law. Director may withhold awarding the contract to a particular bidder if one or more of the proposed subcontractors are considered by the Director to be unqualified to do the Work or for such other reason in the best interest of the State of Utah. Notwithstanding any other provision in these instructions, if there is a good faith error on the sublist form, at the sole discretion of the Director, the Director may provide notice to the contractor and the contractor shall have 24 hours to submit the correction to the Director. If such correction is submitted timely, then the sublist requirements shall be considered met.

CHANGES OF SUBCONTRACTORS SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED ON SUBLIST FORM:

Subsequent to twenty-four hours after the bid opening, the contractor may change its listed subcontractors only after receiving written permission from the Director based on complying with all of the following criteria.

- (1) The contractor has established in writing that the change is in the best interest of the State and that the contractor establishes an appropriate reason for the change, which may include, but not is not limited to, the following reasons: the original subcontractor has failed to perform, or is not qualified or capable of performing, and/or the subcontractor has requested in writing to be released.
- (2) The circumstances related to the request for the change do not indicate any bad faith in the original listing of the subcontractors.
- (3) Any requirement set forth by the Director to ensure that the process used to select a new subcontractor does not give rise to bid shopping.
- (4) Any increase in the cost of the subject subcontractor work is borne by the contractor.
- (5) Any decrease in the cost of the subject subcontractor work shall result in a deductive change order being issued for the contract for such decreased amount.
- (6) The Director will give substantial weight to whether the subcontractor has consented in writing to being removed unless the Contractor establishes that the subcontractor is not qualified for the work.

EXAMPLE:

Example of a list where there are only four subcontractors:

TYPE OF WORK	SUBCONTRACTOR, "SELF" OR "SPECIAL EXCEPTION"	SUBCONTRACTOR BID AMOUNT	CONT. LICENSE #
ELECTRICAL	ABCD Electric Inc.	\$350,000.00	123456789000
LANDSCAPING	"Self"	300,000.00	123456789000
CONCRETE (ALTERNATE #1)	XYZ Concrete Inc	298,000.00	987654321000
MECHANICAL	"Special Exception" (attach documentation)	Fixed at: 350,000.00	(TO BE PROVIDED AFTER OBTAINING SUBCONTRACTOR)

PURSUANT TO STATE LAW - SUBCONTRACTOR BID AMOUNTS CONTAINED IN THIS SUBCONTRACTOR LIST SHALL NOT BE DISCLOSED UNTIL THE CONTRACT HAS BEEN AWARDED.

PROJECT TITLE:



Division of Facilities Construction and

SUBCONTRACTORS LIST FAX TO 801-538-3677

Caution: You must read and comp	ly fully with instructions.		
TYPE OF WORK	SUBCONTRACTOR, "SELF" OR "SPECIAL EXCEPTION"	SUBCONTRACTOR BID AMOUNT	CONT. LICENSE #
 We certify that: This list includes all subcontractors as required by the instructions, including those related to the base bid as well as any alternates. We have listed "Self" or "Special Exception" in accordance with the instructions. All subcontractors are appropriately licensed as required by State law. 			
	FIRM:		
DATE:	SIGNED BY:		

NOTICE: FAILURE TO SUBMIT THIS FORM, PROPERLY COMPLETED AND SIGNED, AS REQUIRED IN THESE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, SHALL BE GROUNDS FOR DFCMS REFUSAL TO ENTER INTO A WRITTEN CONTRACT WITH BIDDER. ACTION MAY BE TAKEN AGAINST BIDDERS BID BOND AS DEEMED APPROPRIATE BY DFCM. ATTACH A SECOND PAGE IF NECESSARY.

FUGITIVE DUST PLAN

The Contractor will fill out the form and file the original with the Division of Air Quality and a copy of the form with the Division of Facilities Construction & Management, prior to the issuance of any notice to proceed.

The Contractor will be fully responsible for compliance with the Fugitive Dust Control Plan, including the adequacy of the plan, any damages, fines, liability, and penalty or other action that results from noncompliance.

Utah Division of Air Quality April 20, 1999

GUIDANCE THAT MUST BE CONSIDERED IN DEVELOPING AND SUBMITTING A DUST CONTROL PLAN FOR COMPLIANCE WITH R307-309-3, 4, 5, 6, 7

Source Information:

1.	Name of your operation (source): provide a name if the source is a construction site.
2.	Address or location of your operation or construction site.
3.	UTM coordinates or Longitude/Latitude of stationary emission points at your operation.
4.	Lengths of the project, if temporary (time period).
5.	Description of process (include all sources of dust and fugitive dust). Please, if necessary, use additional sheets of paper for this description. Be sure to mark it as an attachment.
6.	Type of material processed or disturbed.
7.	Amount of material processed (tons per year, tons per month, lbs./hr., and applicable units).

Destination of product (where will the material produced be used or transported, be specific, provide address or specific location), information needed for temporary relocation applicants.
Identify the individual who is responsible for the implementation and maintenance of fugitive dust control measures. List name(s), position(s) and telephone number(s).
List, and attach copies of any contract lease, liability agreement with other companies that may, or will, be responsible for dust control on site or on the project.

Description of Fugitive Dust Emission Activities (Things to consider in addressing fugitive dust control strategies.)

1.	Type of activities (drilling and blasting, road construction, development construction, earth moving and excavation, handling and hauling materials, cleaning and leveling, etc).
2.	List type of equipment generating the fugitive dust.
3.	Diagram the location of each activity or piece of equipment on site. Please attach the diagram.
4.	Provide pictures or drawings of each activity. Include a drawing of the unpaved/paved road network used to move loads "on" and "off" property.
5.	Vehicle miles travels on unpaved roads associated with the activity (average speed).
6.	Type of dust emitted at each source (coal, cement, sand, soil, clay, dust, etc.)
7.	Estimate the size of the release area at which the activity occurs (square miles). For haul or dirt roads include total miles of road in use during the activity.

Description of Fugitive Dust Emission Controls on Site

Control strategies must be designed to meet 20% opacity or less on site (a lesser opacity may be defined by Approval Order conditions or federal requirements such as NSPS), and control strategies must prevent exceeding 10% opacity from fugitive dust at the property boundary (site boundary) for compliance with R307-309-3.

1.	Types of ongoing emission controls proposed for each activity, each piece of equipment, and haul roads.
2.	Types of additional dust controls proposed for bare, exposed surfaces (chemical stabilization, synthetic cover, wind breaks, vegetative cover, etc).
3.	Method of application of dust suppressant.
4.	Frequency of application of dust suppressant.
5.	Explain what triggers the use of a special control measure other than routine measures already in place, such as covered loads or measures covered by a permit condition (increase in opacity, high winds, citizen complaints, dry conditions, etc).
6.	Explain in detail what control strategies/measures will be implemented off-hours, i.e., Saturdays/Sundays/Holidays, as well as 6 PM to 6 AM each day.

Description of Fugitive Dust Control Off-site

Prevent, to the maximum extent possible, deposition of materials, which may create fugitive dust on public and private paved roads in compliance with R307-309-5, 6, 7.

- 1. Types of emission controls initiated by your operation that are in place "off" property (application of water, covered loads, sweeping roads, vehicle cleaning, etc.).
- 2. Proposed remedial controls that will be initiated promptly if materials, which may create fugitive dust, are deposited on public and private paved roads.

Phone: (801) 536-4000

(801) 536-4099

FAX:

Submit the Dust Control Plan to:

Executive Secretary Utah Air Quality Board POB 144820 15 North 1950 West Salt Lake City, Utah 84114-4820

Fugitive Dust Control Plan Violation Report

When a source is found in violation of R307-309-3 or in violation of the Fugitive Dust Control Plan, the course must submit a report to the Executive Secretary within 15 days after receiving a Notice of Violation. The report must include the following information:

- 1. Name and address of dust source.
- 2. Time and duration of dust episode.
- 3. Meteorological conditions during the dust episode.
- 4. Total number and type of fugitive dust activities and dust producing equipment within each operation boundary. If no change has occurred from the existing dust control plan, the source should state that the activity/equipment is the same.
- 5. Fugitive dust activities or dust producing equipment that caused a violation of R-307-309-3 or the sources dust control plan.
- 6. Reasons for failing to control dust from the dust generating activity or equipment.
- 7. New and/or additional fugitive dust control strategies necessary to achieve compliance with R307-309-3, 4, 5, 6, or 7.
- 8. If it can not be demonstrated that the current approved Dust Control Plan can result in compliance with R307-309-3 through 7, the Dust Control Plan must be revised so as to demonstrate compliance with 307-309-3 through 7. Within 30 days of receiving a fugitive dust Notice of Violation, the source must submit the revised Plan to the Executive Secretary for review and approval.

Submit the Dust Control Plan to:

Executive Secretary Phone: (801) 536-4000 Utah Air Quality Board FAX: (801) 536-4099

POB 144820

15 North 1950 West

Salt Lake City, Utah 84114-4820

Attachments: DFCM Form FDR R-307-309, Rule 307-309

300/300/	/FVA/	/	/	/
	Project	<u> </u>		

CONTRACTOR'S AGREEMENT

FOR:
THIS CONTRACTOR'S AGREEMENT, made and entered into this day of, 20, by and between the DIVISION OF FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION AND MANAGEMENT, hereinafter referred to as "DFCM", and, incorporated in the State of and authorized to do business in the State of Utah, hereinafter referred to as "Contractor", whose address is
WITNESSETH: WHEREAS, DFCM intends to have Work performed at
WHEREAS, Contractor agrees to perform the Work for the sum stated herein.
NOW, THEREFORE, DFCM and Contractor for the consideration provided in this Contractor's Agreement, agree as follows:
ARTICLE 1. SCOPE OF WORK. The Work to be performed shall be in accordance with the Contract Documents prepared by and entitled ""
The DFCM General Conditions ("General Conditions") dated May 25, 2005 on file at the office of DFCM and available on the DFCM website, are hereby incorporated by reference as part of this Agreement and are included in the specifications for this Project. All terms used in this Contractor's Agreement shall be as defined in the Contract Documents, and in particular, the General Conditions.
The Contractor Agrees to furnish labor, materials and equipment to complete the Work as required in the Contract Documents which are hereby incorporated by reference. It is understood and agreed by the parties hereto that all Work shall be performed as required in the Contract Documents and shall be subject to inspection and approval of DFCM or its authorized representative. The relationship of the Contractor to the DFCM hereunder is that of an independent Contractor.
ARTICLE 2. CONTRACT SUM. The DFCM agrees to pay and the Contractor agrees to accept in full performance of this Contractor's Agreement, the sum of
which is the base bid, and which sum also includes the cost of a 100% Performance Bond and a 100%

CONTRACTOR'S AGREEMENT PAGE NO. 2

Payment Bond as well as all insurance requirements of the Contractor. Said bonds have already been posted by the Contractor pursuant to State law. The required proof of insurance certificates have been delivered to DFCM in accordance with the General Conditions before the execution of this Contractor's Agreement.

ARTICLE 3. TIME OF COMPLETION AND DELAY REMEDY. The Work shall be
Substantially Complete within () calendar days after the date of the Notice to
Proceed. Contractor agrees to pay liquidated damages in the amount of \$ per day for each day
after expiration of the Contract Time until the Contractor achieves Substantial Completion in accordance
with the Contract Documents, if Contractor's delay makes the damages applicable. The provision for
liquidated damages is: (a) to compensate the DFCM for delay only; (b) is provided for herein because
actual damages can not be readily ascertained at the time of execution of this Contractor's Agreement;
(c) is not a penalty; and (d) shall not prevent the DFCM from maintaining Claims for other non-delay
damages, such as costs to complete or remedy defective Work.

No action shall be maintained by the Contractor, including its or Subcontractor or suppliers at any tier, against the DFCM or State of Utah for damages or other claims due to losses attributable to hindrances or delays from any cause whatsoever, including acts and omissions of the DFCM or its officers, employees or agents, except as expressly provided in the General Conditions. The Contractor may receive a written extension of time, signed by the DFCM, in which to complete the Work under this Contractor's Agreement in accordance with the General Conditions.

ARTICLE 4. CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. The Contract Documents consist of this Contractor's Agreement, the Conditions of the Contract (DFCM General Conditions, Supplementary and other Conditions), the Drawings, Specifications, Addenda and Modifications. The Contract Documents shall also include the bidding documents, including the Notice to Contractors, Instructions to Bidders/ Proposers and the Bid/Proposal, to the extent not in conflict therewith and other documents and oral presentations that are documented as an attachment to the contract.

All such documents are hereby incorporated by reference herein. Any reference in this Contractor's Agreement to certain provisions of the Contract Documents shall in no way be construed as to lessen the importance or applicability of any other provisions of the Contract Documents.

ARTICLE 5. PAYMENT. The DFCM agrees to pay the Contractor from time to time as the Work progresses, but not more than once each month after the date of Notice to Proceed, and only upon Certificate of the A/E for Work performed during the preceding calendar month, ninety-five percent (95%) of the value of the labor performed and ninety-five percent (95%) of the value of materials furnished in place or on the site. The Contractor agrees to furnish to the DFCM invoices for materials purchased and on the site but not installed, for which the Contractor requests payment and agrees to

CONTRACTOR'S AGREEMENT PAGE NO. 3

safeguard and protect such equipment or materials and is responsible for safekeeping thereof and if such be stolen, lost or destroyed, to replace same.

Such evidence of labor performed and materials furnished as the DFCM may reasonably require shall be supplied by the Contractor at the time of request for Certificate of Payment on account. Materials for which payment has been made cannot be removed from the job site without DFCM's written approval. Five percent (5%) of the earned amount shall be retained from each monthly payment. The retainage, including any additional retainage imposed and the release of any retainage, shall be in accordance with UCA 13-8-5 as amended. Contractor shall also comply with the requirements of UCA 13-8-5, including restrictions of retainage regarding subcontractors and the distribution of interest earned on the retention proceeds. The DFCM shall not be responsible for enforcing the Contractor's obligations under State law in fulfilling the retention law requirements with subcontractors at any tier.

ARTICLE 6. INDEBTEDNESS. Before final payment is made, the Contractor must submit evidence satisfactory to the DFCM that all payrolls, materials bills, subcontracts at any tier and outstanding indebtedness in connection with the Work have been properly paid. Final Payment will be made after receipt of said evidence, final acceptance of the Work by the DFCM as well as compliance with the applicable provisions of the General Conditions.

Contractor shall respond immediately to any inquiry in writing by DFCM as to any concern of financial responsibility and DFCM reserves the right to request any waivers, releases or bonds from Contractor in regard to any rights of Subcontractors (including suppliers) at any tier or any third parties prior to any payment by DFCM to Contractor.

ARTICLE 7. ADDITIONAL WORK. It is understood and agreed by the parties hereto that no money will be paid to the Contractor for additional labor or materials furnished unless a new contract in writing or a Modification hereof in accordance with the General Conditions and the Contract Documents for such additional labor or materials has been executed. The DFCM specifically reserves the right to modify or amend this Contractor's Agreement and the total sum due hereunder either by enlarging or restricting the scope of the Work.

ARTICLE 8. INSPECTIONS. The Work shall be inspected for acceptance in accordance with the General Conditions.

ARTICLE 9. DISPUTES. Any dispute, PRE or Claim between the parties shall be subject to the provisions of Article 7 of the General Conditions. DFCM reserves all rights to pursue its rights and remedies as provided in the General Conditions.

ARTICLE 10. TERMINATION, SUSPENSION OR ABANDONMENT. This Contractor's Agreement may be terminated, suspended or abandoned in accordance with the General Conditions.

ARTICLE 11. DFCM'S RIGHT TO WITHHOLD CERTAIN AMOUNT AND MAKE USE THEREOF. The DFCM may withhold from payment to the Contractor such amount as, in DFCM's judgment, may be necessary to pay just claims against the Contractor or Subcontractor at any tier for labor and services rendered and materials furnished in and about the Work. The DFCM may apply such withheld amounts for the payment of such claims in DFCM's discretion. In so doing, the DFCM shall be deemed the agent of Contractor and payment so made by the DFCM shall be considered as payment made under this Contractor's Agreement by the DFCM to the Contractor. DFCM shall not be liable to the Contractor for any such payment made in good faith. Such withholdings and payments may be made without prior approval of the Contractor and may be also be prior to any determination as a result of any dispute, PRE, Claim or litigation.

ARTICLE 12. INDEMNIFICATION. The Contractor shall comply with the indemnification provisions of the General Conditions.

ARTICLE 13. SUCCESSORS AND ASSIGNMENT OF CONTRACT. The DFCM and Contractor, respectively bind themselves, their partners, successors, assigns and legal representatives to the other party to this Agreement, and to partners, successors, assigns and legal representatives of such other party with respect to all covenants, provisions, rights and responsibilities of this Contractor's Agreement. The Contractor shall not assign this Contractor's Agreement without the prior written consent of the DFCM, nor shall the Contractor assign any moneys due or to become due as well as any rights under this Contractor's Agreement, without prior written consent of the DFCM.

ARTICLE 14. RELATIONSHIP OF THE PARTIES. The Contractor accepts the relationship of trust and confidence established by this Contractor's Agreement and covenants with the DFCM to cooperate with the DFCM and A/E and use the Contractor's best skill, efforts and judgment in furthering the interest of the DFCM; to furnish efficient business administration and supervision; to make best efforts to furnish at all times an adequate supply of workers and materials; and to perform the Work in the best and most expeditious and economic manner consistent with the interests of the DFCM.

ARTICLE 15. AUTHORITY TO EXECUTE AND PERFORM AGREEMENT. Contractor and DFCM each represent that the execution of this Contractor's Agreement and the performance thereunder is within their respective duly authorized powers.

ARTICLE 16. ATTORNEY FEES AND COSTS. Except as otherwise provided in the dispute resolution provisions of the General Conditions, the prevailing party shall be entitled to reasonable attorney fees and costs incurred in any action in the District Court and/or appellate body to enforce this Contractor's Agreement or recover damages or any other action as a result of a breach thereof.

CONTRACTOR'S AGREEMENT PAGE NO. 5

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Contractor's Agreement on the day and year stated hereinabove.

	CONTRACTOR:	
	Signature	Date
	Title:	
State of		
County of)	Please type/print name clearly	
On this day of, 20, per whose identity is personally known to me (or who by me duly sworn (or affirmed), did say the firm and that said document was signed by	sonally appeared before me, that he (she) is the (title by him (her) in behalf of said firm.	dence) and or office) o
(SEAL)	Notary Public My Commission Expires	
APPROVED AS TO AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS:	DIVISION OF FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION AND MANAGE	MENT
Financial Manager, Date Division of Facilities Construction and Management	Manager - Capital	Date
APPROVED AS TO FORM: ATTORNEY GENERAL May 25, 2005	APPROVED FOR EXPENDITURE:	
By: Alan S. Bachman Asst Attorney General	Division of Finance	Date

PERFORMANCE BOND

(Title 63, Chapter 56, U. C. A. 1953, as Amended)

That	hereinafter referred to as t	the "Principal" and
	, a corporation organized and existing under the	
	and authorized to transact business in this State and U. S. Departi	
	as Acceptable Securities on Federal Bonds and as Acceptable Reir	
	o the State of Utah, hereinafter referred to as the "Obligee," in the an	
	DOLLARS (\$) for the p	ayment whereof, the
said Principal and Surety bind themselves and their heirs, administra	tors, executors, successors and assigns, jointly and severally, firmly b	y these presents.
WHEDEAS the Dringing loss entered into a certain write	en Contract with the Obligee, dated the day of	20 to
WHEREAS, the Principal has entered into a certain write	en Contract with the Obligee, dated the day of	, 20, 10
in the County of State of Utah Project No.	for the approximate sum of	
in the county of, State of Otan, Project No	, for the approximate sum of) which
Contract is hereby incorporated by reference herein.	, for the approximate sum of Dollars (\$), winci
continue to notice; incorporated by total and notices.		
	such that if the said Principal shall faithfully perform the Contract in ations and conditions thereof, the one year performance warranty, a	
	s, then this obligation shall be void; otherwise it shall remain in full f	
, ,	,	
No right of action shall accrue on this bond to or for the	use of any person or corporation other than the state named herein or	the heirs, executors
administrators or successors of the Owner.		
The parties agree that the dispute provisions provided in the	e Contract Documents apply and shall constitute the sole dispute proc	edures of the parties
	ursuant to the Provisions of Title 63, Chapter 56, Utah Code Annotated	
and all liabilities on this Bond shall be determined in accordance wit	h said provisions to the same extent as if it were copied at length here	ein.
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the said Principal and Suret	y have signed and sealed this instrument this day of	, 20
WITNESS OR ATTESTATION:	PRINCIPAL:	
	·	
	By:	
	Бу	(Seal)
	Title:	
WITNESS OR ATTESTATION:	SURETY:	
	By:	
	Attorney-in-Fact	(Seal)
STATE OF)	·	
) ss.		
COUNTY OF)		
On this day of, 20, personally a	ppeared before me	, whose
identity is personally known to me or proved to me on the basis of sa	tisfactory evidence, and who, being by me duly sworn, did say that he	e/she is the Attorney
in-fact of the above-named Surety Company and that he/she is duly	authorized to execute the same and has complied in all respects with	the laws of Utah in
reference to becoming sole surety upon bonds, undertakings and obl	gations, and that he/she acknowledged to me that as Attorney-in-fact	executed the same.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this day of	, 20	
My commission expires:		
Resides at:		
	NOTARY PUBLIC	
Agency:		
Agent:		Mari 25, 2007
Address:	Approved As To For By Alan S. Bachman, Asst	Attorney Concre
Phone:	by Aiaii S. Daciiman, Assi	Attorney General

PAYMENT BOND

(Title 63, Chapter 56, U. C. A. 1953, as Amended)

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS:

That				hereinafter referred to a		
	, a corporation organized and					
	e Treasury Listed (Circular 570					
	panies); with its principal office referred to as the "Obligee," in					
Dollars (\$) for the payment whereof	the said Princ	inal and Surety	bind themselves and the	eir heirs administrator	s executors successors
	erally, firmly by these presents.		apar ana sarety		,	5, 6.160 a. (615, 5 .460 6 555615
WHEREAS, the	Principal has entered into a ce	rtain written C	Contract with the	e Obligee, dated the	day of	, 20
in the County of	State of Utah Proje	et No	· ·	or the approximate sum	of	
in the County of	Principal has entered into a ce, State of Utah, Projecrein.	Ct No	10	Dollars (\$), whic	h contract is hereby
incorporated by reference he	erein.					
or Principal's Subcontractors	FORE, the condition of this obliss in compliance with the provisi contract, then, this obligation sh	ons of Title 63	, Chapter 56, of	Utah Code Annotated, l	953, as amended, and	
of the Contract or to the Wor and does hereby waive notic	to this Bond, for value received, k to be performed thereunder, o e of any such changes, extensio they shall become part of the C	r the specifications of time, alte	ions or drawings erations or addit	accompanying same sha	all in any way affect its	obligation on this Bond,
	OWEVER, that this Bond is exe					
IN WITNESS V	WHEREOF, the said Principal	and Surety hav	ve signed and se	ealed this instrument this	sday of	, 20
WITNESS OR ATTESTA	TION:			PRINCIPAL:		
WITNESS OR ATTESTA	TION:			By: Title: SURETY:		(Seal)
WITNESS OR ATTESTA	HON:			SUREIT:		
				By:		
STATE OF) ss.			Attorney-in-Fact		(Seal)
COUNTY OF						
On this	day of	, 20	_, personally a	ppeared before meose identity is personally	known to me or prove	nd to me on the basis of
authorized to execute the sa	ho, being by me duly sworn, did ame and has complied in all re acknowledged to me that as At	d say that he/sh espects with the	ne is the Attorne ne laws of Utah	y-in-fact of the above-n in reference to become	amed Surety Company	, and that he/she is duly
Subscribed and sworn to be	fore me this day of			20		
				NOTARY PUBLIC		
Agent:						o Form: May 25, 2005 Asst Attorney General
Address:					2) man o. Daemilan,	28

Phone: _





Division of Facilities Construction and Management

CHA	ANGE ORDER	. #					
	RACTOR:		PR PR CC	GENCY OR INST COJECT NAME: COJECT NUMBE ONTRACT NUMI	ER:		
ARCH	HITECT:		DA	TE:			
	CONSTRUCTION	PROPOSAL	AMC	DUNT	DA'	YS	
	CHANGE DIRECTIVE NO.	REQUEST NO.	INCREASE	DECREASE	INCREASE	DECREASE	<u>:</u>
							4
							_
							-
		<u>I</u>					
				Amount	Days	Date	_
	ORIGINAL CONTR	ACT					
	TOTAL PREVIOUS	CHANGE ORDE	ERS				
	TOTAL THIS CHAN	IGE ORDER					
	ADJUSTED CONTR	RACT					
shall o	If and Contractor agree constitute the full acco ct costs and effects rel scope of the Work and	rd and satisfactio ated to, incidenta	n, and complete	adjustment to t	he Contract and	d includes all di	rect and
Contra	actor:					Pate	
Archit	ect/Engineer:						
Agend	cy or Institution:					ate	
DFCN	1:					ate	
Fundi	ng Verification:					ate	
						oate e of	_page(s)



Division of Facilities Construction and Management

DFCM

CERTIFICATE OF SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

PROJECT		PROJE	CT NO:	
AGENCY/INSTITUTION				_
AREA ACCEPTED				
The Work performed under the subject Condefined in the General Conditions; including Documents, as modified by any change orders area of the Project for the use for which it is	g that the c sagreed to b	construction is sufficiently	completed in accord	lance with the Contract
The DFCM - (Owner) accepts the Project or specified area of				
The DFCM accepts the Project for occupancy utilities and insurance, of the Project subject				
The Owner acknowledges receipt of the followard Record Drawings O&M Mark A list of items to be completed or corrected (Presponsibility of the Contractor to complete changes thereof. The amount of	nuals Punch List) all the Wo	☐ Warranty Documents is attached hereto. The fail ork in accordance with the	Completic Requirem ure to include an iter Contract Document	n on it does not alter the as, including authorized
completion of the punch list work. The Contractor shall complete or correct thecalendar days from the above date of issist the Owner has the right to be compensated for expense of the retained project funds. If the Owner shall be promptly reimbursed for the light to the light terms of the li	uance of thi r the delays retained pro	s Certificate. If the list of it and/or complete the work v oject funds are insufficient the funds needed to compen	tems is not completed with the help of indep to cover the delay/co	d within the time allotted bendent contractor at the ompletion damages, the
CONTRACTOR (include name of firm)		(Signature)		DATE
A/E (include name of firm)	by:	(Signature)		DATE
USING INSTITUTION OR AGENCY	_ by:	(Signature)		DATE
DFCM (Owner)	by:	(Signature)		DATE
4110 State Office Building, Salt Lake City, Utelephone 801-538-3018 • facsimile 801-538		4	cc:	Parties Noted DFCM, Director

Technical Specification For

Uintah Basin Applied Technology College Addition to Metal Storage Building DFCM Project # 06039250

18 May 2006



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NOT USED NONE

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NOT USED NONE

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NOT USED NONE

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NOT USED NONE

MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

DIVISION 15

NOT USED NONE

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

DIVISION 16

NOT USED NONE

SPECIFICATION INDEX 2

Utah College of Applied Technology
Unitah Basin ATC – Metal Storage Building Expansion

SECTION 01010 - SUMMARY OF WORK

PART I - GENERAL

I.I RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division I Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 WORK COVERED BY CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

A. The Project consists of an addition to an existing metal storage building. Work includes concrete footing, foundation and flat work, prefabricated metal building and installation, insulation, gas heating unit, lighting and electrical, hollow metal doors and frames, motored operated sectional overhead doors and asphalt paving

1. Project Location: 1100 East Lagoon Street, Roosevelt, UT

2. Owner: Division of Facilities Construction & Management

B. Contract Documents were prepared for the Project by :

P+A Architects 821 East Kensington Avenue Salt Lake City, Utah 84105 Phone: 801.484.1161 Fax: 801.485.4640

E: parchitects@comcast.net

- C. The Work consists of repairing the existing edge of roof and creating a new internal roof gutter system. The project is located in Salt Lake City, Utah.
 - 1. The Work includes the removal of the existing roofing systems, roof drains, flashing systems. A new insulation and membrane roofing system shall be provided along with all necessary flashings systems.
 - A. The contractor is responsible for the complete execution of the Contract Documents as indicated and specified. He is responsible for the work performed, the acts and omissions of his sub-contractors and suppliers and of persons either directly or indirectly employed by them, as well as the work, acts and omissions of persons directly employed by him.
 - B. Provide, without additional charge, all incidental items required to complete the work even though not specifically indicated. Install all work so that its several component parts function together as a workable system, and in working order.
 - C. Conform to the highest quality standards for materials and workmanship as required to execute work indicated, specified and necessary to fully satisfy the Contract requirements for a complete, finished and acceptable installation.
 - D. The contractor is responsible to verify all field measurements of actual site conditions so that all work fits properly in the locations indicated and specified. Protect existing structures, improvements, landscaping, etc. from physical damage.
 - E. Upon completion of the project, dismantle and remove from the site all construction materials.
 - F. Any existing items which are damaged by the contractor shall be restored to their original or better condition to the satisfaction of the Owner.

SUMMARY OF WORK 01010 - 1

Utah College of Applied Technology
Unitah Basin ATC – Metal Storage Building Expansion

1.3 CONTRACTOR USE OF PREMISES

- A. General: During the construction period the Contractor shall have full use of the exterior premises for construction operations, including use of the site as noted on site plan.
- B. Use of the Site: Limit use of the premises to work in areas indicated. Confine operations to areas within contract limits indicated. Do not disturb portions of the site beyond the areas in which the Work is indicated.
 - 1. Owner Occupancy: Allow for Owner occupancy and use by the public.
 - 2. Driveways and Entrances: Keep driveways and entrances serving the premises clear and available to the Owner, the Owner's employees, and emergency vehicles at all times. Do not use these areas for parking or storage of materials. Schedule deliveries to minimize space and time requirements for storage of materials and equipment on-site.
- C. Use of the Existing Building: Maintain the existing building in a <u>weathertight</u> condition throughout the construction period. Repair damage caused by construction operations. Take all precautions necessary to protect the building and its occupants during the construction period.

1.4 OCCUPANCY REQUIREMENTS

A. Full Owner Occupancy: The Owner will occupy the site and existing building during the entire construction period. Cooperate with the Owner during construction operations to minimize conflicts and facilitate owner usage. Perform the Work so as not to interfere with the Owner's operations.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 SCHEDULE OF PRODUCTS ORDERED IN ADVANCE

END OF SECTION 01010

SUMMARY OF WORK 01010 - 2

SECTION 01020 - ALLOWANCES

PART I - GENERAL

I.I RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division I Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements governing allowances.
 - I. Selected materials and equipment are specified in the Contract Documents by allowances. In some cases, these allowances include installation. Allowances have been established in lieu of additional requirements and to defer selection of actual materials and equipment to a later date when additional information is available for evaluation. If necessary, additional requirements will be issued by Change Order.
- B. Types of allowances include the following:
 - I. Lump-sum allowances.
 - 2. Unit-cost allowances.
 - 3. Contingency allowances.
 - 4. Inspection and testing allowances.
- C. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
 - I. Division I Section "Modification Procedures" specifies procedures for submitting and handling Change Orders.
 - 2. Division I Section "Quality Control Services" specifies procedures governing the use of allowances for inspection and testing.

1.3 SELECTION AND PURCHASE

- A. At the earliest practical date after award of the Contract, advise the Architect of the date when the final selection and purchase of each product or system described by an allowance must be completed to avoid delaying the Work.
- B. At the Architect's request, obtain proposals for each allowance for use in making final selections. Include recommendations that are relevant to performing the Work.
- C. Purchase products and systems selected by the Architect from the designated supplier.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Submit proposals for purchase of products or systems included in allowances, in the form specified for Change Orders.

ALLOWANCES 01020 - 1

B. Submit invoices or delivery slips to show the actual quantities of materials delivered to the site for use in fulfillment of each allowance.

1.5 CONTINGENCY ALLOWANCES

- A. Use the contingency allowance only as directed for the Owner's purposes and only by Change Orders that indicate amounts to be charged to the allowance.
- B. The Contractor's related costs for products and equipment ordered by the Owner under the contingency allowance are not part of the Contract Sum. These costs include delivery, installation, taxes, insurance, equipment rental, and similar costs.
- C. Change Orders authorizing use of funds from the contingency allowance will include Contractor's related costs and reasonable overhead and profit margins.
- D. At Project closeout, credit unused amounts remaining in the contingency allowance to the Owner by Change Order.

1.6 INSPECTION AND TESTING ALLOWANCES

- A. Inspection and testing allowances include the cost of engaging the inspection or testing agencies, the actual inspections and tests, and reporting the results.
- B. The allowance does not include incidental labor required to assist the testing agency or costs for retesting upon failure of previous tests and inspections.
- C. Costs of services not required by the Contract Documents are not included in the allowance.
- D. At Project closeout, credit unused amounts remaining in the inspection and testing allowance to Owner by Change Order.

1.7 UNUSED MATERIALS

- A. Return unused materials to the manufacturer or supplier for credit to the Owner, after installation has been completed and accepted.
 - I. When requested by the Architect, prepare unused material for storage by Owner where it is not economically practical to return the material for credit. When directed by the Architect, deliver unused material to the Owner's storage space. Otherwise, disposal of unused material is the Contractor's responsibility.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine products covered by an allowance promptly upon delivery for damage or defects.

ALLOWANCES 01020 - 2

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Coordinate materials and their installation for each allowance with related materials and installations to ensure that each allowance item is completely integrated and interfaced with related work.

3.3 SCHEDULE OF ALLOWANCES

A. Allowance No. I: Include \$4700.00 in allowance on bid for placement of structural fill. General contractor shall also provide unit cost per yard of structural fill to be placed and compacted at job site.

END OF SECTION 01020

ALLOWANCES 01020 - 3

SECTION 01027 - APPLICATIONS FOR PAYMENT

I.I GENERAL

- A. Coordinate the Schedule of Values and Applications for Payment with the Contractor's Construction Schedule. Submittal Schedule, and List of Subcontracts.
- B. Schedule of Values: Coordinate preparation of the Schedule of Values with preparation of the Contractor's Construction Schedule.
 - I. Correlate line items in the Schedule of Values with other required administrative schedules and forms, including:
 - a. Contractor's Construction Schedule.
 - b. Application for Payment forms, including Continuation Sheets.
 - c. List of subcontractors.
 - d. List of principal suppliers, products and fabricators.
 - e. Schedule of submittals.
 - 2. Submit the Schedule of Values prior to beginning work directly after bidding.
- C. Format and Content: Use the Project Manual table of contents as a guide to establish the format for the Schedule of Values. Provide at least one line item for each Specification Section.
 - I. Include the following Project identification:
 - a. Project name and location.
 - b. Name of Architect.
 - c. Project number.
 - d. Contractor's name and address.
 - e. Date of submittal.
 - 2. Arrange the Schedule of Values in tabular form with separate columns to indicate the following for each item listed:
 - a. Related Specification Section or Division.
 - b. Description of Work.
 - c. Name of subcontractor.
 - d. Name of manufacturer or fabricator.
 - e. Name of supplier.
 - f. Change Orders (numbers) that affect value.
 - g. Dollar value.
 - h. Percentage of Contract Sum to nearest one-hundredth percent, adjusted to total 100 percent.
 - 3. Provide a breakdown of the Contract Sum in sufficient detail to facilitate evaluation of Applications for Payment. Break subcontract amounts down into several line items. Round amounts to nearest whole dollar; the total shall equal the Contract Sum.
 - 4. Provide a separate line item for each part of the Work where Applications for Payment may include materials or equipment, purchased or fabricated and stored, but not yet installed.
 - 5. Provide separate line items for initial cost of the materials, for each subsequent stage of completion, and for total installed value.

- 6. Show line items for indirect costs and margins on costs only when such items are listed individually in Applications for Payment. Each item in the Schedule of Values and Applications for Payment shall be complete. Include the total cost and proportionate share of general overhead and profit margin for each item.
 - a. Temporary facilities and items that are not direct cost of work-in-place may be shown as separate line items or distributed as general overhead expense.
- 7. Update and resubmit the Schedule of Values when Change Orders or Construction Change Directives change the Contract Sum.
- D. Applications for Payment shall be consistent with previous applications and payments as certified by the Owner and paid for by the Owner.
- E. Payment-Application Times: Payment dates are indicated in the Agreement. The period covered by each application is the period indicated in the Agreement.
- F. Payment-Application Forms: Use AIA Document G702 and Continuation Sheets G703 as the form for Applications for Payment.
- G. Application Preparation: Complete every entry, including notarization and execution by a person authorized to sign on behalf of the Contractor. The owner will return incomplete applications without action.
 - I. Entries shall match data on the Schedule of Values and the Contractor's Construction Schedule. Use updated schedules if revisions were made.
 - 2. Include amounts of Change Orders and Construction Change Directives issued prior to the last day of the construction period covered by the application.
- H. Transmittal: Submit 3 executed original copies of each Application for Payment to the owner within 24 hours. One copy shall be complete, including waivers of lien and similar attachments.
 - I. Transmit each copy with a transmittal listing attachments and recording appropriate information related to the application.
- I. Waivers of Mechanics Lien: With each Application for Payment, submit waivers of lien from every entity who may file a lien arising out of the Contract and related to the Work covered by the payment.
 - 1. Submit partial waivers on each item for the amount requested, prior to deduction for retainage, on each item.
 - 2. When an application shows completion of an item, submit final or full waivers.
 - 3. Submit each Application for Payment with Contractor's waiver of lien for the period of construction covered by the application.
 - a. Submit final Applications for Payment with final waivers from every entity involved with performance of the Work covered by the application who may file a lien.
 - 4. Waiver Forms: Submit waivers of lien on forms, and executed in a manner, acceptable to the Owner.
- J. Initial Application for Payment: Administrative actions and submittals that must precede or coincide with submittal of the first Application for Payment include the following:
 - 1. List of subcontractors.
 - 2. List of principal suppliers and fabricators.

- 3. Schedule of Values.
- 4. Contractor's Construction Schedule (preliminary if not final).
- 5. Submittal Schedule (preliminary if not final).
- 6. List of Contractor's staff assignments.
- 7. Copies of building permits.
- 8. Copies of licenses from governing authorities.
- 9. Certificates of insurance and insurance policies.
- 10. Performance and payment bonds.
- K. Application for Payment at Substantial Completion: Following issuance of the Certificate of Substantial Completion, submit an Application for Payment. This application shall reflect Certificates of Partial Substantial Completion issued previously for Owner occupancy of designated portions of the Work.
 - I. Administrative actions and submittals that shall precede or coincide with this application include the following:
 - a. Occupancy permits.
 - b. Warranties and maintenance agreements.
 - c. Test/adjust/balance records.
 - d. Maintenance instructions.
 - e. Meter readings.
 - f. Changeover information related to Owner's occupancy.
 - g. Final cleaning.
 - h. Application for reduction of retainage and consent of surety.
- L. Final Payment Application: Administrative actions and submittals that must precede or coincide with submittal of the final Application for Payment include the following:
 - 1. Completion of Project closeout requirements.
 - 2. Completion of items specified for completion after Substantial Completion.
 - 3. Transmittal of Project construction records to the Owner.
 - 4. Certified property survey.
 - 5. Proof that taxes, fees, and similar obligations were paid.
 - 6. Removal of temporary facilities and services.
 - 7. Change of door locks to Owner's access.
- 1.2 PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)
- 1.3 EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION 01027

SECTION 01030 - ALTERNATES

PART I - GENERAL

I.I RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division I Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements governing Alternates.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Definition: An alternate is an amount proposed by bidders and stated on the Bid Form for certain work defined in the Bidding Requirements that may be added to or deducted from the Base Bid amount if the Owner decides to accept a corresponding change in either the amount of construction to be completed, or in the products, materials, equipment, systems, or installation methods described in the Contract Documents.
 - 1. The cost or credit for each alternate is the net addition to or deduction from the Contract Sum to incorporate the Alternate into the Work. No other adjustments are made to the Contract Sum.

1.4 PROCEDURES

- A. Coordination: Modify or adjust affected adjacent Work as necessary to completely and fully integrate that Work into the Project.
 - I. Include as part of each alternate, miscellaneous devices, accessory objects, and similar items incidental to or required for a complete installation whether or not mentioned as part of the Alternate.
- B. Notification: Immediately following the award of the Contract, notify each party involved, in writing, of the status of each alternate. Indicate whether alternates have been accepted, rejected, or deferred for later consideration. Include a complete description of negotiated modifications to alternates.
- C. Execute accepted alternates under the same conditions as other Work of this Contract.
- D. Schedule: A "Schedule of Alternates" is included at the end of this Section. Specification Sections referenced in the Schedule contain requirements for materials necessary to achieve the Work described under each alternate.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

ALTERNATES 01030 - 1

3.1 SCHEDULE OF ALTERNATES

- A. Alternate No. 1: See drawing EP-101. The general contractor shall provide electrical as required for all exterior emergency light fixtures, interior emergency illuminated exit signage and interior battery light fixtures and electrical as needed for overhead door operators as part of their base bid. All other electrical items shall be bid as a add alternate separate bid line item. See D.F.C.M. bid form.
- B. Alternate No. 2: See drawing EP-101. Cost for all HVAC items associated with construction documents shall be provided as a separate bid line item. See D.F.C.M. bid form.

END OF SECTION 01030

ALTERNATES 01030 - 2

SECTION 01040 - COORDINATION

I.I GENERAL

- A. This Section includes requirements for coordinating construction operations including, but not necessarily limited to, the following:
 - I. Coordination drawings.
 - 2. Administrative and supervisory personnel.
 - 3. Cleaning and protection.

1.2 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate construction to assure efficient and orderly installation of each part of the Work. Coordinate operations that depend on each other for proper installation, connection, and operation.
 - I. Schedule operations in the sequence required to obtain the best results where installation of one part depends on installation of other components, before or after its own installation.
 - 2. Coordinate installation of different components to assure maximum accessibility for maintenance, service, and repair.
 - 3. Make provisions to accommodate items scheduled for later installation.
- B. Where necessary, prepare memoranda for distribution to each party involved, outlining procedures required for coordination. Include such items as required notices and reports.
 - 1. Prepare similar memoranda for the Owner and separate contractors where coordination of their work is required.
- C. Administrative Procedures: Coordinate scheduling and timing of required procedures with other activities to avoid conflicts and assure orderly progress. Such activities include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - I. Preparation of schedules.
 - 2. Delivery and processing of submittals.
 - 3. Progress meetings.
 - 4. Project closeout activities.
- D. Conservation: Coordinate construction to assure that operations are carried out with consideration for conservation of energy, water, and materials.
- E. Staff Names: Within 15 days of commencement of construction, submit a list of the Contractor's staff assignments, including the superintendent and other personnel at the Project Site. Identify individuals and their responsibilities. List their addresses and telephone numbers.
 - 1. Post copies in the Project meeting room, the temporary field office, and each temporary telephone.

1.3 PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

1.4 EXECUTION

COORDINATION 01040 - 1

- A. Inspection of Conditions: Require Installers of major components to inspect substrate and conditions under which Work is to be performed. Do not proceed until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
- B. Clean and protect construction in progress and adjoining materials, during handling and installation. Apply protective covering to assure protection from damage.
- C. Clean and maintain completed construction as necessary through the construction period. Adjust and lubricate operable components to assure operability without damaging effects.
- D. Limiting Exposures: Supervise construction to assure that no part is subject to harmful, dangerous, or damaging exposure. Such exposures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - I. Excessive static or dynamic loading.
 - 2. Excessive internal or external pressures.
 - 3. Excessively high or low temperatures.
 - 4. Water or ice.
 - 5. Solvents and chemicals.
 - 6. Abrasion.
 - 7. Soiling, staining, and corrosion.
 - 8. Combustion.

END OF SECTION 01040

COORDINATION 01040 - 2

SECTION 01045 - CUTTING AND PATCHING

I.I GENERAL

- A. Cutting and Patching Proposal: Submit a proposal describing procedures in advance of the time cutting and patching will be performed. Request approval to proceed. Include the following:
 - 1. Describe extent of cutting and patching. Show how it will be performed.
 - 2. Describe changes to existing construction. Include changes to structural elements and operating components.
 - 3. List products to be used and firms that will perform Work.
 - 4. Indicate dates when cutting and patching will be performed.
 - 5. Utilities: List utilities that will be disturbed or relocated and those that will be temporarily out-of-service. Indicate how long service will be disrupted.
 - 6. Where cutting and patching involves adding reinforcement to structural elements, submit details and engineering calculations showing integration of reinforcement with the original structure.
 - 7. Approval to proceed does not waive the owner's right to later require complete removal and replacement of unsatisfactory work.
- B. Requirements for Structural Work: Do not cut and patch structural elements in a manner that would change their load-carrying capacity or load-deflection ratio.
 - 1. Obtain approval before cutting and patching the following structural elements:
 - a. Foundation construction.
 - b. Bearing and retaining walls.
- C. Operational Limitations: Do not cut and patch operating elements in a manner that would reduce their capacity to perform as intended. Do not cut and patch operating elements in a manner that would increase maintenance or decrease operational life or safety.
- D. Visual Requirements: Do not cut and patch exposed construction in a manner that would, in the Architect's opinion, reduce the building's aesthetic qualities. Do not cut and patch in a manner that would result in visual evidence of cutting and patching. Remove and replace construction cut and patched in a visually unsatisfactory manner.

L2 PRODUCTS

A. Use materials identical to existing materials. Use materials that visually match adjacent surfaces to the fullest extent possible if identical materials are unavailable. Use materials whose performance will equal that of existing materials.

1.3 EXECUTION

- A. Examine surfaces to be cut and patched and conditions under which work is to be performed before cutting. If unsafe or unsatisfactory conditions are encountered, take corrective action.
 - 1. Before proceeding, meet with parties involved. Review areas of potential interference and conflict. Coordinate procedures and resolve potential conflicts before proceeding.
- B. Temporary Support: Provide temporary support of work to be cut.

- C. Protection: Protect existing construction to prevent damage. Provide protection from adverse weather conditions for portions that might be exposed during cutting and patching operations.
- D. Avoid interference with use of adjoining areas or interruption of free passage to adjoining areas.
- E. Avoid cutting pipe, conduit, or ductwork serving the building but scheduled to be removed or relocated until provisions have been made to bypass them.
- F. Performance: Employ skilled workmen. Proceed at the earliest feasible time and complete without delay.
 - 1. Cut construction to install other components or perform other construction and subsequent fitting and patching required to restore surfaces to their original condition.
- G. Cutting: Cut using methods that will not damage elements retained or adjoining construction. Comply with the original Installer's recommendations.
 - 1. Use hand or small power tools designed for sawing or grinding, not hammering and chopping. Cut holes and slots as small as possible, neatly to size required, and with minimum disturbance of adjacent surfaces. Temporarily cover openings when not in use.
 - 2. To avoid marring finished surfaces, cut or drill from the exposed or finished side into concealed surfaces.
 - 3. Cut through concrete and masonry using a cutting machine, such as a Carborundum saw or a diamond-core drill.
 - 4. Where services are required to be removed, relocated, or abandoned, by-pass utility services before cutting. Cut-off pipe or conduit in walls or partitions to be removed. Cap, valve, or plug and seal the remaining pipe or conduit to prevent entrance of moisture or other foreign matter after by-passing and cutting.
- H. Patching: Patch with durable seams that are as invisible as possible. Comply with specified tolerances.
 - I. Inspect and test patched areas to demonstrate integrity of the installation.
 - 2. Restore exposed finishes of patched areas and extend finish restoration into retained adjoining construction in a manner that will eliminate evidence of patching and refinishing.
 - 3. Where removing walls or partitions extends one finished area into another, patch and repair floor and wall surfaces in the new space. Provide an even surface of uniform color and appearance.
- I. Cleaning: Clean areas and spaces where cutting and patching are performed. Remove paint, mortar, oils, putty, and similar items. Clean piping, conduit, and similar features before applying paint or finishing materials. Restore damaged pipe covering to its original condition.

END OF SECTION 01045

SECTION 01400 - QUALITY CONTROL

I.I GENERAL

- A. Quality-control services include inspections, tests, and related actions, including reports performed by Contractor, by independent agencies, and by governing authorities.
- B. Contractor Responsibilities: Unless they are the responsibility of another entity, Contractor shall provide inspections and tests specified elsewhere and required by authorities having jurisdiction. Costs for these services are included in the Contract Sum.
 - I. Where inspections and tests are the Contractor's responsibility, the Contractor shall employ and pay a qualified independent testing agency to perform these services. Costs for these services are included in the Contract Sum.
- C. Retesting: The Contractor is responsible for retesting where results of inspections and tests prove unsatisfactory and indicate noncompliance with requirements.
 - I. The cost of retesting is the Contractor's responsibility where tests performed indicated noncompliance with requirements.
- D. Auxiliary Services: Cooperate with agencies performing inspections and tests. Provide auxiliary services as requested. Notify the agency in advance of operations to permit assignment of personnel. Auxiliary services include the following:
 - 1. Providing access to the Work.
 - 2. Furnishing incidental labor and facilities to assist inspections and tests.
 - 3. Taking adequate quantities of representative samples of materials that require testing or assisting the agency in taking samples.
 - 4. Providing facilities for storage and curing of test samples.
 - 5. Delivering samples to testing laboratories.
 - 6. Providing preliminary design mix proposed for use for materials mixes that require control by the testing agency.
 - 7. Providing security and protection of samples and test equipment.
- E. Duties of the Testing Agency: The testing agency shall cooperate with the owner and the Contractor in performing its duties. The agency shall provide qualified personnel to perform inspections and tests.
 - I. The agency shall notify the owner and the Contractor of irregularities or deficiencies observed in the Work during performance of its services.
 - 2. The agency shall not release, revoke, alter, or enlarge requirements or approve or accept any portion of the Work.
 - 3. The agency shall not perform duties of the Contractor.
- F. Coordination: Coordinate activities to accommodate services with a minimum of delay. Avoid removing and replacing construction to accommodate inspections and tests.
 - 1. The Contractor is responsible for scheduling inspections, tests, taking samples, and similar activities.
- G. Submittals: The testing agency shall submit a certified written report, in duplicate, of each inspection and test to the Owner. If the Contractor is responsible for the service, submit a certified written report, in duplicate, of each inspection or test through the Contractor.

QUALITY CONTROL 01400 - 1

- 1. Submit additional copies of each report to the governing authority, when the authority so directs.
- 2. Report Data: Reports of each inspection, test, or similar service include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Date of issue.
 - b. Project title and number.
 - c. Name, address, and telephone number of testing agency.
 - d. Dates and locations of samples and tests or inspections.
 - e. Names of individuals making the inspection or test.
 - f. Designation of the Work and test method.
 - g. Identification of product and Specification Section.
 - h. Complete inspection or test data.
 - i. Test results and an interpretation of test results.
 - j. Ambient conditions at the time of sample taking and testing.
 - k. Comments or professional opinion on whether inspected or tested Work complies with requirements.
 - I. Name and signature of laboratory inspector.
 - m. Recommendations on retesting.
- H. Qualifications for Service Agencies: Engage inspection and testing service agencies that are prequalified as complying with the American Council of Independent Laboratories' "Recommended Requirements for Independent Laboratory Qualification" and that specialize in the types of inspections and tests to be performed.
 - I. Each agency shall be authorized by authorities having jurisdiction to operate in the state where the Project is located.
- 1.2 PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

1.3 EXECUTION

- A. Repair and Protection: Upon completion of inspection, testing, and sample taking, repair damaged construction. Restore substrates and finishes. Comply with Division I Section "Cutting and Patching."
- B. Protect construction exposed by or for quality-control service activities, and protect repaired construction.
- C. Repair and protection are Contractor's responsibility, regardless of the assignment of responsibility for inspection and testing.

END OF SECTION 01400

QUALITY CONTROL 01400 - 2

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SECTION 0 | 500 - CONSTRUCTION FACILITIES AND TEMPORARY CONTROLS

PART I - GENERAL

I.I RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division I Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes requirements for construction facilities and temporary controls, including temporary utilities, support facilities, and security and protection.
- B. Temporary utilities include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - I. Water service and distribution.
 - 2. Temporary electric power and light.
 - 3. Temporary heat.
 - 4. Ventilation.
 - 5. Telephone service.
 - 6. Sanitary facilities, including drinking water.
 - 7. Storm and sanitary sewer.
- C. Support facilities include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Storage sheds.
 - 2. Dewatering facilities and drains.
 - 3. Temporary enclosures.
 - 4. Hoists and temporary elevator use.
 - 5. Temporary project identification signs and bulletin boards.
 - 6. Waste disposal services.
 - 7. Rodent and pest control.
 - 8. Construction aids and miscellaneous services and facilities.
- D. Security and protection facilities include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - I. Temporary fire protection.
 - 2. Barricades, warning signs, and lights.
 - 3. Sidewalk bridge or enclosure fence for the site.
 - 4. Environmental protection.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Regulations: Comply with industry standards and applicable laws and regulations of authorities having jurisdiction including, but not limited to, the following:
 - I. Building code requirements.
 - 2. Health and safety regulations.
 - 3. Utility company regulations.

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- 4. Police, fire department, and rescue squad rules.
- 5. Environmental protection regulations.
- B. Standards: Comply with NFPA 241 "Standard for Safeguarding Construction, Alterations, and Demolition Operations," ANSI A10 Series standards for "Safety Requirements for Construction and Demolition," and NECA Electrical Design Library "Temporary Electrical Facilities."
 - I. Electrical Service: Comply with NEMA, NECA, and UL standards and regulations for temporary electric service. Install service in compliance with NFPA 70 "National Electric Code."
- C. Inspections: Arrange for authorities having jurisdiction to inspect and test each temporary utility before use. Obtain required certifications and permits.

1.4 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Temporary Utilities: Prepare a schedule indicating dates for implementation and termination of each temporary utility. At the earliest feasible time, when acceptable to the Owner, change over from use of temporary service to use of permanent service.
- B. Conditions of Use: Keep temporary services and facilities clean and neat in appearance. Operate in a safe and efficient manner. Relocate temporary services and facilities as the Work progresses. Do not overload facilities or permit them to interfere with progress. Take necessary fire-prevention measures. Do not allow hazardous, dangerous, or unsanitary conditions, or public nuisances to develop or persist on-site.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. General: Provide new materials. If acceptable to the Architect, the Contractor may use undamaged, previously used materials in serviceable condition. Provide materials suitable for use intended.
- B. Lumber and Plywood: Comply with requirements in Division 6 Section "Rough Carpentry."
 - I. For job-built sheds within the construction area, provide UL-labeled, fire-treated lumber and plywood for framing, sheathing, and siding.
- C. Roofing Materials: Provide UL Class A standard-weight asphalt shingles or UL Class C mineral-surfaced roll roofing on roofs of job-built temporary sheds.
- D. Tarpaulins: Provide waterproof, fire-resistant, UL-labeled tarpaulins with flame-spread rating of 15 or less. For temporary enclosures, provide translucent, nylon-reinforced, laminated polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride, fire-retardant tarpaulins.
- E. Water: Provide potable water approved by local health authorities.

2.2 EQUIPMENT

A. General: Provide new equipment. If acceptable to the Architect, the Contractor may use undamaged, previously used equipment in serviceable condition. Provide equipment suitable for use intended.

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- B. Water Hoses: Provide 3/4-inch (19-mm), heavy-duty, abrasion-resistant, flexible rubber hoses 100 feet (30 m) long, with pressure rating greater than the maximum pressure of the water distribution system. Provide adjustable shutoff nozzles at hose discharge.
- C. Electrical Outlets: Provide properly configured, NEMA-polarized outlets to prevent insertion of 110- to 120-Volt plugs into higher voltage outlets. Provide receptacle outlets equipped with ground-fault circuit interrupters, reset button, and pilot light for connection of power tools and equipment.
- D. Electrical Power Cords: Provide grounded extension cords. Use hard-service cords where exposed to abrasion and traffic. Provide waterproof connectors to connect separate lengths of electric cords if single lengths will not reach areas where construction activities are in progress. Do not exceed safe length-voltage ratio.
- E. Lamps and Light Fixtures: Provide general service incandescent lamps of wattage required for adequate illumination. Provide guard cages or tempered-glass enclosures where exposed to breakage. Provide exterior fixtures where exposed to moisture.
- F. Heating Units: Provide temporary heating units that have been tested and labeled by UL, FM, or another recognized trade association related to the type of fuel being consumed.
- G. Temporary Toilet Units: Provide self-contained, single-occupant toilet units of the chemical, aerated recirculation, or combustion type. Provide units properly vented and fully enclosed with a glass-fiber-reinforced polyester shell or similar nonabsorbent material.
- H. Fire Extinguishers: Provide hand-carried, portable, UL-rated, Class A fire extinguishers for temporary offices and similar spaces. In other locations, provide hand-carried, portable, UL-rated, Class ABC, dry-chemical extinguishers or a combination of extinguishers of NFPA-recommended classes for the exposures.
 - I. Comply with NFPA 10 and NFPA 241 for classification, extinguishing agent, and size required by location and class of fire exposure.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Use qualified personnel for installation of temporary facilities. Locate facilities where they will serve the Project adequately and result in minimum interference with performance of the Work. Relocate and modify facilities as required.
- B. Provide each facility ready for use when needed to avoid delay. Maintain and modify as required. Do not remove until facilities are no longer needed or are replaced by authorized use of completed permanent facilities.

3.2 TEMPORARY UTILITY INSTALLATION

- A. General: Engage the appropriate local utility company to install temporary service or connect to existing service. Where company provides only part of the service, provide the remainder with matching, compatible materials and equipment. Comply with company recommendations.
 - I. Arrange with company and existing users for a time when service can be interrupted, if necessary, to make connections for temporary services.

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- 2. Provide adequate capacity at each stage of construction. Prior to temporary utility availability, provide trucked-in services.
- 3. Obtain easements to bring temporary utilities to the site where the Owner's easements cannot be used for that purpose.
- 4. Use Charges: Cost or use charges for temporary facilities are not chargeable to the Owner or Architect. Neither the Owner nor Architect will accept cost or use charges as a basis of claims for Change Orders.
- B. Temporary Electric Power Service: Provide weatherproof, grounded electric power service and distribution system of sufficient size, capacity, and power characteristics during construction period. Include meters, transformers, overload-protected disconnects, automatic ground-fault interrupters, and main distribution switch gear.
 - I. Install electric power service underground, except where overhead service must be used.
 - 2. Power Distribution System: Install wiring overhead and rise vertically where least exposed to damage. Where permitted, wiring circuits not exceeding 125 Volts, ac 20 Ampere rating, and lighting circuits may be nonmetallic sheathed cable where overhead and exposed for surveillance.
- C. Temporary Lighting: When overhead floor or roof deck has been installed, provide temporary lighting with local switching.
 - I. Install and operate temporary lighting that will fulfill security and protection requirements without operating the entire system. Provide temporary lighting that will provide adequate illumination for construction operations and traffic conditions.
- D. Temporary Heat: Provide temporary heat required by construction activities for curing or drying of completed installations or for protection of installed construction from adverse effects of low temperatures or high humidity. Select safe equipment that will not have a harmful effect on completed installations or elements being installed. Coordinate ventilation requirements to produce the ambient condition required and minimize consumption of energy.
- E. Heating Facilities: Except where the Owner authorizes use of the permanent system, provide vented, self-contained, LP-gas or fuel-oil heaters with individual space thermostatic control.
 - 1. Use of gasoline-burning space heaters, open flame, or salamander heating units is prohibited.
- F. Temporary Telephones: Provide temporary telephone service throughout the construction period for all personnel engaged in construction activities. Install telephone on a separate line for each temporary office and first-aid station.
- G. Sanitary facilities include temporary toilets, wash facilities, and drinking-water fixtures. Comply with regulations and health codes for the type, number, location, operation, and maintenance of fixtures and facilities. Install where facilities will best serve the Project's needs.
 - I. Provide toilet tissue, paper towels, paper cups, and similar disposable materials for each facility. Provide covered waste containers for used material.
- H. Toilets: Install self-contained toilet units. Shield toilets to ensure privacy. Use of pit-type privies will not be permitted.
- I. Wash Facilities: Install wash facilities supplied with potable water at convenient locations for personnel involved in handling materials that require wash-up for a healthy and sanitary condition. Dispose of drainage properly. Supply cleaning compounds appropriate for each condition.

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- J. Drinking-Water Facilities: Provide containerized, tap-dispenser, bottled-water drinking-water units, including paper supply.
- K. Provide earthen embankments and similar barriers in and around excavations and subgrade construction, sufficient to prevent flooding by runoff of storm water from heavy rains.

3.3 SUPPORT FACILITIES INSTALLATION

- A. Locate field offices, storage sheds, and other temporary construction and support facilities for easy access.
 - I. Maintain support facilities until near Substantial Completion. Remove prior to Substantial Completion. Personnel remaining after Substantial Completion will be permitted to use permanent facilities, under conditions acceptable to the Owner.
- B. Provide incombustible construction for offices, shops, and sheds located within the construction area or within 30 feet (9 m) of building lines. Comply with requirements of NFPA 241.
 - 1. Field Offices: General contractor to determine if required
- C. Storage and Fabrication Sheds: Install storage and fabrication sheds sized, furnished, and equipped to accommodate materials and equipment involved, including temporary utility service. Sheds may be open shelters or fully enclosed spaces within the building or elsewhere on-site.
- D. Dewatering Facilities and Drains: For temporary drainage and dewatering facilities and operations not directly associated with construction activities included under individual Sections, comply with dewatering requirements of applicable Division 2 Sections. Where feasible, utilize the same facilities. Maintain the site, excavations, and construction free of water.
- E. Temporary Enclosures: Provide temporary enclosures for protection of construction, in progress and completed, from exposure, foul weather, other construction operations, and similar activities.
 - I. Where heat is needed and the permanent building enclosure is not complete, provide temporary enclosures where there is no other provision for containment of heat. Coordinate enclosure with ventilating and material drying or curing requirements to avoid dangerous conditions and effects.
 - 2. Install tarpaulins securely, with incombustible wood framing and other materials. Close openings of 25 sq. ft. (2.3 sq. m) or less with plywood or similar materials.
 - 3. Where temporary wood or plywood enclosure exceeds 100 sq. ft. (9.2 sq. m) in area, use ULlabeled, fire-retardant-treated material for framing and main sheathing.
- F. Temporary Lifts and Hoists: Provide facilities for hoisting materials and employees. Truck cranes and similar devices used for hoisting materials are considered "tools and equipment" and not temporary facilities.
- G. Temporary Exterior Lighting: Install exterior yard and sign lights so signs are visible when Work is being performed.
- H. Collection and Disposal of Waste: Collect waste from construction areas and elsewhere daily. Comply with requirements of NFPA 241 for removal of combustible waste material and debris. Enforce requirements strictly. Do not hold materials more than 7 days during normal weather or 3 days when the temperature is expected to rise above 80 deg F (27 deg C). Handle hazardous, dangerous, or unsanitary waste materials separately from other waste by containerizing properly. Dispose of material lawfully.

3.4 SECURITY AND PROTECTION FACILITIES INSTALLATION

- A. Except for use of permanent fire protection as soon as available, do not change over from use of temporary security and protection facilities to permanent facilities until Substantial Completion, or longer, as requested by the Architect.
- B. Temporary Fire Protection: Until fire-protection needs are supplied by permanent facilities, install and maintain temporary fire-protection facilities of the types needed to protect against reasonably predictable and controllable fire losses. Comply with NFPA 10 "Standard for Portable Fire Extinguishers" and NFPA 241 "Standard for Safeguarding Construction, Alterations, and Demolition Operations."
 - 1. Locate fire extinguishers where convenient and effective for their intended purpose.
 - 2. Maintain unobstructed access to fire extinguishers, fire hydrants, temporary fire-protection facilities, stairways, and other access routes for fighting fires. Prohibit smoking in hazardous fire-exposure areas.
 - 3. Provide supervision of welding operations, combustion-type temporary heating units, and similar sources of fire ignition.
- C. Barricades, Warning Signs, and Lights: Comply with standards and code requirements for erection of structurally adequate barricades. Paint with appropriate colors, graphics, and warning signs to inform personnel and the public of the hazard being protected against. Where appropriate and needed, provide lighting, including flashing red or amber lights.
- D. Security Enclosure and Lockup: Install substantial temporary enclosure of partially completed areas of construction. Provide locking entrances to prevent unauthorized entrance, vandalism, theft, and similar violations of security.
 - I. Storage: Where materials and equipment must be stored, and are of value or attractive for theft, provide a secure lockup. Enforce discipline in connection with the installation and release of material to minimize the opportunity for theft and vandalism.
- E. Environmental Protection: Provide protection, operate temporary facilities, and conduct construction in ways and by methods that comply with environmental regulations, and minimize the possibility that air, waterways, and subsoil might be contaminated or polluted or that other undesirable effects might result. Avoid use of tools and equipment that produce harmful noise. Restrict use of noise-making tools and equipment to hours that will minimize complaints from persons or firms near the site.

3.5 OPERATION, TERMINATION, AND REMOVAL

- A. Supervision: Enforce strict discipline in use of temporary facilities. Limit availability of temporary facilities to essential and intended uses to minimize waste and abuse.
- B. Maintenance: Maintain facilities in good operating condition until removal. Protect from damage by freezing temperatures and similar elements.
 - 1. Maintain operation of temporary enclosures, heating, cooling, humidity control, ventilation, and similar facilities on a 24-hour basis where required to achieve indicated results and to avoid possibility of damage.
 - 2. Protection: Prevent water-filled piping from freezing. Maintain markers for underground lines. Protect from damage during excavation operations.
- C. Termination and Removal: Unless the Architect requests that it be maintained longer, remove each temporary facility when the need has ended, when replaced by authorized use of a permanent facility, or no later than Substantial Completion. Complete or, if necessary, restore permanent construction that may

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have been delayed because of interference with the temporary facility. Repair damaged Work, clean exposed surfaces, and replace construction that cannot be satisfactorily repaired.

- I. Materials and facilities that constitute temporary facilities are the Contractor's property. The Owner reserves the right to take possession of project identification signs.
- 2. Remove temporary paving not intended for or acceptable for integration into permanent paving. Where the area is intended for landscape development, remove soil and aggregate fill that do not comply with requirements for fill or subsoil in the area. Remove materials contaminated with road oil, asphalt and other petrochemical compounds, and other substances that might impair growth of plant materials or lawns. Repair or replace street paving, curbs, and sidewalks at the temporary entrances, as required by the governing authority.
- 3. At Substantial Completion, clean and renovate permanent facilities used during the construction period including, but not limited to, the following:
 - a. Replace significantly worn parts and parts subject to unusual operating conditions.
 - b. Replace lamps burned out or noticeably dimmed by hours of use.

END OF SECTION 01500

SECTION 01700 - CONTRACT CLOSEOUT

I.I GENERAL

- A. Closeout requirements for specific construction activities are included in the appropriate Sections in Divisions 2 through 16.
- B. Substantial Completion: Before requesting inspection for certification of Substantial Completion, complete the following:
 - I. In the Application for Payment that coincides with, or first follows, the date Substantial Completion is claimed, show 100 percent completion for the Work claimed as substantially complete.
 - a. Include supporting documentation for completion and an accounting of changes to the Contract Sum.
 - 2. Advise the Owner of pending insurance changeover requirements.
 - 3. Submit specific warranties, workmanship bonds, maintenance agreements, final certifications, and similar documents.
 - 4. Submit record drawings, maintenance manuals, final project photographs, damage or settlement surveys, property surveys, and similar final record information.
 - 5. Deliver tools, spare parts, extra stock, and similar items.
 - 6. Changeover locks and transmit keys to the Owner.
 - 7. Complete startup testing of systems and instruction of operation and maintenance personnel. Remove temporary facilities, mockups, construction tools, and similar elements.
 - 8. Complete final cleanup requirements, including touchup painting.
 - 9. Touch up and repair and restore marred, exposed finishes.
- C. Inspection Procedures: On receipt of a request for inspection, the Architect will proceed or advise the Contractor of unfilled requirements. The Architect will prepare the Certificate of Substantial Completion following inspection or advise the Contractor of construction that must be completed or corrected before the certificate will be issued.
 - 1. The Architect will repeat inspection when requested and assured that the Work is substantially complete.
 - 2. Results of the completed inspection will form the basis of requirements for final acceptance.
- D. Final Acceptance: Before requesting inspection for certification of final acceptance and final payment, complete the following:
 - I. Final payment request with releases and supporting documentation. Include insurance certificates where required.
 - 2. Submit a statement, accounting for changes to the Contract Sum.
 - 3. Submit a copy of the final inspection list stating that each item has been completed or otherwise resolved for acceptance.
 - 4. Submit final meter readings for utilities, a record of stored fuel, and similar data as of the date of Substantial Completion.
 - 5. Submit consent of surety to final payment.
 - 6. Submit a final settlement statement.
 - 7. Submit evidence of continuing insurance coverage complying with insurance requirements.
- E. Reinspection Procedure: The owner will reinspect the Work upon receipt of notice that the Work has been completed, except for items whose completion is delayed under circumstances acceptable to the owner.

- I. Upon completion of reinspection, the owner will prepare a certificate of final acceptance. If the Work is incomplete, the owner will advise the Contractor of Work that is incomplete or obligations that have not been fulfilled but are required.
- 2. If necessary, reinspection will be repeated.
- F. Record Document Submittals: Do not use record documents for construction. Protect from loss in a secure location. Provide access to record documents for the owners's reference.
- G. Record Drawings: Maintain a set of prints of Contract Drawings and Shop Drawings. Mark the set to show the actual installation where the installation varies substantially from the Work as originally shown. Mark the drawing most capable of showing conditions fully and accurately. Give attention to concealed elements.
 - 1. Mark sets with red pencil. Use other colors to distinguish between variations in separate categories of the Work.
 - 2. Organize record drawing sheets into manageable sets. Bind with durable-paper cover sheets; print titles, dates, and other identification on the cover of each set.
- H. Record Specifications: Maintain one copy of the Project Manual, including addenda. Mark to show variations in Work performed in comparison with the text of the Specifications and modifications. Give attention to substitutions and selection of options and information on concealed construction. Note related record drawing information and Product Data.
 - 1. Upon completion of the Work, submit record Specifications to the owner for their records.
- I. Maintenance Manuals: Organize operation and maintenance data into sets of manageable size. Bind in individual, heavy-duty, 2-inch (51-mm), 3-ring, binders, with pocket folders for folded sheet information. Mark identification on front and spine of each binder. Include the following information:
 - I. Emergency instructions.
 - 2. Spare parts list.
 - 3. Copies of warranties.
 - 4. Wiring diagrams.
 - 5. Shop Drawings and Product Data.

1.2 PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

1.3 EXECUTION

- A. Operation and Maintenance Instructions: Arrange for each Installer of equipment that requires maintenance to provide instruction in proper operation and maintenance. Include a detailed review of the following items:
 - I. Maintenance manuals.
 - 2. Spare parts, tools, and materials.
 - 3. Lubricants and fuels.
 - 4. Identification systems.
 - 5. Control sequences.
 - 6. Hazards.
 - 7. Warranties and bonds.
 - 8. Maintenance agreements and similar continuing commitments.
- B. As part of instruction for operating equipment, demonstrate the following:
 - I. Startup and shutdown.

- 2. Emergency operations and safety procedures.
- 3. Noise and vibration adjustments.
- C. Final Cleaning: Employ experienced cleaners for final cleaning. Clean each surface or unit to the condition expected in a normal, commercial building cleaning and maintenance program. Complete the following operations before requesting inspection for certification of Substantial Completion.
 - I. Remove labels that are not permanent labels.
 - 2. Clean exposed finishes to a dust-free condition, free of stains, films, and foreign substances. Leave concrete floors broom clean.
 - 3. Wipe surfaces of mechanical and electrical equipment. Remove excess lubrication. Clean light fixtures and lamps.
 - 4. Clean the site of rubbish, litter, and foreign substances. Sweep paved areas; remove stains, spills, and foreign deposits. Rake grounds to a smooth, even-textured surface.
- D. Removal of Protection: Remove temporary protection and facilities.
- E. Compliance: Comply with regulations of authorities having jurisdiction and safety standards for cleaning. Remove waste materials and dispose of lawfully.

END OF SECTION 01700

SECTION 01740 - WARRANTIES

I.I GENERAL

- A. Standard product warranties are preprinted written warranties published by individual manufacturers for particular products and are specifically endorsed by the manufacturer to the Owner.
- B. Special warranties are written warranties required by or incorporated in the Contract Documents, either to extend time limits provided by standard warranties or to provide greater rights for the Owner.
- C. Disclaimers and Limitations: Manufacturer's disclaimers and limitations on product warranties do not relieve the Contractor of the warranty on the Work that incorporates the products. Manufacturer's disclaimers and limitations on product warranties do not relieve suppliers, manufacturers, and subcontractors required to countersign special warranties with the Contractor.
- D. Related Damages and Losses: When correcting failed or damaged warranted construction, remove and replace construction that has been damaged as a result of such failure or must be removed and replaced to provide access for correction of warranted construction.
- E. Reinstatement of Warranty: When Work covered by a warranty has failed and been corrected by replacement or rebuilding, reinstate the warranty by written endorsement. The reinstated warranty shall be equal to the original warranty with an equitable adjustment for depreciation.
- F. Replacement Cost: Upon determination that Work covered by a warranty has failed, replace or rebuild the Work to an acceptable condition complying with requirements of the Contract Documents. The Contractor is responsible for the cost of replacing or rebuilding defective Work regardless of whether the Owner has benefited from use of the Work through a portion of its anticipated useful service life.
- G. Owner's Recourse: Expressed warranties made to the Owner are in addition to implied warranties and shall not limit the duties, obligations, rights, and remedies otherwise available under the law. Expressed warranty periods shall not be interpreted as limitations on the time in which the Owner can enforce such other duties, obligations, rights, or remedies.
 - I. Rejection of Warranties: The Owner reserves the right to reject warranties and to limit selection to products with warranties not in conflict with requirements of the Contract Documents.
 - 2. Where the Contract Documents require a special warranty, or similar commitment, the Owner reserves the right to refuse to accept the Work, until the Contractor presents evidence that entities required to countersign such commitments are willing to do so.
- H. Submit written warranties to the Architect prior to the date certified for Substantial Completion. If the Owner's Certificate of Substantial Completion designates a commencement date for warranties other than the date of Substantial Completion, submit written warranties upon request of the Owner's.
- I. When the Contract Documents require the Contractor, or the Contractor and a subcontractor, supplier or manufacturer to execute a special warranty, prepare a written document that contains appropriate terms and identification, ready for execution by the required parties. Submit a draft to the Owner for approval prior to final execution.
 - 1. Refer to Divisions 2 through 16 Sections for specific content requirements and particular requirements for submitting special warranties.

WARRANTIES 01740 - 1

- J. Bind warranties and bonds in heavy-duty, commercial-quality, durable 3-ring, vinyl-covered loose-leaf binders, thickness as necessary to accommodate contents, and sized to receive 8-1/2-by-11-inch (115-by-280-mm) paper.
 - I. Provide heavy paper dividers with celluloid covered tabs for each separate warranty. Mark the tab to identify the product or installation. Provide a typed description of the product or installation, including the name of the product, and the name, address, and telephone number of the Installer.
 - 2. Identify each binder on the front and spine with the typed or printed title "WARRANTIES," Project title or name, and name of the Contractor.
 - 3. When warranted construction requires operation and maintenance manuals, provide additional copies of each required warranty, as necessary, for inclusion in each required manual.
- I.2 PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

1.3 EXECUTION

A. Schedule: Provide warranties on products and installations as specified in the following Sections:

END OF SECTION 01740

WARRANTIES 01740 - 2

SECTION 02230 - SITE CLEARING

PART I - GENERAL

I.I RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division I Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - I. Clearing and grubbing.
 - 2. Topsoil stripping.
 - 3. Removing above-grade site improvements.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - I. Division I Section "Construction Facilities and Temporary Controls" for temporary utilities, temporary construction and support facilities, temporary security and protection facilities, and environmental protection measures during site operations.
 - 2. Division 2 Section "Selective Demolition" for partial demolition of buildings or structures undergoing alterations.
 - 3. Division 2 Section "Earthwork" for soil materials, excavating, backfilling, and site grading.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Topsoil: Natural or cultivated surface-soil layer containing organic matter and sand, silt, and clay particles; friable, pervious, and black or a darker shade of brown, gray, or red than underlying subsoil; reasonably free of subsoil, clay lumps, gravel, and other objects more than 2 inches (50 mm) in diameter; and free of weeds, roots, and other deleterious materials.

1,4 MATERIALS OWNERSHIP

A. Except for materials indicated to be stockpiled or to remain Owner's property, cleared materials shall become Contractor's property and shall be removed from the site.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Photographs or videotape, sufficiently detailed, of existing conditions of trees and plantings, adjoining construction, and site improvements that might be misconstrued as damage caused by site clearing.
- B. Record drawings according to Division I Section "Contract Closeout."
 - I. Identify and accurately locate capped utilities and other subsurface structural, electrical, and mechanical conditions.

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1.6 OUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division I Section "Project Meetings."

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Traffic: Minimize interference with adjoining roads, streets, walks, and other adjacent occupied or used facilities during site-clearing operations.
 - I. Do not close or obstruct streets, walks, or other adjacent occupied or used facilities without permission from Owner and authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 2. Provide alternate routes around closed or obstructed traffic ways if required by authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Salvable Improvements: Carefully remove items indicated to be salvaged and store on Owner's premises where indicated.
- C. Notify utility locator service for area where Project is located before site clearing.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

2.1 SOIL MATERIALS

- A. Satisfactory Soil Materials: Requirements for satisfactory soil materials are specified in Division 2 Section "Earthwork."
 - 1. Obtain approved borrow soil materials off-site when satisfactory soil materials are not available on-site.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Protect and maintain benchmarks and survey control points from disturbance during construction.
- B. Provide erosion-control measures to prevent soil erosion and discharge of soil-bearing water runoff or airborne dust to adjacent properties and walkways.
- C. Protect existing structures to remain from damage during construction.
 - 1. Restore damaged improvements to their original condition, as acceptable to Owner.

3.2 UTILITIES

- A. Owner will arrange for disconnecting and sealing indicated utilities that serve existing structures before site clearing when requested by Contractor.
 - 1. Verify that utilities have been disconnected and capped before proceeding with site clearing.

SITE CLEARING 02230 - 2

- B. Locate, identify, disconnect, and seal or cap off utilities indicated to be removed.
 - 1. Owner will arrange to shut off indicated utilities when requested by Contractor.
 - 2. The General Contractor shall arrange to shut off indicated utilities with utility companies.
- C. Existing Utilities: Do not interrupt utilities serving facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary utility services according to requirements indicated:
 - 1. Notify Architect not less than two days in advance of proposed utility interruptions.
 - 2. Do not proceed with utility interruptions without Architect's written permission.

3.3 SITE IMPROVEMENTS

- A. Remove existing above- and below-grade improvements as indicated and as necessary to facilitate new construction.
- B. Remove slabs, paving, curbs, gutters, and aggregate base as indicated.
 - I. Unless existing full-depth joints coincide with line of demolition, neatly saw-cut length of existing pavement to remain before removing existing pavement. Saw-cut faces vertically.

3.4 DISPOSAL

A. Disposal: Remove surplus soil material, unsuitable topsoil, obstructions, demolished materials, and waste materials, including trash and debris, and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.

END OF SECTION 02230

SITE CLEARING 02230 - 3

SECTION 02300 - EARTHWORK

I.I GENERAL

- A. Definitions in this Section include the following:
 - I. Backfill: Soil materials used to fill an excavation.
 - 2. Base Course: Layer placed between the subbase course and asphalt paving.
 - 3. Bedding Course: Layer placed over the excavated subgrade in a trench before laying pipe.
 - 4. Borrow: Satisfactory soil imported from off-site for use as fill or backfill.
 - 5. Excavation: Removal of material encountered above subgrade elevations.
 - a. Additional Excavation: Excavation below subgrade elevations as directed by Architect. Additional excavation and replacement material will be paid for according to Contract provisions for changes in the Work.
 - b. Unauthorized Excavation: Excavation below subgrade elevations or beyond indicated dimensions without direction by Architect. Unauthorized excavation, as well as remedial work directed by Architect, shall be without additional compensation.
 - 6. Fill: Soil materials used to raise existing grades.
 - 7. Structures: Buildings, footings, foundations, retaining walls, slabs, tanks, curbs, mechanical and electrical appurtenances, or other man-made stationary features constructed above or below the ground surface.
 - 8. Subbase Course: Layer placed between the subgrade and base course for asphalt paving, or layer placed between the subgrade and a concrete pavement or walk.
 - 9. Subgrade: Surface or elevation remaining after completing excavation, or top surface of a fill or backfill immediately below subbase, drainage fill, or topsoil materials.
 - 10. Utilities include on-site underground pipes, conduits, ducts, and cables, as well as underground services within buildings.
- B. Existing Utilities: Do not interrupt utilities serving facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted in writing by Architect and then only after arranging to provide temporary utility services according to requirements indicated.

1.2 PRODUCTS

- A. Soil Materials: Provide borrow soil materials when sufficient satisfactory soil materials are not available from excavations.
- B. Satisfactory Soils: ASTM D 2487 soil classification groups GW, GP, GM, SW, SP, and SM, or a combination of these group symbols; free of rock or gravel larger than 3 inches (75 mm) in any dimension, debris, waste, frozen materials, vegetation, and other deleterious matter.
- C. Unsatisfactory Soils: ASTM D 2487 soil classification groups GC, SC, ML, MH, CL, CH, OL, OH, and PT, or a combination of these group symbols.
- D. Backfill and Fill: Satisfactory soil materials.
- E. Subbase Material: Naturally or artificially graded mixture of natural or crushed gravel, crushed stone, and natural or crushed sand; ASTM D 2940; with at least 90 percent passing a I-I/2-inch (38-mm) sieve and not more than I2 percent passing a No. 200 (0.075-mm) sieve.

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- F. Bedding: Naturally or artificially graded mixture of natural or crushed gravel, crushed stone, and natural or crushed sand; ASTM D 2940; except with 100 percent passing a I-inch (25-mm) sieve and not more than 8 percent passing a No. 200 (0.075-mm) sieve.
- G. Detectable Warning Tape: Polyethylene film warning tape encasing a metallic core, minimum 6 inches (150 mm) wide and 4 mils (0.1 mm) thick, continuously inscribed with a description of the utility.

1.3 EXECUTION

- A. Preparation: Protect structures, utilities, sidewalks, pavements, and other facilities from damage caused by settlement, lateral movement, undermining, washout, and other hazards created by earthwork operations.
- B. Provide erosion- and sedimentation-control measures.
- C. Prevent surface water and ground water from entering excavations, from ponding on prepared subgrades, and from flooding Project site and surrounding area.
- D. Protect subgrades from softening, undermining, washout, and damage by rain or water accumulation.
- E. Excavate to subgrade elevations regardless of the character of surface and subsurface conditions encountered, including rock, soil materials, and obstructions.
 - I. If excavated materials intended for fill and backfill include unsatisfactory soil materials and rock, replace with satisfactory soil materials.
- F. Excavate for structures, pavements, and walks to indicated elevations and dimensions. Extend excavations for placing and removing concrete formwork, for installing services and other construction, and for inspections. Trim bottoms to required lines and grades to leave solid base to receive other work.
- G. Proof roll subgrades, before filling or placing aggregate courses, with heavy pneumatic-tired equipment to identify soft pockets and areas of excess yielding. Do not proof roll wet or saturated subgrades.
- H. Reconstruct subgrades damaged by freezing temperatures, frost, rain, accumulated water, or construction activities.
- I. Fill unauthorized excavation under foundations or wall footings by extending bottom elevation of concrete foundation or footing to excavation bottom, without altering top elevation. Lean concrete fill may be used when approved by Architect.
 - 1. Fill unauthorized excavations under other construction or utility pipe as directed by Architect.
- J. Stockpile borrow materials and satisfactory soil materials, without intermixing, in shaped, graded, drained, and covered stockpiles. Stockpile soil materials away from edge of excavations.
- K. Fill: Place and compact fill material in layers to required elevations.
- L. Uniformly moisten or aerate subgrade and each subsequent fill or backfill layer before compaction to within 2 percent of optimum moisture content.
 - 1. Remove and replace, or scarify and air-dry, otherwise satisfactory soil material that exceeds optimum moisture content by 2 percent and is too wet to compact to specified dry unit weight.

EARTHWORK 02300 - 2

- M. Compaction: Place backfill and fill materials in layers not more than 8 inches (200 mm) in loose depth for material compacted by heavy compaction equipment, and not more than 4 inches (100 mm) in loose depth for material compacted by hand-operated tampers.
- N. Compact soil to not less than the following percentages of maximum dry unit weight according to ASTM D 1557:
 - 1. Under structures, building slabs, steps, and pavements, scarify and recompact top 12 inches (300 mm) of existing subgrade and each layer of backfill or fill material at 95 percent.
 - 2. Under walkways, scarify and recompact top 6 inches (150 mm) below subgrade and compact each layer of backfill or fill material at 92 percent.
- O. Grading: Uniformly grade areas to a smooth surface, free from irregular surface changes. Comply with compaction requirements and grade to cross sections, lines, and elevations indicated. Grade pavements and areas within building lines to plus or minus 1/2 inch (13 mm).
- P. Subbase and Base Courses: Under pavements and walks, place subbase course on prepared subgrade. Place base course material over subbase. Compact to required grades, lines, cross sections, and thickness to not less than 95 percent of maximum dry unit weight according to ASTM D 1557.
- Q. Under slabs-on-grade, place drainage course on prepared subgrade. Compact to required cross sections and thickness to not less than 95 percent of maximum dry unit weight according to ASTM D 698.
- R. Testing Agency: The General Contractor will engage a qualified independent geotechnical engineering testing agency to perform field quality-control testing.
 - I. Allow testing agency to inspect and test subgrades and each fill or backfill layer. Proceed with subsequent earthwork only after test results for previously completed work comply with requirements.
 - 2. When testing agency reports that subgrades, fills, or backfills have not achieved degree of compaction specified, scarify and moisten or aerate, or remove and replace soil to depth required; recompact and retest until specified compaction is obtained.
- S. Repair and reestablish grades to specified tolerances where completed or partially completed surfaces become eroded, rutted, settled, or where they lose compaction.
- T. Where settling occurs before Project correction period elapses, remove finished surfacing, backfill with additional soil material, compact, and reconstruct surfacing.
- U. Disposal: Remove surplus satisfactory soil and waste material, including unsatisfactory soil, trash, and debris, and legally dispose of it off Owner's property.

END OF SECTION 02300

EARTHWORK 02300 - 3

SECTION 02511 - HOT-MIX ASPHALT PAVING

PART I - GENERAL

I.I RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division I Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - I. Hot-mix asphalt paving.
 - 2. Hot-mix asphalt patching.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 2 Section "Earthwork" for aggregate subbase and base courses and aggregate pavement shoulders.

1.3 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Provide hot-mix asphalt pavement according to the materials, workmanship, and other applicable requirements of the standard specifications of the state or of authorities having jurisdiction.
 - I. Standard Specification: As indicated.
 - 2. Measurement and payment provisions and safety program submittals included in standard specifications do not apply to this Section.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each product specified. Include technical data and tested physical and performance properties.
- B. Job-Mix Designs: Certification, by authorities having jurisdiction, of approval of each job mix proposed for the Work.
- C. Job-Mix Designs: For each job mix proposed for the Work.
- D. Qualification Data: For firms and persons specified in the "Quality Assurance" Article to demonstrate their capabilities and experience. Include lists of completed projects with project names and addresses, names and addresses of architects and owners, and other information specified.
- E. Material Test Reports: Indicate and interpret test results for compliance of materials with requirements indicated.

F. Material Certificates: Certificates signed by manufacturers certifying that each material complies with requirements.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Engage an experienced installer who has completed hot-mix asphalt paving similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project and with a record of successful in-service performance.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Engage a firm experienced in manufacturing hot-mix asphalt similar to that indicated for this Project and with a record of successful in-service performance.
 - I. Firm shall be a registered and approved paving mix manufacturer with authorities having jurisdiction or with the DOT of the state in which Project is located.
- C. Testing Agency Qualifications: Demonstrate to Architect's satisfaction, based on Architect's evaluation of criteria conforming to ASTM D 3666, that the independent testing agency has the experience and capability to satisfactorily conduct the testing indicated without delaying the Work.
- D. Regulatory Requirements: Conform to applicable standards of authorities having jurisdiction for asphalt paving work on public property.
- E. Asphalt-Paving Publication: Comply with Al's "The Asphalt Handbook," except where more stringent requirements are indicated.
- F. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements of Division I Section "Project Meetings" Review methods and procedures related to asphalt paving including, but not limited to, the following:
 - I. Review proposed sources of paving materials, including capabilities and location of plant that will manufacture hot-mix asphalt.
 - 2. Review condition of substrate and preparatory work performed by other trades.
 - 3. Review requirements for protecting paving work, including restriction of traffic during installation period and for remainder of construction period.
 - 4. Review and finalize construction schedule for paving and related work. Verify availability of materials, paving Installer's personnel, and equipment required to execute the Work without delays.
 - 5. Review inspection and testing requirements, governing regulations, and proposed installation procedures.
 - 6. Review forecasted weather conditions and procedures for coping with unfavorable conditions.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Do not apply asphalt materials if substrate is wet or excessively damp or if the following conditions are not met:
- 1. Prime and Tack Coats: Minimum surface temperature of 60 deg F (15.5 deg C).
- 2. Slurry Coat: Comply with weather limitations of ASTM D 3910.
- 3. Asphalt Base Course: Minimum surface temperature of 40 deg F (4 deg C) and rising at time of placement.
- 4. Asphalt Surface Course: Minimum surface temperature of 60 deg F (15.5 deg C) at time of placement.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

PART 3 - AGGREGATES

- A. General: Use materials and gradations that have performed satisfactorily in previous installations.
- B. I" Gradation Table

Ideal Grada	tion Ideal G	radation
Sieve Size	Percent Passing	Tolerance (Percent)
["	100	+/- 6
<u>½"</u>	85	+/- 6
No. 4	55	+/- 6
No.16	31	+/- 4
No. 50	19	+/- 4
No. 200	9	+/-2

- C. Coarse Aggregate: Sound; angular crushed stone; crushed gravel; or properly cured, crushed blast-furnace slag; complying with ASTM D 692.
- D. Fine Aggregate: Sharp-edged natural sand or sand prepared from stone; gravel, properly cured blast-furnace slag, or combinations thereof; complying with ASTM D 1073.
 - 1. For hot-mix asphalt, limit natural sand to a maximum of 20 percent by weight of the total aggregate mass.
- E. Mineral Filler: Rock or slag dust, hydraulic cement, or other inert material complying with ASTM D 242.

3.2 ASPHALT MATERIALS

- A. Asphalt Cement: ASTM D 3381 for viscosity-graded material; ASTM D 946 for penetration-graded material.
- B. Asphalt Cement: ASTM D 3381 for viscosity-graded material.
- C. Undersealing Asphalt: ASTM D 3141, pumping consistency.
- D. Prime Coat: ASTM D 2027; medium-curing cutback asphalt; MC-30, MC-70, or MC-250.
- E. Prime Coat: Asphalt emulsion prime conforming to state DOT requirements.
- F. Prime Coat: ASTM D 977, emulsified asphalt or ASTM D 2397, cationic emulsified asphalt, slow setting, factory diluted in water, of suitable grade and consistency for application.
- G. Tack Coat: ASTM D 977, emulsified asphalt or ASTM D 2397, cationic emulsified asphalt, slow setting, factory diluted in water, of suitable grade and consistency for application.

- H. Fog Seal: ASTM D 977, emulsified asphalt or ASTM D 2397, cationic emulsified asphalt, slow setting, factory diluted in water, of suitable grade and consistency for application.
- I. Water: Potable.

3.3 AUXILIARY MATERIALS

- A. Herbicide: Commercial chemical for weed control, registered by Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). Provide granular, liquid, or wettable powder form.
- B. Sand: ASTM D 1073, Grade Nos. 2 or 3.
- C. Paving Geotextile: Nonwoven polypropylene, specifically designed for paving applications, resistant to chemical attack, rot, and mildew.
- D. Glass Beads: AASHTO M-247.

3.4 MIXES

- A. Hot-Mix Asphalt: Provide dense, hot-laid, hot-mix asphalt plant mixes approved by authorities having jurisdiction; designed according to procedures in Al's "Mix Design Methods for Asphalt Concrete and Other Hot-Mix Types"; and complying with the following requirements:
 - 1. Provide mixes with a history of satisfactory performance in geographical area where Project is located.
 - 2. Base Course: As indicated.
 - 3. Surface Course: As indicated.
- B. Hot-Mix Asphalt: Provide dense, hot-laid, hot-mix asphalt plant mixes approved by authorities having jurisdiction and designed according to procedures in Al's "Mix Design Methods for Asphalt Concrete and Other Hot-Mix Types."
 - I. Provide mixes with a history of satisfactory performance in geographical area where Project is located.
 - 2. Provide mixes complying with the composition, grading, and tolerance requirements of ASTM D 3515 for the following nominal, maximum aggregate sizes:
 - a. Base Course: I inch (25 mm).
 - b. Surface Course: 1/2 inch (13 mm).
- C. Emulsified-Asphalt Slurry: ASTM D 3910, consisting of emulsified asphalt, fine aggregates, and mineral fillers and as follows:
 - I. Composition: Type I.
 - 2. Composition: Type 2.
 - 3. Composition: Type 3.

PART 4 - EXECUTION

4.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that subgrade is dry and in suitable condition to support paving and imposed loads.
- B. Proof-roll subbase using heavy, pneumatic-tired rollers to locate areas that are unstable or that require further compaction.
- C. Notify Project Manager in writing of any unsatisfactory conditions. Do not begin paving installation until these conditions have been satisfactorily corrected.

4.2 PATCHING AND REPAIRS

- A. Patching: Saw cut perimeter of patch and excavate existing pavement section to sound base. Recompact new subgrade. Excavate rectangular or trapezoidal patches, extending 12 inches (300 mm) into adjacent sound pavement, unless otherwise indicated. Cut excavation faces vertically.
 - 1. Tack coat faces of excavation and allow to cure before paving.
 - 2. Fill excavation with dense-graded, hot-mix asphalt base mix and, while still hot, compact flush with adjacent surface.
 - 3. Partially fill excavation with dense-graded, hot-mix asphalt base mix and compact while still hot. Cover asphalt base course with compacted, hot-mix surface layer finished flush with adjacent surfaces.
- B. Portland Cement Concrete Pavement: Break cracked slabs and roll as required to reseat concrete pieces firmly.
 - I. Pump hot undersealing asphalt under rocking slabs until slab is stabilized or, if necessary, crack slab into pieces and roll to reseat pieces firmly.
 - 2. Remove disintegrated or badly broken pavement. Prepare and patch with hot-mix asphalt.
- C. Leveling Course: Install and compact leveling course consisting of dense-graded, hot-mix asphalt surface course to level sags and fill depressions deeper than 1 inch (25 mm) in existing pavements.
 - 1. Install leveling wedges in compacted lifts not exceeding 3 inches (75 mm) thick.
- D. Crack and Joint Filling: Remove existing filler material from cracks or joints to a depth of I/4 inch (6 mm). Refill with asphalt joint-filling material to restore watertight condition. Remove excess filler that has accumulated near cracks or joints.
- E. Tack Coat: Apply uniformly to existing surfaces of previously constructed asphalt or portland cement concrete paving and to surfaces abutting or projecting into new, hot-mix asphalt pavement. Apply at a uniform rate of 0.05 to 0.15 gal./sq. yd. (0.2 to 0.7 L/sq. m) of surface.
 - I. Allow tack coat to cure undisturbed before paving.
 - 2. Avoid smearing or staining adjoining surfaces, appurtenances, and surroundings. Remove spillages and clean affected surfaces.

4.3 SURFACE PREPARATION

A. General: Immediately before placing asphalt materials, remove loose and deleterious material from substrate surfaces. Ensure that prepared subgrade is ready to receive paving.

- 1. Sweep loose granular particles from surface of unbound-aggregate base course. Do not dislodge or disturb aggregate embedded in compacted surface of base course.
- B. Herbicide Treatment: Apply herbicide according to manufacturer's recommended rates and written application instructions. Apply to dry, prepared subgrade or surface of compacted-aggregate base before applying paving materials.
 - 1. Mix herbicide with prime coat when formulated by manufacturer for that purpose.
- C. Prime Coat: Apply uniformly over surface of compacted-aggregate base at a rate of 0.15 to 0.50 gal./sq. yd. (0.7 to 2.3 L/sq. m). Apply enough material to penetrate and seal, but not flood, surface. Allow prime coat to cure for 72 hours minimum.
 - I. If prime coat is not entirely absorbed within 24 hours after application, spread sand over surface to blot excess asphalt. Use just enough sand to prevent pickup under traffic. Remove loose sand by sweeping before pavement is placed and after volatiles have evaporated.
 - 2. Protect primed substrate from damage until ready to receive paving.

4.4 HOT-MIX ASPHALT PLACING

- A. Machine place hot-mix asphalt mix on prepared surface, spread uniformly, and strike off. Place asphalt mix by hand to areas inaccessible to equipment in a manner that prevents segregation of mix. Place each course to required grade, cross section, and thickness, when compacted.
 - 1. Place hot-mix asphalt base course in number of lifts and thicknesses indicated.
 - 2. Place hot-mix asphalt surface course in single lift.
 - 3. Spread mix at minimum temperature of 250 deg F (121 deg C).
 - 4. Begin applying mix along centerline of crown for crowned sections and on high side of one-way slopes, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 5. Regulate paver machine speed to obtain smooth, continuous surface free of pulls and tears in asphalt-paving mat.
- B. Place paving in consecutive strips not less than 10 feet (3 m) wide, except where infill edge strips of a lesser width are required.
 - I. After first strip has been placed and rolled, place succeeding strips and extend rolling to overlap previous strips. Complete asphalt base course for a section before placing asphalt surface course.
- C. Promptly correct surface irregularities in paving course behind paver. Use suitable hand tools to remove excess material forming high spots. Fill depressions with hot-mix asphalt to prevent segregation of mix; use suitable hand tools to smooth surface.

4.5 JOINTS

- A. Construct joints to ensure continuous bond between adjoining paving sections. Construct joints free of depressions with same texture and smoothness as other sections of hot-mix asphalt course.
 - I. Clean contact surfaces and apply tack coat.
 - 2. Offset longitudinal joints in successive courses a minimum of 6 inches (150 mm).
 - 3. Offset transverse joints in successive courses a minimum of 24 inches (600 mm).
 - 4. Construct transverse joints by bulkhead method or sawed vertical face method as described in Al's "The Asphalt Handbook."
 - 5. Compact joints as soon as hot-mix asphalt will bear roller weight without excessive displacement.

6. Compact asphalt at joints to a density within 2 percent of specified course density.

4.6 COMPACTION

- A. General: Begin compaction as soon as placed hot-mix paving will bear roller weight without excessive displacement. Compact hot-mix paving with hot, hand tampers or vibratory-plate compactors in areas inaccessible to rollers.
 - 1. Complete compaction before mix temperature cools to 185 deg F (85 deg C).
- B. Breakdown Rolling: Accomplish breakdown or initial rolling immediately after rolling joints and outside edge. Examine surface immediately after breakdown rolling for indicated crown, grade, and smoothness. Repair surfaces by loosening displaced material, filling with hot-mix asphalt, and rerolling to required elevations.
- C. Intermediate Rolling: Begin intermediate rolling immediately after breakdown rolling, while hot-mix asphalt is still hot enough to achieve specified density. Continue rolling until hot-mix asphalt course has been uniformly compacted to the following density:
 - I. Average Density: 96 percent of reference laboratory density according to ASTM D 1559, but not less than 94 percent nor greater than 100 percent.
 - 2. Average Density: 92 percent of reference maximum theoretical density according to ASTM D 2041, but not less than 90 percent nor greater than 96 percent.
- D. Finish Rolling: Finish roll paved surfaces to remove roller marks while hot-mix asphalt is still warm.
- E. Edge Shaping: While surface is being compacted and finished, trim edges of pavement to proper alignment. Bevel edges while still hot, with back of rake or smooth iron. Compact thoroughly using tamper or other satisfactory method.
- F. Repairs: Remove paved areas that are defective or contaminated with foreign materials. Remove paving course over area affected and replace with fresh, hot-mix asphalt. Compact by rolling to specified density and surface smoothness.
- G. Protection: After final rolling, do not permit vehicular traffic on pavement until it has cooled and hardened.
- H. Erect barricades to protect paving from traffic until mixture has cooled enough not to become marked.

4.7 INSTALLATION TOLERANCES

- A. Thickness: Compact each course to produce the thickness indicated within the following tolerances:
 - I. Base Course: Plus or minus 1/2 inch (13 mm).
 - 2. Surface Course: Plus 1/4 inch (6 mm), no minus.
- B. Surface Smoothness: Compact each course to produce a surface smoothness within the following tolerances as determined by using a 10-foot (3-m) straightedge applied transversely or longitudinally to paved areas:
 - I. Base Course: 1/4 inch (6 mm).
 - 2. Surface Course: 1/8 inch (3 mm).
 - 3. Crowned Surfaces: Test with crowned template centered and at right angle to crown. Maximum allowable variance from template is 1/4 inch (6 mm).

4.8 SURFACE TREATMENTS

- A. Fog Seals: Apply fog seal at a rate of 0.10 to 0.15 gal./sq. yd. (0.45 to 0.70 L/sq. m) to existing asphalt pavement and allow to cure. Lightly dust areas receiving excess fog seal with a fine sand.
- B. Slurry Seals: Apply slurry coat in a uniform thickness according to ASTM D 3910 and allow to cure.
 - 1. Roll slurry seal to smooth ridges and provide a uniform, smooth surface.

4.9 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified independent testing agency to perform field inspections and tests and to prepare test reports.
 - I. Testing agency will conduct and interpret tests and state in each report whether tested Work complies with or deviates from specified requirements.
- B. Additional testing, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of corrected Work with specified requirements.
- C. Thickness: In-place compacted thickness of hot-mix asphalt courses will be determined according to ASTM D 3549.
- D. Surface Smoothness: Finished surface of each hot-mix asphalt course will be tested for compliance with smoothness tolerances.
- E. Remove and replace or install additional hot-mix asphalt where test results or measurements indicate that it does not comply with specified requirements.

END OF SECTION 02511

SECTION 03300 - CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

I.I GENERAL

- A. Submittals: In addition to Product Data, submit design mixes and the following for each concrete mix:
 - 1. Shop Drawings detailing fabrication, bending, and placement.
 - 2. Material certificates signed by product manufacturers certifying that product complies with requirements.
- B. Quality Assurance: Comply with ACI 301, "Specification for Structural Concrete," and ACI 117, "Specifications for Tolerances for Concrete Construction and Materials."
 - I. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer who has completed concrete Work similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project and whose work has resulted in construction with a record of successful in-service performance.
 - 2. Manufacturer Qualifications: A firm experienced in manufacturing ready-mixed concrete products complying with ASTM C 94 requirements for production facilities and equipment.

1.2 PRODUCTS

- A. Steel Reinforcement: As follows:
 - 1. Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60 (Grade 420), deformed.
 - 2. Deformed-Steel Wire: ASTM A 496.
- B. Concrete Materials: As follows:
 - I. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type I or II.
 - 2. Aggregate: ASTM C 33, uniformly graded, from a single source.
 - 3. Water: ASTM C 94.
 - 4. Air-Entraining Admixture: ASTM C 260.
 - 5. Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C 494, Type A.
 - 6. High-Range, Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C 494, Type F.
 - 7. Water-Reducing and Accelerating Admixture: ASTM C 494, Type E.
 - 8. Water-Reducing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494, Type D.
 - 9. Synthetic Fiber: Fibrillated or monofilament polypropylene fibers engineered and designed for use in concrete, complying with ASTM C 1116, Type III, 1/2 to 1 inch (13 to 25 mm) long.

C. Related Materials: As follows:

- I. Joint-Filler Strips: ASTM D 1751, asphalt-saturated cellulosic fiber, or ASTM D 1752, cork or self-expanding cork.
- 2. Bonding Agent: ASTM C 1059, Type II, non-redispersible, acrylic emulsion or styrene butadiene.
- 3. Epoxy-Bonding Adhesive: ASTM C 881, two-component epoxy resin, of class and grade to suit requirements.

- D. Curing Materials: As follows:
 - I. Evaporation Retarder: Waterborne, monomolecular film forming, manufactured for application to fresh concrete.
 - 2. Absorptive Cover: AASHTO M 182, Class 2, burlap cloth made from jute or kenaf, weighing approximately 9 oz./sq. yd. (305 g/sq. m) dry.
 - 3. Moisture-Retaining Cover: ASTM C 171, polyethylene film or white burlap-polyethylene sheet.
 - 4. Clear, Solvent-Borne, Membrane-Forming Curing Compound: ASTM C 309, Type 1, Class B.
 - 5. Clear, Waterborne, Membrane-Forming Curing Compound: ASTM C 309, Type I, Class B.
 - 6. Clear, Solvent-Borne, Membrane-Forming Curing and Sealing Compound: ASTM C 1315, Type 1, Class A
 - 7. Clear, Waterborne, Membrane-Forming Curing and Sealing Compound: ASTM C 1315, Type I, Class A.
- E. Concrete Mixes: Prepare design mixes, proportioned according to ACI 211.1 and ACI 301, with the following properties:
 - I. Compressive Strength (28 Days): 3500 psi (24.1 MPa).
 - 2. Slump: 4 inches (100 mm).
 - 3. Air Content: 4.5 to 7.0 percent.

1.3 EXECUTION

- A. Design, construct, erect, shore, brace, and maintain formwork, according to ACI 301, to support vertical, lateral, static, and dynamic loads, and construction loads that might be applied, until concrete structure can support such loads.
- B. Place and secure anchorage devices and other embedded items required for adjoining work that is attached to or supported by cast-in-place concrete. Use Setting Drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.
- C. Comply with ACI 318 (ACI 318M), ACI 301, and recommendations in ACI 347R for design, installation, and removal of shoring and reshoring.
- D. Steel Reinforcement: Comply with CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice" for fabricating, placing, and supporting reinforcement.
- E. Joints: Locate and install construction, isolation, and contraction joints.
- F. Concrete Placement: Deposit concrete continuously and avoid segregation. Deposit concrete in forms in horizontal layers no deeper than 24 inches (600 mm), avoiding cold joints.
 - 1. Consolidate concrete with mechanical vibrating equipment.
 - 2. Screed and initial-float concrete floors and slabs using bull floats or darbies to form a uniform and open-textured surface plane, free of humps or hollows, before excess moisture or bleedwater appears on the surface. Do not further disturb slab surfaces before starting finishing operations.
 - 3. Comply with ACI 306.1 for cold-weather concrete placement.
 - 4. Place concrete according to recommendations in ACI 305R when hot-weather conditions exist.
- G. Finish formed surfaces as follows:
 - 1. Apply rough-formed finish, defined in ACI 301, to concrete surfaces indicated or not exposed to public view.

- H. Finishing Floors and Slabs: Comply with recommendations in ACI 302.1R for screeding, restraightening, and finishing operations for concrete surfaces.
- Ι.
- 1. Trowel Finish: Apply a trowel finish to surfaces indicated and to surfaces exposed to view.
 - a. After applying float finish, apply first trowel finish and consolidate concrete by hand or power-driven trowel. Continue troweling passes and restraighten until surface is free of trowel marks and uniform in texture and appearance. Replace surface tolerances below with values from the F-number system if required. See Basic Section for more values if required.
 - b. Finish and measure surface so gap at any point between concrete surface and an unleveled freestanding 10-foot- (3.05-m-) long straightedge, resting on two high spots and placed anywhere on the surface, does not exceed the following:
 - 1) 1/8 inch (3.2 mm).
- 2. Broom Finish: Apply a broom finish to exterior concrete, brooming with fiber-bristle broom perpendicular to main traffic route, to platforms, steps, and ramps, and elsewhere as indicated.
- J. Concrete Protection and Curing: Protect concrete from excessive cold or hot temperatures. Comply with ACI 306.I for cold-weather protection and with recommendations in ACI 305R for hot-weather protection during curing.
 - 1. Apply evaporation retarder to unformed concrete surfaces if hot, dry, or windy conditions cause excessive moisture loss.
 - 2. Begin curing after finishing concrete but not before free water has disappeared from concrete surface.
 - 3. Cure formed and unformed concrete for at least seven days by moisture curing, moisture-retaining-cover curing, or curing compound.
 - 4. Cure and seal floors and slabs with a curing and sealing compound according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- K. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified independent testing and inspecting agency to sample materials, perform tests, and submit test reports during concrete placement. Tests shall be performed according to ACI 301.
- L. Defective Concrete: Repair and patch defective areas when approved by Project Manager. Remove and replace concrete that cannot be repaired and patched to Project Manager approval.

END OF SECTION 03300

SECTION 05500 - METAL FABRICATIONS

I.I PRODUCTS

- A. General: Provide materials with smooth, flat surfaces without blemishes.
- B. Ferrous Metals: As follows:
 - 1. Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53, standard weight (Schedule 40), unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Shop Primer for Ferrous Metal: Fast-curing, lead- and chromate-free, universal modified-alkyd primer complying with performance requirements in FS TT-P-664 and compatible with finish paint systems indicated.
- D. Shop Primer for Ferrous Metal: Organic zinc-rich primer, complying with SSPC-Paint 20 and compatible with topcoat.
- E. Concrete Fill: Comply with requirements in Division 3 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete" for normal-weight, air-entrained, ready-mix concrete with a minimum 28-day compressive strength of 3000 psi (20 MPa), unless otherwise indicated.
- F. Pipe Bollards: Fabricate from Schedule 40 steel pipe.
 - I. Cap bollards with shaped concrete.
 - 2. Fabricate bollards with 1/4-inch thick 6" dia. steel pipe
- G. Finish metal fabrications after assembly. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes. Shop prime ferrous-metal items not indicated to be galvanized.
 - Hot-dip galvanize items indicated to be galvanized to comply with ASTM A 123 or ASTM A 153/A 153M as applicable.
 - 2. Preparation for Shop Priming: Prepare uncoated ferrous-metal surfaces to comply with SSPC-SP 3, "Power Tool Cleaning."
 - 3. Apply shop primer to comply with SSPC-PA I, "Paint Application Specification No. I," for shop painting.

1.2 EXECUTION

- A. Installation, General: Provide anchorage devices and fasteners for securing metal fabrications to in-place construction. Perform cutting, drilling, and fitting required for installing metal fabrications. Set metal fabrications accurately in location, with edges and surfaces level, plumb, and true.
 - I. Provide temporary bracing or anchors in formwork for items that are to be built into concrete, masonry, or similar construction.
 - 2. Do not weld, cut, or abrade galvanized surfaces.
- B. Anchor bollards in place with concrete footings. Support and brace bollards in position in footing excavations until concrete has been placed and cured.
- C. Fill bollards solidly with concrete, mounding top surface.

END OF SECTION 05500

SECTION 07920 - JOINT SEALANTS

I.I GENERAL

- A. Preconstruction Joint-Sealant-Substrate Tests: Submit substrate materials, representative of actual joint surfaces, to joint sealant manufacturer for laboratory testing of joint sealants for adhesion to primed and unprimed substrates and for compatibility with joint substrates and other joint-related materials.
- B. Submittals: In addition to Product Data, submit the following:
 - 1. Samples of each type and color of joint sealant required.
 - 2. Test reports for joint sealants evidencing compliance with requirements.

1.2 PRODUCTS

- A. Elastomeric Sealant Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide sealants by one of the following:
 - I. Silicone Sealants:
 - a. Bostik Inc.
 - b. Dow Corning.
 - c. NUCO Industries, Inc.
 - d. Polymeric Systems, Inc.
 - e. Sonneborn Building Products Div., ChemRex Inc.
 - f. Tremco.
 - 2. Urethane Sealants:
 - a. W.R. Meadows, Inc.
 - b. Pacific Polymers, Inc.
 - c. Polymeric Systems, Inc.
 - d. Sika Corporation.
 - e. Sonneborn Building Products Div., ChemRex Inc.
 - f. Tremco
- B. Compatibility: Provide joint sealants, backings, and other related materials that are compatible with one another and with joint substrates under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by testing and field experience.
- C. Colors: Provide colors indicated for exposed joint sealants or, if not indicated, as selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range for this characteristic.
- D. Elastomeric Sealant Standard: Comply with ASTM C 920 and other requirements indicated for each liquid-applied chemically curing sealant of base polymer specified below:
 - I. Single-Component Nonsag Polysulfide Sealant: Type S; Grade NS; Class 25; Uses NT, M, G, A, and O.
 - 2. Medium-Modulus Neutral-Curing Silicone Sealant: Type S; Grade NS; Class 25; with the additional capability, when tested per ASTM C 719, to withstand 50 percent movement in both extension and

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compression for a total of 100 percent movement and still comply with other requirements of ASTM C 920; and as follows:

- a. Uses NT, M, G, A, and O.
- 3. Mildew-Resistant Silicone Sealant: Type S; Grade NS; Class 25; Uses NT, G, A, and O; formulated with fungicide; intended for sealing interior joints with nonporous substrates exposed to high humidity and temperature extremes.
- 4. Single-Component Nonsag Urethane Sealant: Type S; Grade NS; and as follows:
 - a. Class 12-1/2.
 - b. Class 25.
 - c. Uses NT, M, G, A, and O.
 - d. Uses NT, M, A, and O.
- E. Acrylic-Based Solvent-Release Sealant: ASTM C 1311.
- F. Butyl-Rubber-Based Solvent-Release Joint Sealant: ASTM C 1085.
- G. Latex Sealant: ASTM C 834.
- H. Sealant Backings, General: Nonstaining; compatible with joint substrates, sealants, primers, and other joint fillers; approved for applications indicated by sealant manufacturer based on field experience and laboratory testing.
- I. Cylindrical Sealant Backings: ASTM C 1330, of type indicated below and of size and density to control sealant depth and otherwise contribute to producing optimum sealant performance:
 - 1. Type C: Closed-cell material with a surface skin.
- J. Elastomeric Tubing Sealant Backings: Neoprene, butyl, EPDM, or silicone tubing complying with ASTM D 1056, nonabsorbent to water and gas, and capable of remaining resilient at temperatures down to minus 26 deg F (minus 32 deg C).
- K. Bond-Breaker Tape: Polyethylene tape or other plastic tape recommended by sealant manufacturer for preventing sealant from adhering to rigid, inflexible joint-filler materials or joint surfaces at back of joint.
- L. Primer: As recommended by joint sealant manufacturer where required for adhesion of sealant to joint substrates indicated.

1.3 EXECUTION

- A. General: Comply with joint sealant manufacturer's instructions for products and applications indicated.
- B. Sealant Installation Standard: Comply with ASTM C 1193.

END OF SECTION 07920

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SECTION 08110 - STEEL DOORS AND FRAMES

I.I GENERAL

- A. Submit Product Data for each type of door and frame specified.
- B. Quality Assurance: Comply with ANSI/SDI 100.

1.2 PRODUCTS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - I. Amweld Building Products, Inc.
 - 2. Benchmark Commercial Doors.
 - 3. Ceco Door Products.
 - 4. Copco Door Co.
 - 5. Curries Co.
 - 6. Deansteel Manufacturing Co.
 - 7. Fenestra Corp.
 - 8. Mesker Door, Inc.
 - 9. Pioneer Industries.
 - 10. Republic Builders Products.
 - 11. Steelcraft.
- B. Hot-Rolled Steel Sheets: ASTM A 569 (ASTM A 569M).
- C. Cold-Rolled Steel Sheets: ASTM A 366 (ASTM A 366M), commercial quality, or ASTM A 620 (ASTM A 620M), drawing quality.
- D. Galvanized Steel Sheets: ASTM A 526 (ASTM A 526M), commercial quality, or ASTM A 642 (ASTM A 642M), drawing quality, with A 60 or G 60 (Z 180 or ZF 180) coating designation, mill phosphatized.
- E. Steel Doors: Provide I-3/4-inch- (44-mm-) thick doors of materials and ANSI/SDI 100 grades and models specified below, or as indicated on Drawings or schedules:
 - I. Interior Doors: Grade II, heavy-duty, Model 2, seamless design, minimum 0.0478-inch- (1.2-mm-) thick cold-rolled steel sheet faces.
 - 2. Exterior Doors: Grade III, extra heavy-duty, Model 2, seamless design, minimum 0.0635-inch- (1.6-mm-) thick galvanized steel sheet faces.
- F. Frames: Provide frames for doors, sidelights, borrowed lights, and other openings that comply with ANSI/SDI 100; fabricate to be rigid, neat in appearance, and free from defects, warp, or buckle.
 - 1. For interior frames provide units with mitered or coped and continuously welded corners, formed from 0.0478-inch- (1.2-mm-) thick cold-rolled steel for openings 48 inches (1220 mm) or less in width and from 0.0598-inch- (1.5-mm-) thick steel for openings over 48 inches (1220 mm) in width.
 - 2. For exterior frames provide units with mitered or coped and continuously welded corners, formed from 0.0635-inch- (1.6-mm-) thick galvanized steel sheet.
 - 3. Door Silencers: 3 on strike jambs of single-door frames and 2 on heads of double-door frames.
 - 4. Plaster Guards: Provide where mortar might obstruct hardware operation and to close off interior of openings.

- G. Tolerances: Comply with SDI 117.
- H. Fabricate concealed stiffeners, reinforcement, edge channels, louvers, and moldings from either cold- or hot-rolled steel sheet.
- I. Hardware Preparation: Prepare doors and frames to receive mortised and concealed hardware according to SDI 107.
- J. Finishes, General: Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual" for recommendations relative to applying and designating finishes.
 - 1. Apply primers and organic finishes to doors and frames after fabrication.
- K. Galvanized Steel Sheet Finishes: Comply with SDI 112 and the following:
 - I. Surface Preparation: Clean surfaces with nonpetroleum solvent so that surfaces are free of oil or other contaminants. After cleaning, apply a conversion coating of the type suited to the organic coating applied over it. Clean welds, mechanical connections, and abraded areas, and apply galvanizing repair paint specified to comply with ASTM A 780.
 - 2. Galvanizing Repair Paint: SSPC-Paint 20, high-zinc-dust-content paint with dry film containing not less than 94 percent zinc dust by weight.
 - 3. Factory Priming for Field-Painted Finish: Where field painting after installation is indicated, apply airdried primer specified below immediately after cleaning and pretreatment.
 - a. Shop Primer: Zinc-dust, zinc-oxide primer paint complying with performance requirements of FS TT-P-641, Type II.
- L. Steel Sheet Finishes: Comply with SSPC-PA I, "Paint Application Specification No. I."
 - I. Surface Preparation: Solvent-clean surfaces according to SSPC-SP I. Remove mill scale and rust to comply with SSPC-SP 5 (White Metal Blast Cleaning) or SSPC-SP 8 (Pickling).
 - 2. Pretreatment: Immediately after surface preparation, apply a conversion coating suited to organic coating applied over it.
 - 3. Factory Priming for Field-Painted Finish: Apply shop primer that complies with ANSI A224.1 acceptance criteria, is compatible with finish paint systems indicated, and has capability to provide a sound foundation for field-applied topcoats. Apply primer immediately after surface preparation and pretreatment.

1.3 EXECUTION

- A. General: Install steel doors, frames, and accessories according to Shop Drawings, manufacturer's data, and as specified.
- B. Placing Frames: Comply with provisions of SDI 105, unless otherwise indicated. Set frames accurately in position, plumbed, aligned, and braced securely until permanent anchors are set.
 - 1. Except for frames located in existing concrete, masonry, or gypsum board assembly construction, place frames before constructing enclosing walls and ceilings.
 - 2. Install at least 3 anchors per jamb adjacent to hinge location on hinge jamb and at corresponding heights on strike jamb.
- C. Door Installation: Fit hollow-metal doors accurately in frames, within clearances specified in ANSI/SDI 100.

- D. Prime Coat Touchup: Immediately after erection, sand smooth any rusted or damaged areas of prime coat and apply touchup of compatible air-drying primer.
- E. Protection Removal: Immediately before final inspection, remove protective wrappings from doors and frames.

END OF SECTION 08110

SECTION 08361 - SECTIONAL OVERHEAD DOORS

I.I GENERAL

- A. Performance Requirements: Provide sectional overhead doors capable of withstanding the effects of gravity loads and uniform wind-load pressure (velocity pressure) of 20 lbf/sq. ft. (960 Pa), acting inward and outward, without evidencing permanent deformation of door components. Design sectional overhead door components and operator to operate for not less than 10,000 cycles. One complete cycle of a door begins with the door in the closed position. The door is then moved to the open position and back to the closed position.
- B. Submittals: In addition to manufacturer's Product Data, submit the following:
 - I. Summary of forces and loads on walls and jambs.
 - 2. Samples of colors available and samples for verification, of each type of exposed finish required.
- C. Listing and Labeling: Provide electrically operated fixtures specified in this Section that are listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100.

1.2 PRODUCTS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Martin, Commercial Series Sectional Overhead Garage Doors.
 - a. Pre-approved equal by others.
- B. Steel Door Sections: Structural-quality carbon-steel sheets complying with ASTM A 653 (ASTM A 653M), commercial quality, with a minimum yield strength of 33,000 psi (225 MPa) and a minimum G60 (Z180) zinc coating.
 - I. Steel Sheet Thickness: 24 Ga.
 - 2. Exterior Section Face: HT Style, ribbed, or fluted.
 - 3. Fabricate door panels from a single sheet to provide sections not more than 24 inches (600 mm) high and nominally 2 inches (50 mm) deep. Roll horizontal meeting edges to a continuous, interlocking, weathertight seal, with a reinforcing flange return. Reinforce sections with continuous horizontal and diagonal galvanized steel reinforcement, as required to stiffen door and for wind loading, formed to depth, and bolted or welded in place. Provide reinforcement for hardware attachment.
 - a. For insulated doors, provide door sections with continuous thermal-break construction, separating faces of door.
 - 4. End Stiles: Not less than 0.064-inch (1.6-mm) galvanized steel channel, welded in place.
 - 5. Intermediate Stiles: Not less than 0.064-inch (1.6-mm) galvanized steel, cut to door section profile, spaced at not more than 48 inches (1200 mm) o.c., and welded in place.
 - 6. Bottom Bar: Reinforce bottom section with a continuous channel or angle.
 - 7. Insulation: Manufacturer's standard rigid cellular polystyrene or polyurethane-foam-type thermal insulation, foamed in place to completely fill inner core of section, pressure bonded to face sheets to prevent delamination under wind load and with maximum flame-spread and smoke-developed indices of 75 and 450, respectively, according to ASTM E 84. Enclose insulation completely, with no exposed insulation material evident.
 - a. Steel Sheet Inside Face: 0.028 inch (0.7 mm) thick.

- C. Tracks: Provide manufacturer's standard, steel track system, sized for door size and weight, designed for lift type indicated and clearances shown, and complying with ASTM A 653 (ASTM A 653M), for minimum G60 (Z180) zinc coating. Provide complete track assembly including brackets, bracing, and reinforcement for rigid support of ball-bearing roller guides for required door type and size. Slot vertical sections of track at 2 inches (50 mm) o.c. for door-drop safety device. Slope tracks at proper angle from vertical or otherwise design to ensure tight closure at jambs when door unit is closed. Weld or bolt to track supports. Configure tracks for the following lift type:
 - I. I4ga.Vertical and Horizontal Track. General contractor to field verify overhead height with metal building manufacturer
- D. Track Reinforcement and Supports: Galvanized steel, complying with ASTM A 36 (ASTM A 36M) and ASTM A 123 as required for door size and weight. Support and attach tracks to opening jambs with continuous angle welded to tracks and attached to wall. Support horizontal (ceiling) tracks with continuous angle welded to track and supported by laterally braced attachments to overhead structural members at curve and end of tracks.
- E. Weatherseals: Provide replaceable, adjustable, continuous, compressible weather-stripping gaskets of flexible vinyl, rubber, or neoprene fitted to bottom, jambs, and at top of overhead door.
 - 1. Provide motor-operated doors with combination bottom weatherseal and sensor edge.
- F. Hardware: Manufacturer's standard heavy-duty, corrosion-resistant hinges, rollers, push/pull handles for push-up-operated or emergency-operated doors and locking device with Cremone-type locking bar, engaging slots in tracks at both jamb sides, operable from inside and outside.
- G. Where door unit is power operated, provide safety interlock switch to disengage power supply when door is locked.
- H. Counterbalance Mechanism: Consisting of adjustable-tension torsion springs, fabricated from oil-tempered-steel wire complying with ASTM A 229 (ASTM A 229M), Class II, mounted on a cross-header tube or steel shaft. Connect to door with galvanized aircraft-type lift cables, with cable safety factor of at least 5 to 1, wound around cast-aluminum or gray-iron casting grooved cable drums. Mount counterbalance mechanism with manufacturer's standard ball-bearing brackets at each end of shaft and at intermediate points as required for support. Include cable safety device, spring anchor support bracket, and spring bumper.
- I. Finishes: Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
- J. Thermoset Finish for Steel and Galvanized Steel: Apply manufacturer's standard baked finish consisting of primer and topcoat according to coating manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning, pretreatment, application, thermosetting, and minimum dry film thickness.
 - 1. Color and Gloss: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range of colors and glosses.
- K. Push-up Operation: Design counterbalance mechanism so required lift or pull for door operation does not exceed 25 lbf (III N).
- L. Direct-Drive Chain-Hoist Operator: Provide side-mounted unit consisting of endless steel hand chain, castiron chain pocket wheel, and guard, mounted on counterbalance shaft. Operate with not more than 35-lbf (155-N) pull.
- M. Electric Door Operator: Type, size, and capacity recommended and provided by door manufacturer for door, track configuration, and operational life specified, with electric motor and factory-prewired motor

controls, starter, gear-reduction unit, solenoid-operated brake, clutch, remote-control stations, control devices, integral gearing for locking door, disconnect device, emergency auxiliary operator, and accessories required for proper operation. Comply with NFPA 70. Design operator so motor may be removed without disturbing limit-switch adjustment and without affecting emergency auxiliary operator.

- I. Approved Manufacturers: Zap D-C Motor Drives and Controllers 805 Series or Pre-Approved Equal by others.
- 2. Zap 805-PB-2 or Zap 805-PB-3
 - a. Provide open dripproof-type motor, and controller with NEMA ICS 6, Type 1 enclosure.
- 3. Control Equipment: NEMA ICS 1, NEMA ICS 2, and NEMA ICS 6, with NFPA 70 Class 2 control circuit, maximum 24-V, ac or dc. Provide momentary-contact, 3-button control station.
 - a. Interior Units: Full-guarded, surface-mounted, heavy-duty type, with general-purpose NEMA ICS 6, Type I enclosure.
- 4. Obstruction Detection Device: Provide each motorized door with self-monitoring, 4-wire-configured-type, electrically actuated, external automatic safety sensor able to protect full width of door opening. Activation of sensor immediately stops and reverses downward door travel.
- 5. Adjustable Limit Switches: Interlocked with motor controls and set to automatically stop door at fully opened and fully closed positions.
- 6. For **each** Sectional Overhead Garage Door the general contractor shall provide (2) two, Model 4113-Zap Keyfob type four button transmitters.

1.3 EXECUTION

- A. Installation: Install door, track, and operating equipment complete with necessary hardware, jamb and head mold strips, anchors, inserts, hangers, and equipment supports according to Shop Drawings, manufacturer's written instructions, and as specified.
- B. Fasten vertical track assembly to framing at not less than 24 inches (600 mm) o.c. Hang horizontal track from structural overhead framing with angle or channel hangers welded and bolt fastened in place. Provide sway bracing, diagonal bracing, and reinforcement as required for rigid installation of track and door-operating equipment.
- C. Lubricate bearings and sliding parts; adjust doors to operate easily, free from warp, twist, or distortion and fitting weathertight for entire perimeter.

END OF SECTION 08361

SECTION 08710--FINISH HARDWARE

PART I -- GENERAL

I.I RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-I Specification sections, apply to work of this section.

1,2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

- A. Definition: "Finish Hardware" includes items known commercially as finish hardware which are required for swing, sliding and folding doors, except special types of unique and non-matching hardware specified in the same section as the door and door frame.
- B. Extent of finish hardware required is indicated on drawings and in schedules.
- C. Types of finish hardware required include the following:

Lock cylinders and keys Exit devices Closers Door trim units

D. Hardware must be in strict compliance with campus standards.

1.3 RELATED SECTIONS

A. Division 8 – Hollow Metal Doors and Frames

1,4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer: Obtain each type of hardware (latch and locksets, etc.) from a single manufacturer
- B. Supplier: A recognized architectural finish hardware supplier, with warehousing facilities, who has been furnishing hardware in the project's vicinity for a period of not less than 2 years, and who is, or who employs an experienced architectural hardware consultant who is available, at reasonable times during the course of the work, for consultation about project's hardware requirements, to Owner, Architect and Contractor.
- C. Fire-Rated Openings: Provide hardware for fire-rated openings in compliance with NFPA Standard No. 80 and local building code requirements. Provide only hardware which has been tested and listed by UL or an approved testing agency for types and sizes of doors required and complies with requirements of door and door frame labels.
- D. Where emergency exit devices are required on fire-rated doors (with supplementary marking on doors with labels indicating "Fire Door to be Equipped with Fire Exit Hardware") provide labels on exit devices indicating "Fire Exit Hardware

B. This supplier shall be responsible to field check existing openings for proper application of sizes and strikes for all openings.

1.5 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

A. Where indicated to comply with accessibility requirements, comply with Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), "Accessibilities Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities (ADAAG)," ANSI ATT.1, FED-STD-795, "Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards."

1.6 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Submit manufacturers technical product data for each item of hardware in accordance with Division-I section "Submittals". Include whatever information may be necessary to show compliance with requirements, and include instructions for installation and for maintenance of operating parts and finish.
- B. Hardware Schedule: Submit final hardware schedule in a vertical format as recognized by the Door and Hardware Institute (DHI). Horizontal schedule format will not be accepted. Coordinate hardware with doors, frames and related work to ensure proper size, thickness, hand, function and finish of hardware.
 - I. Final Hardware Schedule Content: Based on finish hardware indicated, organize hardware schedule into "hardware sets" indicating complete designations of every item required for each door or opening. Include the following information:
 - a. Type, style, function, size and finish of each hardware item.
 - b. Name and manufacturer of each item.
 - c. Fastenings and other pertinent information.
 - d. Index to include location of hardware set cross-referenced to indications on drawings both on floor plans and in door and frame schedule.
 - e. Explanation of all abbreviations, symbols, codes, etc., contained in schedule.
 - f. Mounting locations for hardware.
 - g. Door and frame sizes and materials.
 - h. Keying information.
 - i. Wiring diagrams with theory of operation.
- C. Submittal Sequence: Submit schedule in accordance to Division I, particularly where acceptance of hardware schedule must precede fabrication of other work (e.g., hollow metal frames) which is critical in the project construction schedule. Include with schedule the product data, samples, shop drawings of other work affected by finish hardware, and other information essential to the coordinated review of hardware schedule.
- D. Keying Schedule: Submit separate detailed schedule indicating clearly how the Owner's final instructions on keying of locks has been fulfilled.
- E. Samples if Requested: Prior to submittal of the final hardware schedule and prior to final ordering of finish hardware, submit one sample of each type of exposed hardware unit, finish as required, and tagged with full description for coordination with schedule. Return to project in time for installation.
- F. Templates: Furnish hardware templates to each fabricator of doors, frames and other work to be factory-prepared for the installation of hardware. Upon request, check shop drawings of such other work, to confirm that adequate provisions are made for proper location and installation of hardware.

1.7 PRODUCT HANDLING

- A. Tag each item or package separately, with identification related to final hardware schedule, and include basic installation instructions with each item or package.
- B. Inventory hardware jointly with representatives of hardware supplier and hardware installer until each is satisfied that count is correct.
- C. Deliver individually packaged hardware items at the proper times to the proper locations (shop or project site) for installation.
- D. Provide secure lock-up for hardware delivered to the project, but not yet installed. Control handling and installation of hardware items which are not immediately replaceable, so that completion of the work will not be delayed by hardware losses, both before and after installation.

1.8 "OR EQUAL" PROVISIONS

- A. The Contractor shall be responsible for supplying the primary product listed as the quality standard or a model, which is equal to the primary specified model in regards to specified function, quality, finish, sizes, accessories, options, durability, warranty, parts availability and listing approvals. If it is determined by the Owner or its appointed representative at any time during the bidding review, construction or installation, and prior to the final acceptance of the Project, that the "or equal" model submitted by the Contractor is not equal to the primary specified model, the Contractor shall assume all costs to replace the model submitted, with an approved equal model.
- B. The bidders shall submit a list in their bids providing manufacturer and model for all equipment in this section, which they propose to provide. The Owner will determine if the items so proposed meet the quality standards set by the specification.

PART 2—PRODUCTS

2.1 SCHEDULED HARDWARE

- A. Requirements for design, grade, function, finish, size and other distinctive qualities of each type of finish hardware is indicated in the Finish Hardware Data Sheet and Hardware Schedule at the end of this section. Products are identified by using hardware designation numbers of the following.
- B. Manufacturer's Product Designations:

Hinges Ives

Cylinders Match existing key system

Locksets Match existing
Exit Devices: Von Duprin
Closers: LCN

Floor/Wall Stops:

Threshold & Weatherstrip National Guard Products

2.2 MATERIALS AND FABRICATION

A. General:

- I. Hand of door. Drawings show direction of slide, swing or hand of each door leaf. Furnish each item of hardware for proper installation and operation of door movement as shown.
- 2. Manufacturer's Name Plate: Do not use manufacturer's products which have manufacturer's name or trade name displayed in a visible location (omit removable nameplates), except in conjunction with required UL labels and as otherwise acceptable to Architect.
- 3. Manufacturer's identification will be permitted on rim of lock cylinders only.
- 4. Finish: All hardware finish shall match existing unless otherwise indicated. Closer bodies, covers and arms shall be powder-coated finishes.
- 5. Fasteners: Provide hardware manufactured to conform to published templates, generally prepared for machine screw installation. Do not provide hardware which has been prepared for self-tapping sheet metal screws, except as specifically indicated.
- 6. Furnish screws for installation, with each hardware item. Provide Phillips flat-head screws except as otherwise indicated. Finish exposed (exposed under any condition) screws to match hardware finish or, if exposed in surfaces of other work, to match finish of such other work as closely as possible, including "prepared for paint" in surfaces to receive painted finish.
- 7. Provide concealed fasteners for hardware units which are exposed when door is closed, except to extent no standard units of type specified are available with concealed fasteners. Do not use thru-bolts for installation where bolt head or nut on opposite face is exposed in other work, except where it is not feasible to adequately reinforce the work. In such cases, provide sleeves for each thru-bolt or use sex screw fasteners.
- 8. Tools and Maintenance Instructions for Maintenance: Furnish a complete set of specialized tools and maintenance instructions as needed for Owner's continued adjustment, maintenance, and removal and replacement of finish hardware.

2.3 HINGES, BUTTS AND PIVOTS

A. Use existing pivots.

2.4 LOCK CYLINDERS AND KEYING

- A. General: Supplier will meet with Owner to finalize keying requirements and obtain final instructions in writing.
- B. Review the keying system with the Owner and provide master, grandmaster or great-grandmaster, integrated with Owner's existing system. If key pinning charts are required, owner to furnish charts to hardware supplier.
- C. Furnish temporary keyed cores for the construction period, and remove these when directed. The construction cores remain property of the supplier and shall be returned to the supplier when they are removed. Contractor shall install the permanent cores in the presence of the owner's representative.
- D. Metals: Construct lock cylinder parts from brass/bronze, stainless steel or nickel silver.
- E. Comply with Owner's instructions for masterkeying and, except as otherwise indicated, provide individual change key for each lock which is not designated to be keyed alike with a group of related locks.
- F. Permanently inscribe each key and cylinder with Visual Key Control that identifies cylinder manufacturer key symbol, and inscribe key with the notation "DO NOT DUPLICATE".
- G. Key Material: Provide keys of nickel silver only.

H. Key Quantity:

- I. Furnish 3 change keys for each lock.
- 2. 5 master keys for each master system.
- 3. 5 grandmaster keys for each grandmaster system.
- 4. One extra blank for each lock.
- 5. 3 Control Keys.
- 6. 6 Construction master keys.
- I. Deliver keys to Owner's representative.

2.5 LOCKS, LATCHES AND BOLTS

- A. Comply with UL requirements for throw of bolts and latch bolts on rated fire openings.
- B. Flush Bolt Heads: Minimum of 1/2" diameter rods of brass, bronze or stainless steel, with minimum 12" long rod for doors up to 7'-0" in height. Provide longer rods as necessary for doors exceeding 7'-0" in height.
- C. Provide dust-proof strikes for foot bolts, except where special threshold construction provides non-recessed strike for bolt.

2.6 CLOSERS AND DOOR CONTROL DEVICES

- A. Size of Units: Except as otherwise specifically indicated, comply with the manufacturer's recommendations for size of door control unit, depending upon size of door, exposure to weather and anticipated frequency of use.
- B. Closers: All door closers shall be of one manufacturer to provide for proper installation and servicing after installation. All closers shall be inspected after installation by a factory representative to ensure proper adjustment and operation. Closer shall carry a manufacturer's 10 year warranty for hydraulic units and 2 year warranty for electrical and/or handicap power assist door closers against manufacturing defects and workmanship.
- C. Cylinder: Shall be of high strength cast iron construction. All door exterior closers shall be tested to ANSI/BHMA A156.4 test requirements by a BHMA certified independent testing laboratory. A written certification showing successful completion of a minimum of 10,000,000 cycles for all exterior door closers must be provided. Cylinder shall have been manufactured and in the marketplace for a minimum of 10 years.
- D. All door closers shall be fully hydraulic and have full rack and pinion action with a shaft diameter of a minimum of 11/16" and piston diameter of 1-1/2". Closer shall utilize full complement bearings at shaft. Pinion and pistons shall be hardened regardless of closer size. The closer shall incorporate tamper resistant non-critical screw valves of V-slot design to reduce possible clogging. Closer shall have separate and independent screw valve adjustments for latch speed, general speed and hydraulic backcheck. Backcheck shall be properly located so as to effectively slow the swing of the door at a minimum of 10 degrees in advance of the dead stop location. Pressure relief valves are not acceptable.
- E. All door closers shall pass ULIOC positive pressure fire test.

- F. Parallel Arm Closers: Shall incorporate one piece solid forged steel arms with bronze bushings. 1-9/16" x 1/2" steel stud shoulder bolts, shall be incorporated in regular arms, hold open arms, arms with stop built in, arms with hold open and stop built in. All other closers to have forged steel main arms for strength, and durability.
- G. Built-In Stops: Where closers with built-in positive stops are used, the stops shall be of one piece cast malleable iron material. Screw on stops of any kind are not acceptable. Where required, the hold-open assembly handle for these stops shall rotate on ball bearings.
- H. All closers to have a powder coat finish on closer body, arm, metal cover and adapter plate. Powder coat finish shall exceed a minimum 100 hour salt spray test, as described in ANSI Standard A156.4 and ASTM B117.
- I. Hydraulic Fluid: All closers, with the exception of interior and interior electronic closers, shall utilize temperature stable fluid capable of withstanding temperature ranges of 120 degrees F. to -30F. without requiring seasonal adjustment of closer speed to properly close the door.
- J. Supply all drop plates, shoe supports, templates, etc. to properly install closers according to manufacturer's recommendations.
- K. Provide grey resilient parts for exposed bumpers.
- L. Pressure relief valves are not accepted.
- M. Closer being submitted for approval shall have been manufactured for at least 10 years. A list of (10) year old projects using submitted closer shall be available upon request.
- N. All door closers shall be furnished with metal covers.
- O. Closer Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide closer products of the following approved manufacturers:
 - I. LCN Closers 4040 Series

2.7 EXIT DEVICES

General: All devices and mullions shall be of one manufacturer to provide for proper installation and servicing. Devices shall be furnished non-handed and capable of direct field conversion for all available trim functions. All devices shall carry a three year warranty against manufacturing defects and workmanship. Exit device(s) being submitted for approval shall have been manufactured for at least 10 years. A list of (10) years old projects using submitted exit device shall be available upon request.

- A. Surface Mounted Rim Exit Devices:
 - I. Devices shall be push through type touch pad design with a straight or horizontal motion to eliminate pinch points. The angular motion type pad with end cavity exposed when depressed is unacceptable. Latch bolt shall have a self-lubricating coating which reduces friction and wear. Plated latch bolts are unacceptable. Device housing shall be heavy duty extruded aluminum.
 - 2. Mechanism Case or Housing: Shall have an average minimum thickness of (.140") EXTRUDED aluminum, and shall have the adaptability to convert from standard hex key dogging to a high security cylinder dog operation in the field.

- a. No exposed screws shall be seen from the back side (pull side) of the device through a glass lite.
- b. The use of plastic parts to retract the latchbolt is unacceptable.
- 3. Springs: Only minimum (1/16") diameter compression springs are acceptable. All internal parts shall be zinc dichromate coated to prevent rusting.
- 4. Quiet Feature: All devices shall incorporate a hydraulic sound damper to which decelerates the touchpad on its return stroke and eliminates noise associated with exit device operation.
- 5. Touch Pad: Shall be architectural metal with a minimum height of 2-3/16". Plastic is not acceptable.
- 6. Outside Trim: Shall be heavy duty type and fastened by means of concealed welded lugs and thru-bolts from the inside. Lever trim shall be forged brass with a minimum average thickness on the escutcheon of (.130"). Plate with pull shall be minimum average thickness of (.090") and have forged pulls. Lever trim shall be furnished with "Break-Away Levers" (996L Trim).
- 7. End caps shall be sloped and of heavy-duty metal alloy construction and provide horizontal adjustment to provide flush alignment with device cover plate. When device end cap is installed, no raised edges will protrude. End cap shall be cast metal or forged aluminum and have a minimum thickness of (.250"). Plastic or metal stamping will not be acceptable.
- 8. All devices with US28 finish to have stainless steel touch bars with US26D trim.
- 9. All floor strikes on interior vertical rod panic devices to be similar to Von Duprin 385A.
- 10. Provide all shim kits and filler plates to allow flush mounting of exit devices on all types of doors used in this project.
- 11. Furnish all exit devices with deadlocking latchbolts.
- 12. Rim Series Exit Device shall be tested to ANSI/BHMA A156.3 test requirements by a BHMA certified independent testing laboratory; a written certification showing successful completion of a minimum of 5,000,000 cycles must be provided by the independent laboratory.
- B. Acceptable Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide exit device products of the following manufacturers:
 - I. Von Duprin 98 series

2.8 DOOR TRIM UNITS

- A. Fasteners: Provide manufacturer's standard exposed fasteners for door trim units (kick plates, edge trim, viewers, knockers, mail drops and similar units); either machine screws or self-tapping screws.
- B. Where existing doors are receiving new hardware, provide new protection plates on all doors that have existing plates, if not already specified. New plates are to be of equal or greater size than existing plates.
- C. Acceptable Manufacturers:
 - I. Ives

- 2. Rockwood
- 3. Quality

2.9 WEATHERSTRIP AND GASKETING

- A. General: Except as otherwise indicated, provide continuous weather stripping at each leaf of every exterior door. Provide type, sizes and profiles shown or scheduled. Provide non-corrosive fasteners as recommended by manufacturer for application indicated.
- B. Replaceable Seal Strips: Provide only those units where resilient or flexible seal strips is easily replaceable and readily available from stocks maintained by the manufacturer.
- C. Acceptable Manufacturers:
 - I. Pemko
 - 2. National Guard Products
 - 3. Zero

2.10.1 THRESHOLDS

- A. General: Except as otherwise indicated provide standard aluminum threshold unit of type, size and profile as shown or detailed.
- B. Provide welded custom thresholds where scheduled and noted in the hardware sets. Provide cover plates where scheduled.
- C. Provide thresholds that are I" wider than depth of frame
- D. Acceptable Manufacturers:
 - I. National Guard Products
 - 2. Pemko
 - 3. Zero

2.12 DOOR SILENCERS

All hollow metal frames shall have grey resilient type silencers. Quantity (3) on single doors and quantity (2) on pairs of doors.

PART 3--EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Hardware specified under this section for aluminum doors will be coordinated and delivered in a timely manner to aluminum door manufacturer for installation on aluminum doors prior to delivery to project. This coordination will not impede delivery of storefront or securing exterior of building during construction.
- B. Mount hardware units at heights indicated in "Recommended Locations for Builders Hardware for Standard Steel Doors and Frames" by the Door and Hardware Institute, except as specifically indicated or required to comply with governing regulations, and except as may be otherwise directed by Architect.

- C. Install each hardware item in compliance with the manufacturer's instructions and recommendations. Wherever cutting and fitting is required to install hardware onto or into surfaces which are later to be painted or finished in another way, coordinate removal, storage and reinstallation or application of surface protections with finishing work specified in the Division-9 sections. Do not install surface-mounted items until finishes have been completed on the substrate.
- D. Set units level, plumb and true to line and location. Adjust and reinforce the attachment substrate as necessary for proper installation and operation.
- E. Drill and countersink units which are not factory-prepared for anchorage fasteners. Space fasteners and anchors in accordance with industry standards.
- F. Set thresholds for exterior doors in full bed of butyl-rubber or polyisobutylene mastic sealant.

3.2 ADJUST AND CLEAN

- A. Adjust and check each operating item of hardware and each door, to ensure proper operation or function of every unit. Replace units which cannot be adjusted to operate freely and smoothly as intended for the application made.
- B. Clean adjacent surfaces soiled by hardware installation.
- C. Final Adjustment: Wherever hardware installation is made more than one month prior to acceptance or occupancy of a space or area, return to the work during the week prior to acceptance or occupancy, and make final check and adjustment of all hardware items in such space or area. Clean operating items as necessary to restore proper function and finish of hardware and doors. Adjust door control devices to compensate for final operation of heating and ventilating equipment.
- D. Instruct Owner's Personnel in proper adjustment and maintenance of hardware and hardware finishes, during the final adjustment of hardware.

3.3 HARDWARE SCHEDULE

HW SET: 01

3	EA	HINGE	3CBI 4.5 X 4.5 NRP	630	IVE
-	EΑ	PANIC HARDWARE	98L 996L	626	VON
- [EA	RIM CYLINDER	RIM CYLINDER TO MATCH EXISTING KEY SYSTEM	626	SCH
- [EA	SURFACE CLOSER	4III EDA	689	LCN
- [EA	KICK PLATE	8400 10" X 2" LDW	630	IVE
- [EA	SECURITY FLOOR STOP	FS18S	BLK	IVE
- [SET	SEALS	700SA	AL	NGP
- [EA	DOOR SWEEP	95WH	AL	NGP
I	EΑ	THRESHOLD	896V	AL	NGP

HW SET: 02

BALANCE OF HARDWARE BY DOOR MFG B/O

HW SET: 03

3	EΑ	HINGE	3CBI 4.5 X 4.5	630	IVE
	EΑ	STOREROOM LOCK	ND80PD RHO (MATCH EXISTING)	626	SCH
	EΑ	KICK PLATE	8400 10" X 2" LDW	630	IVE
1	EΑ	WALL STOP	WS401CCV	626	IVE
3	EA	SILENCER	SR64	GRY	IVE

SECTION 09900 - PAINTING

PART I - GENERAL

I.I RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division I Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes surface preparation and field painting of the following:
 - 1. Surface preparation, priming, and finish coats specified in this Section are in addition to shop priming and surface treatment specified in other Sections.
- B. Paint exposed surfaces, except where the paint schedules indicate that a surface or material is not to be painted or is to remain natural. If the paint schedules do not specifically mention an item or a surface, paint the item or surface the same as similar adjacent materials or surfaces whether or not schedules indicate colors. If the schedules do not indicate color or finish, the Architect will select from standard colors and finishes available.
 - I. Painting includes field painting of exposed bare and covered pipes and ducts (including color coding), hangers, exposed steel and iron work, and primed metal surfaces of mechanical and electrical equipment.
- C. Do not paint prefinished items, concealed surfaces, finished metal surfaces, operating parts, and labels.
 - 1. Prefinished items include the following factory-finished components:
 - a. Finished mechanical and electrical equipment.
 - b. Light fixtures.
 - c. Distribution cabinets.
 - d. Aluminum window frames and doors
 - 2. Concealed surfaces include walls or ceilings in the following generally inaccessible spaces:
 - a. Foundation spaces.
 - b. Furred areas.
 - c. Ceiling plenums.
 - d. Utility tunnels.
 - e. Pipe spaces.
 - f. Duct shafts.
 - 3. Finished metal surfaces include the following:
 - a. Anodized aluminum.
 - b. Stainless steel.
 - c. Chromium plate.
 - d. Copper.
 - e. Bronze and brass.
 - 4. Operating parts include moving parts of operating equipment and the following:

- a. Valve and damper operators.
- b. Linkages.
- c. Sensing devices.
- d. Motor and fan shafts.
- 5. Labels: Do not paint over Underwriters Laboratories (UL), Factory Mutual (FM), or other code-required labels or equipment name, identification, performance rating, or nomenclature plates.

D. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 8 Section "Steel Doors and Frames" for shop priming steel doors and frames.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. General: Standard coating terms defined in ASTM D 16 apply to this Section.
 - 1. Flat refers to a lusterless or matte finish with a gloss range below 15 when measured at an 85-degree meter.
 - 2. Eggshell refers to low-sheen finish with a gloss range between 5 and 20 when measured at a 60-degree meter.
 - 3. Satin refers to low-sheen finish with a gloss range between 15 and 35 when measured at a 60-degree meter.
 - 4. Semigloss refers to medium-sheen finish with a gloss range between 30 and 65 when measured at a 60-degree meter.
 - 5. Full gloss refers to high-sheen finish with a gloss range more than 65 when measured at a 60-degree meter.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each paint system specified. Include block fillers and primers.
 - I. Material List: Provide an inclusive list of required coating materials. Indicate each material and cross-reference specific coating, finish system, and application. Identify each material by manufacturer's catalog number and general classification.
 - 2. Manufacturer's Information: Provide manufacturer's technical information, including label analysis and instructions for handling, storing, and applying each coating material proposed for use.
 - 3. Certification by the manufacturer that products supplied comply with local regulations controlling use of volatile organic compounds (VOCs).
- B. Samples for Initial Selection: Manufacturer's color charts showing the full range of colors available for each type of finish-coat material indicated.
 - 1. After color selection, the Architect will furnish color chips for surfaces to be coated.
- C. Samples for Verification: Of each color and material to be applied, with texture to simulate actual conditions, on representative Samples of the actual substrate.
 - 1. Provide stepped Samples, defining each separate coat, including block fillers and primers. Use representative colors when preparing Samples for review. Resubmit until required sheen, color, and texture are achieved.
 - 2. Provide a list of materials and applications for each coat of each sample. Label each sample for location and application.

D. Qualification Data: For firms and persons specified in the "Quality Assurance" Article to demonstrate their capabilities and experience. Include lists of completed projects with project names and addresses, names and addresses of architects and owners, and other information specified.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Applicator Qualifications: Engage an experienced applicator who has completed painting system applications similar in material and extent to that indicated for this Project with a record of successful inservice performance.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain block fillers, primers, and undercoat materials for each coating system from the same manufacturer as the finish coats.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver materials to the Project Site in manufacturer's original, unopened packages and containers bearing manufacturer's name and label, and the following information:
 - I. Product name or title of material.
 - 2. Product description (generic classification or binder type).
 - 3. Manufacturer's stock number and date of manufacture.
 - 4. Contents by volume, for pigment and vehicle constituents.
 - 5. Thinning instructions.
 - 6. Application instructions.
 - 7. Color name and number.
 - 8. VOC content.
- B. Store materials not in use in tightly covered containers in a well-ventilated area at a minimum ambient temperature of 45 deg F (7 deg C). Maintain containers used in storage in a clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
 - I. Protect from freezing. Keep storage area neat and orderly. Remove oily rags and waste daily. Take necessary measures to ensure that workers and work areas are protected from fire and health hazards resulting from handling, mixing, and application.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Apply water-based paints only when the temperature of surfaces to be painted and surrounding air temperatures are between 50 and 90 deg F (10 and 32 deg C).
- B. Apply solvent-thinned paints only when the temperature of surfaces to be painted and surrounding air temperatures are between 45 and 95 deg F (7.2 and 35 deg C).
- C. Do not apply paint in snow, rain, fog, or mist; or when the relative humidity exceeds 85 percent; or at temperatures less than 5 deg F (3 deg C) above the dew point; or to damp or wet surfaces.
 - 1. Painting may continue during inclement weather if surfaces and areas to be painted are enclosed and heated within temperature limits specified by manufacturer during application and drying periods.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers Names: The following manufacturers are referred to in the paint schedules by use of shortened versions of their names, which are shown in parentheses:
 - I. Devoe & Raynolds Co. (Devoe).
 - 2. Fuller-O'Brien Paints (Fuller).
 - 3. Glidden Co. (The) (Glidden).
 - 4. Benjamin Moore & Co. (Moore).
 - 5. PPG Industries, Inc. (PPG).
 - 6. Pratt & Lambert, Inc. (P & L).
 - 7. Sherwin-Williams Co. (S-W).
 - 8. Kwal-Howells
 - 9. Others as pre-approved.

2.2 PAINT MATERIALS, GENERAL

- A. Material Compatibility: Provide block fillers, primers, undercoats, and finish-coat materials that are compatible with one another and the substrates indicated under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by manufacturer based on testing and field experience.
- B. Material Quality: Provide manufacturer's best-quality paint material of the various coating types specified. Paint-material containers not displaying manufacturer's product identification will not be acceptable.
 - I. Proprietary Names: Use of manufacturer's proprietary product names to designate colors or materials is not intended to imply that products named are required to be used to the exclusion of equivalent products of other manufacturers. Furnish manufacturer's material data and certificates of performance for proposed substitutions.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with the Applicator present, under which painting will be performed for compliance with paint application requirements.
 - I. Do not begin to apply paint until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected and surfaces receiving paint are thoroughly dry.
 - 2. Start of painting will be construed as the Applicator's acceptance of surfaces and conditions within a particular area.
- B. Coordination of Work: Review other Sections in which primers are provided to ensure compatibility of the total system for various substrates. On request, furnish information on characteristics of finish materials to ensure use of compatible primers.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. General: Remove hardware and hardware accessories, plates, machined surfaces, lighting fixtures, and similar items already installed that are not to be painted. If removal is impractical or impossible because of the size or weight of the item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and painting.

- After completing painting operations in each space or area, reinstall items removed using workers skilled in the trades involved.
- B. Cleaning: Before applying paint or other surface treatments, clean the substrates of substances that could impair the bond of the various coatings. Remove oil and grease before cleaning.
 - I. Schedule cleaning and painting so dust and other contaminants from the cleaning process will not fall on wet, newly painted surfaces.
- C. Surface Preparation: Clean and prepare surfaces to be painted according to manufacturer's written instructions for each particular substrate condition and as specified.
 - 1. Provide barrier coats over incompatible primers or remove and reprime.
 - 2. Ferrous Metals: Clean ungalvanized ferrous-metal surfaces that have not been shop coated; remove oil, grease, dirt, loose mill scale, and other foreign substances. Use solvent or mechanical cleaning methods that comply with the Steel Structures Painting Council's (SSPC) recommendations.
 - a. Blast steel surfaces clean as recommended by paint system manufacturer and according to requirements of SSPC-SP 10.
 - b. Treat bare and sandblasted or pickled clean metal with a metal treatment wash coat before priming.
 - c. Touch up bare areas and shop-applied prime coats that have been damaged. Wire-brush, clean with solvents recommended by paint manufacturer, and touch up with the same primer as the shop coat.
 - 3. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean galvanized surfaces with nonpetroleum-based solvents so surface is free of oil and surface contaminants. Remove pretreatment from galvanized sheet metal fabricated from coil stock by mechanical methods.
- D. Materials Preparation: Mix and prepare paint materials according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 1. Maintain containers used in mixing and applying paint in a clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
 - 2. Stir material before application to produce a mixture of uniform density. Stir as required during application. Do not stir surface film into material. If necessary, remove surface film and strain material before using.
 - 3. Use only thinners approved by paint manufacturer and only within recommended limits.
- E. Tinting: Tint each undercoat a lighter shade to simplify identification of each coat when multiple coats of the same material are applied. Tint undercoats to match the color of the finish coat, but provide sufficient differences in shade of undercoats to distinguish each separate coat.

3.3 APPLICATION

- A. General: Apply paint according to manufacturer's written instructions. Use applicators and techniques best suited for substrate and type of material being applied.
 - I. Do not paint over dirt, rust, scale, grease, moisture, scuffed surfaces, or conditions detrimental to formation of a durable paint film.
 - 2. Provide finish coats that are compatible with primers used.
 - 3. The term "exposed surfaces" includes areas visible when permanent or built-in fixtures, convector covers, covers for finned-tube radiation, grilles, and similar components are in place. Extend coatings in these areas, as required, to maintain the system integrity and provide desired protection.

- B. Scheduling Painting: Apply first coat to surfaces that have been cleaned, pretreated, or otherwise prepared for painting as soon as practicable after preparation and before subsequent surface deterioration.
 - I. The number of coats and the film thickness required are the same regardless of application method. Do not apply succeeding coats until the previous coat has cured as recommended by the manufacturer. If sanding is required to produce a smooth, even surface according to manufacturer's written instructions, sand between applications.
 - 2. Omit primer on metal surfaces that have been shop primed and touchup painted.
 - 3. If undercoats, stains, or other conditions show through final coat of paint, apply additional coats until paint film is of uniform finish, color, and appearance. Give special attention to ensure edges, corners, crevices, welds, and exposed fasteners receive a dry film thickness equivalent to that of flat surfaces.
 - 4. Allow sufficient time between successive coats to permit proper drying. Do not recoat surfaces until paint has dried to where it feels firm, does not deform or feel sticky under moderate thumb pressure, and where application of another coat of paint does not cause the undercoat to lift or lose adhesion.
- C. Application Procedures: Apply paints and coatings by brush, roller, spray, or other applicators according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 1. Brushes: Use brushes best suited for the type of material applied. Use brush of appropriate size for the surface or item being painted.
 - 2. Rollers: Use rollers of carpet, velvet back, or high-pile sheep's wool as recommended by the manufacturer for the material and texture required.
 - 3. Spray Equipment: Use airless spray equipment with orifice size as recommended by the manufacturer for the material and texture required.
- D. Minimum Coating Thickness: Apply paint materials no thinner than manufacturer's recommended spreading rate. Provide the total dry film thickness of the entire system as recommended by the manufacturer.
- E. Mechanical and Electrical Work: Painting of mechanical and electrical work is limited to items exposed in equipment rooms and in occupied spaces.
- F. Finish coats, apply a prime coat of material, as recommended by the manufacturer, to material that is required to be painted or finished and that has not been prime coated by others. Recoat primed and sealed surfaces where evidence of suction spots or unsealed areas in first coat appears, to ensure a finish coat with no burn through or other defects due to insufficient sealing.
- G. Completed Work: Match approved samples for color, texture, and coverage. Remove, refinish, or repaint work not complying with requirements.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. The Owner reserves the right to invoke the following test procedure at any time and as often as the Owner deems necessary during the period when paint is being applied:
 - 1. The Owner will engage the services of an independent testing agency to sample the paint material being used. Samples of material delivered to the Project will be taken, identified, sealed, and certified in the presence of the Contractor.
 - 2. The testing agency will perform appropriate tests for the following characteristics as required by the Owner:
 - a. Quantitative material analysis.
 - b. Abrasion resistance.
 - c. Apparent reflectivity.
 - d. Flexibility.

- e. Washability.
- f. Absorption.
- g. Accelerated weathering.
- h. Dry opacity.
- i. Accelerated yellowness.
- j. Recoating.
- k, Skinning.
- I. Color retention.
- m. Alkali and mildew resistance.
- 3. The Owner may direct the Contractor to stop painting if test results show material being used does not comply with specified requirements. The Contractor shall remove noncomplying paint from the site, pay for testing, and repaint surfaces previously coated with the rejected paint. If necessary, the Contractor may be required to remove rejected paint from previously painted surfaces if, on repainting with specified paint, the 2 coatings are incompatible.

3.5 CLEANING

- A. Cleanup: At the end of each workday, remove empty cans, rags, rubbish, and other discarded paint materials from the site.
 - I. After completing painting, clean glass and paint-spattered surfaces. Remove spattered paint by washing and scraping. Be careful not to scratch or damage adjacent finished surfaces.

3.6 PROTECTION

- A. Protect work of other trades, whether being painted or not, against damage by painting. Correct damage by cleaning, repairing or replacing, and repainting.
- B. Provide "Wet Paint" signs to protect newly painted finishes. Remove temporary protective wrappings provided by others to protect their work after completing painting operations.
 - I. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced painted surfaces. Comply with procedures specified in PDCA PI.

3.7 INTERIOR PAINT SCHEDULE

- A. Ferrous Metal: Provide the following finish systems over ferrous metal:
 - 1. Semigloss, Alkyd-Enamel Finish: One finish coat over an enamel undercoater and a primer.
 - a. Primer: Quick-drying, rust-inhibitive, alkyd-based or epoxy-metal primer, as recommended by the manufacturer for this substrate, applied at spreading rate recommended by the manufacturer to achieve a total dry film thickness of not less than 1.5 mils (0.038 mm).
 - 1) Devoe: 13101 Mirrolac Rust Penetrating Metal Primer.
 - 2) Fuller: 621-04 Blox-Rust Alkyd Metal Primer.
 - 3) Glidden: 5207 Glid-Guard Tank & Structural Primer, White.
 - 4) Moore: IronClad Retardo Rust-Inhibitive Paint #163.
 - 5) PPG: 6-208 Speedhide Interior/Exterior Rust Inhibitive Steel Primer.
 - 6) P & L: S 4551 Tech-Gard High Performance Rust Inhibitor Primer.

- 7) S-W: Kem Kromik Metal Primer B50N2/B50W1.
- b. Undercoat: Alkyd, interior enamel undercoat or semigloss, interior, alkyd-enamel finish coat, as recommended by the manufacturer for this substrate, applied at spreading rate recommended by the manufacturer to achieve a total dry film thickness of not less than 1.2 mils (0.031 mm).
 - 1) Devoe: 26XX Velour Interior Alkyd Semi-Gloss Enamel.
 - 2) Fuller: 220-07 Interior Alkyd Enamel Undercoat.
 - 3) Glidden: UH 8400 Ultra Traditional Alkyd Semi-Gloss Enamel.
 - 4) Moore: Moore's Alkyd Enamel Underbody #217.
 - 5) PPG: 6-6 Speedhide Interior Quick-Drying Enamel Undercoater.
 - 6) P & L: S/D 1011 Suprime "11" Interior Alkyd Wood Primer.
 - 7) S-W: ProMar 200 Interior Alkyd Semi-Gloss Enamel B34W200.
- c. Finish Coat: Odorless, semigloss, alkyd, interior enamel applied at spreading rate recommended by the manufacturer to achieve a total dry film thickness of not less than 1.4 mils (0.036 mm).
 - 1) Devoe: 26XX Velour Interior Alkyd Semi-Gloss Enamel.
 - 2) Fuller: 110-XX Fullerglo Alkyd Semi-Gloss Enamel.
 - 3) Glidden: UH 8400 Ultra Traditional Alkyd Semi-Gloss Enamel.
 - 4) Moore: Satin Impervo #235.
 - 5) PPG: 27 Line Wallhide Low Odor Interior Enamel Wall and Trim Semi-Gloss Oil.
 - 6) P & L: S/D 5700 Cellu-Tone Alkyd Satin Enamel.
 - 7) S-W: Classic 99 Interior/Exterior Semi-Gloss Alkyd Enamel A-40 Series.
 - 8)
- B. Zinc-Coated Metal: Provide the following finish systems over zinc-coated metal:
 - 1. Semigloss, Alkyd-Enamel Finish: One finish coat over an undercoat and a primer.
 - a. Primer: Galvanized metal primer applied at spreading rate recommended by the manufacturer to achieve a total dry film thickness of not less than 1.2 mils (0.03 l mm).
 - 1) Devoe: 13201 Mirrolac Galvanized Metal Primer.
 - 2) Fuller: 621-05 Blox-Rust Latex Metal Primer.
 - 3) Glidden: 5207 Glid-Guard Tank & Structural Primer, White.
 - 4) Moore: IronClad Galvanized Metal Latex Primer #155.
 - 5) PPG: 90-709 Pitt-Tech One Pack Interior/Exterior Primer/Finish DTM Industrial Enamel.
 - 6) P & L: Z/F 1003 Suprime "3" Interior/Exterior Latex Metal Primer.
 - 7) S-W: Galvite Paint B50W3.
 - b. Undercoat: Alkyd, interior enamel undercoat or semigloss, interior, alkyd-enamel finish coat, as recommended by the manufacturer for this substrate, applied at spreading rate recommended by the manufacturer to achieve a total dry film thickness of not less than 1.2 mils (0.031 mm).
 - 1) Devoe: 26XX Velour Interior Alkyd Semi-Gloss Enamel.
 - 2) Fuller: 220-07 Interior Alkyd Enamel Undercoat.
 - 3) Glidden: UH 8400 Series Spred Ultra Traditional Alkyd Semi-Gloss Enamel.
 - 4) Moore: Moore's Alkyd Enamel Underbody #217.
 - 5) PPG: 6-6 Speedhide Interior Quick-Drying Enamel Undercoater.
 - 6) P & L: S/D 1011 Suprime "11" Interior Alkyd Wood Primer.
 - 7) S-W: ProMar 200 Interior Alkyd Semi-Gloss Enamel B34W200.

- Finish Coat: Odorless, semigloss, alkyd, interior enamel applied at spreading rate recommended by the manufacturer to achieve a total dry film thickness of not less than 1.4 mils (0.036 mm).
 - 1) Devoe: 26XX Velour Interior Alkyd Semi-Gloss Enamel.
 - 2)
 - Fuller: I 10-XX Fullerglo Alkyd Semi-Gloss Enamel.
 Glidden: UH 8400 Ultra Traditional Alkyd Semi-Gloss Enamel. 3)
 - 4) Moore: Satin Impervo #235.
 - 5) PPG: 27 Line Wallhide Low Odor Interior Enamel Wall and Trim Semi-Gloss Oil.
 - P & L: S/D 5700 Cellu-Tone Alkyd Satin Enamel. 6)
 - S-W: Classic 99 Interior Alkyd Semi-Gloss Enamel A-40 Series.

END OF SECTION 09900

SECTION 10520 - FIRE-PROTECTION SPECIALTIES

PART I - GENERAL

I.I RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division I Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Portable fire extinguishers.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for fire-protection specialties.
 - 1. Fire Extinguishers: Include rating and classification.
- B. Samples for Initial Selection: Manufacturer's color charts consisting of units or sections of units showing the full range of colors, textures, and patterns available for each type of cabinet finish indicated.

1,4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Source Limitations: Obtain fire extinguishers and cabinets through one source from a single manufacturer.
- B. NFPA Compliance: Fabricate and label fire extinguishers to comply with NFPA 10, "Standard for Portable Fire Extinguishers."
- C. Fire Extinguishers: Listed and labeled for type, rating, and classification by an independent testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 1. Provide extinguishers listed and labeled by FM.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - I. Portable Fire Extinguishers:
 - a. Amerex Corporation.

- b. I.L. Industries, Inc.
- c. Kidde: Walter Kidde, The Fire Extinguisher Co.
- d. Larsen's Manufacturing Company.
- e. Modern Metal Products; Div. of Technico.
- f. Moon/American, Inc.
- g. Pem All; Div. of Pem Systems, Inc.
- h. Potter-Roemer, Div. of Smith Industries, Inc.
- i. Watrous; Div. of American Specialties, Inc.

2.2 PORTABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHERS

- A. General: Provide fire extinguishers of type, size, and capacity for locations indicated.
- B. Multipurpose Dry-Chemical Type: UL-rated 4-A:60-B:C, 10-lb (4.5-kg) nominal capacity, in enameled-steel container.

2.3 ACCESSORIES

- A. Mounting Brackets: Manufacturer's standard steel, designed to secure extinguisher, of sizes required for types and capacities of extinguishers indicated, with plated or baked-enamel finish.
 - 1. Provide brackets for extinguishers not located in cabinets.
- B. Identification: Provide signage to comply with authorities having jurisdiction for letter style, color, size, spacing, and location. Locate as indicated by Architect.
 - I. Identify fire extinguisher with the words "FIRE EXTINGUISHER".
 - a. Lettering Color: Red.

2.4 COLORS AND TEXTURES

A. Colors and Textures: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range for these characteristics.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine fire extinguishers for proper charging and tagging.
 - 1. Remove and replace damaged, defective, or undercharged units.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing fire-protection specialties.
- B. Install in locations and at mounting heights indicated or, if not indicated, at heights acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

1. Fasten mounting brackets to structure, square and plumb.

END OF SECTION 10520

SECTION 13125 - METAL BUILDING SYSTEMS

PART I - GENERAL

I.I RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division I Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - I. Structural framing.
 - 2. Roof panels.
 - 3. Wall panels and liners.
 - 4. Insulation.
 - 5. Building components, as follows:
 - a. Windows.
 - 6. Accessories and trim.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 3 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete" for concrete foundations and anchor-bolt installation.
 - 2. Division 7 Section "Building Insulation" for insulation installed in roofs and walls.
 - 3. Division 8 Section "Sectional Overhead Doors."
 - 4. Division 8 Section "Door Hardware" for finish door hardware and keying not standard with metal building system manufacturer.
 - 5. Division 9 Section "Painting" for shop-applied finishes not standard with metal building system manufacturer.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Bay Spacing: Dimension between main frames measured normal to frame (at centerline of frame) for interior bays, and dimension from centerline of first interior main frame measured perpendicular to end wall (outside face of end-wall girt).
- B. Building Length: Dimension of the building measured perpendicular to main framing from end wall to end wall (outside face of girt to outside face of girt).
- C. Building Width: Dimension of the building measured parallel to main framing from sidewall to sidewall (outside face of girt to outside face of girt).
- D. Clear Span: Distance between supports of beams, girders, or trusses (measured from lowest level of connecting area of a column and a rafter frame, or knee).
- E. Eave Height: Vertical dimension from finished floor to eave (the line along the sidewall formed by intersection of the planes of the roof and wall).

- F. Clear Height under Structure: Vertical dimension from finished floor to lowest point of any part of primary or secondary structure, not including crane supports, located within clear span.
- G. Terminology Standard: Refer to MBMA's "Low Rise Building Systems Manual" for definitions of terms for metal building system construction not otherwise defined in this Section or in referenced standards.

1.4 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. General: Provide a complete, integrated set of mutually dependent components and assemblies that form a metal building system capable of withstanding structural and other loads, thermally induced movement, and exposure to weather without failure or infiltration of water into building interior. Include primary and secondary framing, roof and wall panels, and accessories complying with requirements indicated, including those in this Article.
- B. Metal Building System Design: Of size, spacing, slope, and spans indicated, and as follows:
 - 1. Primary Frame Type: Provide the following:
 - a. Rigid Clear Span: Solid-member structural-framing system without interior columns, with cantilever.
 - 2. End-Wall Framing: Manufacturer's standard, for buildings not required to be expandable, as follows:
 - a. Provide primary frame, capable of supporting one-half of a bay design load, and end-wall columns.
 - b. Provide load-bearing end-wall and comer columns, and rafters.
 - 3. Secondary Frame Type: Manufacturer's standard rafters and the following girts:
 - a. Partially inset-framed girts and exterior-framed (bypass) girts.
 - 4. Eave Height: Manufacturer's standard height, as indicated by nominal height on Drawings.
 - 5. Bay Spacing: As shown on drawing.
 - 6. Roof Slope: As shown on drawing.
 - 7. Roof System: Manufacturer's standard standing-seam roof panels with batt insulation.
 - 8. Exterior Wall System: Manufacturer's standard field-assembled batt insulated wall panels and standard field-assembled uninsulated wall panels.
- C. Structural Performance: Provide metal building systems capable of withstanding the effects of gravity loads and the following loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated:
 - I. Engineer metal building systems according to procedures in MBMA's "Low Rise Building Systems Manual"
 - 2. Design Loads: As indicated. Comply with load requirements of MBMA's "Low Rise Building Systems Manual."
 - 3. Live Loads: Include vertical loads induced by the building occupancy indicated on Drawings. Include loads induced by maintenance workers, materials, and equipment for roof live loads.
 - a. Building Occupancy: As indicated.
 - 4. Roof Snow Loads: Include vertical loads induced by the weight of snow, as determined by 50-year mean-recurrence-interval ground snow load at Project site. Allow for unbalanced and drift loads.

- 5. Wind Loads: Include horizontal loads induced by a basic wind speed corresponding to a 10-year mean-recurrence interval at Project site. See structural drawings
- 6. Collateral Loads: Include additional dead loads other than the weight of metal building system for permanent items such as sprinklers, mechanical systems, electrical systems, and ceilings.
- 7. Auxiliary Loads: Include dynamic live loads, such as those generated by cranes and materials-handling equipment.
- 8. Load Combinations: Design metal building systems to withstand the most critical effects of load factors and load combinations.
- 9. Deflection Limits: Engineer assemblies to withstand design loads with deflections no greater than the following:
 - a. Purlins and Rafters: Vertical deflection of 1/240 of the span.
 - b. Girts: Horizontal deflection of 1/240 of the span.
 - c. Roof Panels: Vertical deflection 1/240 of the span.
 - d. Wall Panels: Horizontal deflection of 1/240 of the span.
- 10. Design secondary framing system to accommodate deflection of primary building structure and construction tolerances, and to maintain clearances at openings.
- D. Seismic Performance: Design and engineer metal building systems capable of withstanding the effects of earthquake motions determined according to the building code in effect for this Project or ASCE 7, "Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures": Section 9, "Earthquake Loads," whichever is more stringent.
- E. Thermal Movements: Provide metal building roof and wall panel systems that allow for thermal movements resulting from the following maximum change (range) in ambient and surface temperatures by preventing buckling, opening of joints, overstressing of components, failure of joint sealants, failure of connections, and other detrimental effects. Base engineering calculation on surface temperatures of materials due to both solar heat gain and nighttime-sky heat loss.
 - 1. Temperature Change (Range): 120 deg F (67 deg C), ambient; 180 deg F (100 deg C), material surfaces.
- F. Air Infiltration for Roof Panels: Provide roof panel assemblies with permanent resistance to air leakage through assembly of not more than 0.09 cfm/sq. ft. (0.45 L/s per sq. m) of fixed roof area when tested according to ASTM E 1680 at a static-air-pressure difference of 4 lbf/sq. ft. (192 Pa).
- G. Air Infiltration for Wall Panels: Provide wall panel assemblies with permanent resistance to air leakage through assembly of not more than 0.09 cfm/sq. ft. (0.45 L/s per sq. m) of fixed wall area when tested according to ASTM E 283 at a static-air-pressure difference of 4 lbf/sq. ft. (192 Pa).
- H. Water Penetration for Roof Panels: Provide roof panel assemblies with no water penetration as defined in the test method when tested according to ASTM E 1646 at a minimum differential pressure of 20 percent of inward-acting, wind-load design pressure of not less than 6.24 lbf/sq. ft. (300 Pa) and not more than 12 lbf/sq. ft. (575 Pa).
- I. Water Penetration for Wall Panels: Provide wall panel assemblies with no water penetration as defined in the test method when tested according to ASTM E 331 at a minimum differential pressure of 20 percent of inward-acting, wind-load design pressure of not less than 6.24 lbf/sq. ft. (300 Pa) and not more than 12 lbf/sq. ft. (575 Pa).
- J. Wind-Uplift Resistance: Provide roof panel assemblies that meet requirements of UL 580 for the following wind-uplift resistance:
 - 1. Class 90.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for each type of the following metal building system components:
 - I. Structural-framing system.
 - 2. Roof panels.
 - 3. Wall panels
 - 4. Translucent panels.
 - 5. Insulation.
 - 6. Vapor retarders.
 - 7. Trim and closures.
 - 8. Accessories.
- B. Shop Drawings: For the following metal building system components. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other Work.
 - I. For installed components indicated to comply with design loads, include structural analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
 - 2. Anchor-Bolt Plans: Include location, diameter, and projection of anchor bolts required to attach metal building to foundation. Indicate column reactions at each location.
 - 3. Structural-Framing Drawings: Show complete fabrication of primary and secondary framing. Indicate welds and bolted connections, distinguishing between shop and field applications. Include transverse cross-sections.
 - 4. Roof and Wall Panel Layout Drawings: Show layouts of panels on support framing, details of edge conditions, joints, panel profiles, corners, custom profiles, supports, anchorages, trim, flashings, closures, and special details. Distinguish between factory- and field-assembled work.
 - 5. Personnel Door Schedule: See Specification Sections 08710 for door hardware and Specification Section 08110 for hollow metal doors and frames
 - 6. Accessory Drawings: Include details of the following items, at a scale of not less than 1-1/2 inches per 12 inches (1:10):
 - a. Ventilators.
 - b. Gutters.
 - c. Downspouts.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: Manufacturer's color charts showing the full range of colors available for each type of the following products with factory-applied color finishes:
 - I. Roof panels.
 - 2. Wall panels.
 - 3. Trim and closures.
 - 4. Doors.
 - 5. Windows.
 - Accessories.
- D. Samples for Verification: For the following products, in manufacturer's standard sizes, showing the full range of color, texture, and pattern variations expected, in the profile and style indicated. Prepare Samples from the same material to be used for the Work.
 - 1. Roof Panels: 12 inches (300 mm) long by actual panel width. Include clips, caps, battens, fasteners, closures, and other exposed panel accessories.
 - 2. Wall Panels: 12 inches (300 mm) long by actual panel width. Include clips, caps, battens, fasteners, closures, and other exposed panel accessories.
 - 3. Translucent Panels: 12 inches (300 mm) long by actual panel width.

- 4. Trim and Closures: 12 inches (300 mm) long. Include fasteners and other exposed accessories.
- 5. Vapor Retarders: 6-inch- (150-mm-) square samples.
- 6. Windows: frame samples showing typical profile.
- 7. Accessories: 12-inch- (300-mm-) long samples for each type of accessory.
- E. Product Certificates: Signed by manufacturers of metal building systems certifying that products furnished comply with requirements.
 - 1. Letter of Design Certification: Signed and sealed by a qualified professional engineer. Include the following:
 - a. Name and location of Project.
 - b. Order number.
 - c. Name of manufacturer.
 - d. Name of Contractor.
 - e. Building dimensions, including width, length, height, and roof slope.
 - f. Indicate compliance with AISC standards for hot-rolled steel and AISI standards for cold-rolled steel, including edition dates of each standard.
 - g. Governing building code and year of edition.
 - h. Design Loads: Include dead load, roof live load, collateral loads, roof snow load, deflection, wind loads/speeds and exposure, seismic zone or effective peak velocity-related acceleration/peak acceleration, and auxiliary loads (cranes).
 - i. Load Combinations: Indicate that loads were applied acting simultaneously with concentrated loads, according to governing building code.
 - j. Building-Use Category: Indicate category of building use and its effect on load importance factors.
 - k. AISC Certification for Category MB: Include statement that metal building system and components were designed and produced in an AISC-Certified Facility by an AISC-Certified Manufacturer.
- F. Welding Certificates: Copies of certificates for welding procedures and personnel.
- G. Erector Certificates: Signed by manufacturer certifying that erectors comply with requirements.
- H. Manufacturer Certificates: Signed by manufacturers certifying that they comply with requirements. Include evidence of manufacturing experience.
- I. Qualification Data: For firms and persons specified in "Quality Assurance" Article to demonstrate their capabilities and experience. Include lists of completed projects with project names and addresses, names and addresses of architects and owners, and other information specified.
- J. Material Test Reports: From a qualified testing agency indicating and interpreting test results of steel for compliance with requirements indicated.
- K. Material Certificates: Signed by manufacturers certifying that each of the following items complies with requirements:
 - I. Thermal insulation.
 - 2. Vapor retarders.
- L. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency, indicating the following current products comply with requirements:
 - I. Insulation and Vapor Retarders: Include reports for thermal resistance, fire-test-response characteristics, water-vapor transmission, and water absorption.

- M. Surveys: Show final elevations and locations of major members. Engage a qualified engineer or land surveyor to perform surveys and certify their accuracy. Indicate discrepancies between actual installation and the Contract Documents.
- N. Warranties: Special warranties specified in this Section.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Erector Qualifications: An experienced erector who has specialized in erecting and installing work similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project and who is acceptable to manufacturer.
- B. Professional Engineer Qualifications: A professional engineer who is legally qualified to practice in jurisdiction where Project is located and who is experienced in providing engineering services of the kind indicated. Engineering services are defined as those performed for installations of metal building systems that are similar to those indicated for this Project in material, design, and extent.
- C. Manufacturer Qualifications: A firm experienced in manufacturing metal building systems similar to those indicated for this Project and with a record of successful in-service performance.
 - I. Member of MBMA.
 - 2. AISC Certification for Category MB: An AISC-Certified Manufacturer that designs and produces metal building systems and components in an AISC-Certified Facility.
 - 3. Engineering Responsibility: Preparation of Shop Drawings, testing program development, test result interpretation, and comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer.
- D. Surveyor Qualifications: A land surveyor who is legally qualified to practice in jurisdiction where Project is located and who is experienced in providing surveying services of the kind indicated.
- E. Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent testing agency, acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, qualified according to ASTM E 329 to conduct the testing indicated, as documented according to ASTM E 548.
- F. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of metal building system component through one source from a single manufacturer.
- G. Product Options: Information on Drawings and in Specifications establishes requirements for system's aesthetic effects and performance characteristics. Aesthetic effects are indicated by dimensions, arrangements, alignment, and profiles of components and assemblies as they relate to sightlines, to one another, and to adjoining construction. Performance characteristics are indicated by criteria subject to verification by one or more methods including preconstruction testing, field testing, or in-service performance.
- H. Product Options: Drawings indicate size, profiles, and dimensional requirements of metal building system and are based on the specific system indicated. Other manufacturers' systems with equal performance characteristics may be considered. Refer to Division I Section "Substitutions."
 - 1. Do not modify intended aesthetic effects, as judged solely by Architect, except with Architect's approval. If modifications are proposed, submit comprehensive explanatory data to Architect for review.
- Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1, "Structural Welding Code--Steel"; and AWS D1.3, "Structural Welding Code--Sheet Steel."

- J. Regulatory Requirements: Fabricate and label structural framing to comply with special inspection requirements at point of fabrication for welding and other connections required by authorities having jurisdiction.
- K. Structural Steel: Comply with AISC S335, "Specification for Structural Steel Buildings--Allowable Stress Design, Plastic Design"; or AISC S342, "Load and Resistance Factor Design Specification for Structural Steel Buildings," for design requirements and allowable stresses.
- L. Cold-Formed Steel: Comply with AISI SG-671, "Specification for the Design of Cold-Formed Steel Structural Members," and AISI SG-911, "Load and Resistance Facet Design Specification for Steel Structural Members," for design requirements and allowable stresses.
- M. Mockups: Before installing wall panels, build mockups for each form of construction and finish required to verify selections made under sample Submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and qualities of materials and execution. Build mockups to comply with the following requirements, using materials indicated for the completed Work.
 - 1. Build mockups in the location and of the size as directed by Architect.
 - 2. Build mockup of typical wall area as shown on Drawings.
 - a. Include wall panel assembly with window, window opening framed with metal trim, and insulation with vapor retarder.
 - b. Seal perimeter of window and joints of wall panels to comply with requirements in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."
 - 3. Notify Architect seven days in advance of dates and times when mockups will be constructed.
 - 4. Demonstrate the proposed range of aesthetic effects and workmanship.
 - 5. Obtain Architect's approval of mockups before starting wall panel construction.
 - 6. Maintain mockups during construction in an undisturbed condition as a standard for judging the completed Work.
 - 7. Approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.
- N. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division I Section "Project Meetings." Review methods and procedures related to metal building systems including, but not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Inspect and discuss condition of foundations and other preparatory work performed by other trades.
 - 2. Review structural load limitations.
 - 3. Review and finalize construction schedule and verify availability of materials, Erector's personnel, equipment, and facilities needed to make progress and avoid delays.
 - 4. Review required testing, inspecting, and certifying procedures.
 - 5. Review weather and forecasted weather conditions and procedures for unfavorable conditions.

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver components, sheets, panels, and other manufactured items so as not to be damaged or deformed. Package roof and wall panels for protection during transportation and handling.
- B. Handling: Unload, store, and erect roof and wall panels to prevent bending, warping, twisting, and surface damage.

C. Stack materials on platforms or pallets, covered with tarpaulins or other suitable weathertight and ventilated covering. Store roof and wall panels to ensure dryness. Do not store panels in contact with other materials that might cause staining, denting, or other surface damage.

1.8 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Weather Limitations: Proceed with installation only when weather conditions permit roof and wall panel installation to be performed according to manufacturer's written instructions and warranty requirements.
- B. Field Measurements: Verify existing and new metal building system foundations by field measurements before metal building fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings. Coordinate fabrication schedule with construction progress to avoid delaying the Work.
 - I. Established Dimensions for Foundations: Where field measurements cannot be made without delaying the Work, establish foundation dimensions and proceed with fabricating structural framing without field measurements. Coordinate anchor-bolt installation to ensure that actual anchorage dimensions correspond to established dimensions.
 - 2. Established Dimensions for Panels: Where field measurements cannot be made without delaying the Work, either establish framing and opening dimensions and proceed with fabricating roof and wall panels without field measurements, or allow for field-trimming panels. Coordinate roof and wall construction to ensure that actual building dimensions, locations of structural members, and openings correspond to established dimensions.

1.9 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate size and location of concrete foundations and casting of anchor-bolt inserts into foundation walls and footings. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork requirements are specified in Division 3 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete"
- B. Coordinate installation of roof penetrations.

1.10 WARRANTY

- A. General Warranty: Special warranties specified in this Article shall not deprive Owner of other rights Owner may have under other provisions of the Contract Documents and shall be in addition to, and run concurrent with, other warranties made by Contractor under requirements of the Contract Documents.
- B. Special Warranty on Panels: Written warranty, executed by manufacturer agreeing to repair or replace roof and wall panels that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - I. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion or as per D.F.C.M. warranty requirements, which ever is greater.
- C. Special Warranty on Panel Finishes: Written warranty, signed by manufacturer agreeing to repair finish or replace metal panels that show evidence of deterioration of factory-applied finishes within specified warranty period. Deterioration of finish includes, but is not limited to, color fade, chalking, cracking, peeling, and loss of film integrity.
 - I. Warranty Period for Roof Panels: 20 years from date of Substantial Completion or as per D.F.C.M. warranty requirements, which ever is greater..
 - 2. Warranty Period for Wall Panels: 20 years from date of Substantial Completion or as per D.F.C.M. warranty requirements, which ever is greater..

- D. Special Warranty on Standing-Seam Roof Panel Weathertightness: Written warranty, signed by manufacturer agreeing to repair or replace standing-seam roof panel assemblies that fail to remain weathertight within specified warranty period.
 - I. Warranty Period: 20 years from date of Substantial Completion or as per D.F.C.M. warranty requirements, which ever is greater..

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
- B. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - I. American Buildings Company.
 - 2. American Steel Building Company, Inc.
 - 3. Butler Manufacturing Company.
 - 4. Ceco Building Systems.
 - 5. Dean Steel Buildings.
 - 6. Garco Building Systems.
 - 7. Mesco Metal Buildings.
 - 8. Metal Building Products, Inc.

2.2 STRUCTURAL-FRAMING MATERIALS

- A. Structural-Steel Shapes: ASTM A 36/A 36M or ASTM A 529/A 529M.
- B. Steel Plate, Bar, or Strip: ASTM A 529/A 529M, ASTM A 570/A 570M, or ASTM A 572/A 572M; 50,000-psi (345-MPa) minimum yield strength.
- C. Steel Tubing or Pipe: ASTM A 500, Grade B; ASTM A 501; or ASTM A 53, Grade B.
- D. Structural-Steel Sheet: Hot-rolled, ASTM A 570/A 570M, Grade 50 or Grade 55; hot-rolled, ASTM 568/A 568M; or cold-rolled, ASTM A 611, structural-quality, matte (dull) finish.
- E. Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, structural quality, Grade 50, with G60 (Z180) coating designation; mill phosphatized.
- F. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet Prepainted with Coil Coating: Steel sheet metallic coated by the hot-dip process and prepainted by the coil-coating process to comply with ASTM A 755/A 755M and the following requirements:
 - I. Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, G90 (Z275) coating designation; structural quality.
 - 2. Aluminum-Zinc Alloy-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 792/A 792M, Class AZ50 coating, Grade 40 (Class AZ150 coating, Grade 275); structural quality.
- G. Joist Girders: Provide girders, complying with SJI's "Standard Specifications, Load Tables, and Weight Tables for Steel Joists and Joist Girders," manufactured with steel-angle top and bottom chord members, to produce girder types, end arrangements, and top chord arrangements indicated and required for primary framing.

- H. Steel Joists: Provide joists, complying with SJI's "Standard Specifications, Load Tables, and Weight Tables for Steel Joists and Joist Girders," manufactured with steel-angle top and bottom chord members, to produce joist types, end arrangements, and top chord arrangements indicated and required for secondary framing.
- I. Non-High-Strength Bolts, Nuts, and Washers: ASTM A 307, Grade A (ASTM F 568M, Property Class 4.6); carbon-steel, hex-head bolts; carbon-steel nuts; and flat, unhardened steel washers.
 - I. Finish: Hot-dip zinc coating, ASTM A 153, Class C.
- J. High-Strength Bolts, Nuts, and Washers: ASTM A 325 (ASTM A 325M), Type I, heavy hex steel structural bolts, heavy hex carbon-steel nuts, and hardened carbon-steel washers.
 - I. Finish: Hot-dip zinc coating, ASTM A 153, Class C.
 - 2. Direct-Tension Indicators: ASTM F 959, Type 325 or Type 490 (ASTM F 959M, Type 325M or Type 490M).
 - a. Finish: Hot-dip zinc coating, ASTM B 695, Class 50.
- K. Anchor Rods, Bolts, Nuts, and Washers: As follows:
 - I. Unheaded Rods: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
 - 2. Unheaded Bolts: ASTM A 687, high strength.
 - 3. Headed Bolts: ASTM A 325 (ASTM A 325M), Type I, heavy hex steel structural bolts and heavy hex carbon-steel nuts.
 - 4. Washers: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
- L. Primers: As selected by manufacturer for resistance to normal atmospheric corrosion, compatibility with finish paint systems, capability to provide a sound foundation for field-applied topcoats despite prolonged exposure, and as follows:
 - I. Primer: SSPC-Paint 15, Type I, red oxide.

2.3 PANEL MATERIALS

- A. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet Prepainted with Coil Coating: Steel sheet metallic coated by the hot-dip process and prepainted by the coil-coating process to comply with ASTM A 755/A 755M and the following requirements:
 - I. Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, G90 (Z275) coating designation; structural quality.
 - 2. Surface: Smooth, flat, mill finish.
- B. Panel Sealants: Provide the following:
 - I. Sealant Tape: Pressure-sensitive, 100 percent solids, gray polyisobutylene compound sealant tape with release-paper backing. Provide permanently elastic, nonsag, nontoxic, nonstaining tape 1/2 inch (13 mm) wide and 1/8 inch (3 mm) thick.
 - 2. Joint Sealant: ASTM C 920; one-part elastomeric polyurethane, polysulfide, or silicone-rubber sealant; of type, grade, class, and use classifications required to seal joints in panels and remain weathertight; and as recommended by metal building system manufacturer.
- C. Mastic for Translucent Panels: Nonstaining, saturated vinyl polymer as recommended by panel manufacturer for sealing laps.

2.4 INSULATION MATERIALS

- A. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics for Insulation: Provide insulation and related materials with the fire-test-response characteristics indicated, as determined by testing identical products per test method indicated below by UL or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. Identify materials with appropriate markings of applicable testing and inspecting agency.
 - I. Surface-Burning Characteristics: ASTM E 84.
 - 2. Fire-Resistance Ratings: ASTM E 119.
 - 3. Combustion Characteristics: ASTM E 136.
- B. Glass-Fiber-Blanket Insulation: Thermal insulation, complying with ASTM C 991, Type I, R-value as indicated on drawings, with a flame-spread rating of 25 or less, and 2-inch- (50-mm-) wide, continuous, vapor-tight edge tabs.
- C. Vapor-Retarder Facing: Complying with ASTM C 1136, with permeance not greater than the following when tested according to ASTM E 96, Desiccant Method:
 - 1. Composition: 4-mil Vinyl-faced, scrim-reinforced polyester, with permeance not greater than 0.02 perm $(1.15 \text{ ng/Pa} \times \text{s} \times \text{sq. m})$.
 - 2. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 3. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. CGI Silvercote, Inc.
 - b. Lamtec Corporation.
 - c. Mizell Bros. Co.
 - d. Owens-Corning Fiberglas Corporation.
- D. Retainer Strips: 0.019-inch- (0.5-mm-) thick, formed, galvanized steel or PVC retainer clips colored to match insulation facing.

2.5 DOOR AND FRAME MATERIALS

A. See specification section 08110

2.6 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Bituminous Coating: Cold-applied asphalt mastic, SSPC-Paint 12, compounded for 15-mil (0.4-mm) dry film thickness per coat. Provide inert-type noncorrosive compound free of asbestos fibers, sulfur components, and other deleterious impurities.
- B. Nonmetallic, Shrinkage-Resistant Grout: Premixed, nonmetallic, noncorrosive, nonstaining grout containing selected silica sands, portland cement, shrinkage compensating agents, plasticizing and water-reducing agents, complying with ASTM C 1107, of consistency suitable for application, and with a 30-minute working time.
- C. Shop Primer for Galvanized Metal Surfaces: Zinc dust, zinc-oxide primer selected by manufacturer for compatibility with substrate. Comply with FS TT-P-641.
- D. Finish Painting: Refer to Division 9 Section "Painting."

2.7 FABRICATION, GENERAL

- A. General: Design components and field connections required for erection to permit easy assembly and disassembly.
 - I. Fabricate components in a manner that once assembled in the shop, they may be disassembled, repackaged, and reassembled in the field.
 - 2. Mark each piece and part of the assembly to correspond with previously prepared erection drawings, diagrams, and instruction manuals.
 - 3. Fabricate framing to produce clean, smooth cuts and bends. Punch holes of proper size, shape, and location. Cold-formed members shall be free of cracks, tears, and ruptures.
- B. Primary Framing: Shop-fabricate framing components to indicated size and section with baseplates, bearing plates, stiffeners, and other items required for erection welded into place. Cut, form, punch, drill, and weld framing for bolted field assembly.
 - 1. Make shop connections by welding or by using high-strength bolts.
 - 2. Join flanges to webs of built-up members by a continuous submerged arc-welding process.
 - 3. Brace compression flange of primary framing by angles connected between frame web and purlin or girt web, so flange compressive strength is within allowable limits for any combination of loadings.
 - 4. Weld clips to frames for attaching secondary framing members.
 - 5. Shop Priming: Prepare surfaces for shop priming according to SSPC-SP 2. Shop prime primary structural members with specified primer after fabrication.
- C. Secondary Framing: Shop-fabricate framing components to indicated size and section by roll-forming or break-forming, with baseplates, bearing plates, stiffeners, and other plates required for erection welded into place. Cut, form, punch, drill, and weld secondary framing for bolted field connections to primary framing.
 - 1. Make shop connections by welding or by using non-high-strength bolts.
 - 2. Shop Priming: Prepare surfaces for shop priming according to SSPC-SP 2. Shop prime secondary structural members with specified primer after fabrication.
- D. Factory Priming for Field-Painted Finish: Where field painting after installation is indicated, apply the specified air-dried primer immediately after cleaning and pretreating.
 - 1. Prime primary, secondary, and end-wall steel framing members with specified primer to a minimum dry film thickness of 1 mil (0.025 mm).
 - a. Prime secondary steel framing formed from metallic-coated steel sheet with red-oxide polyester paint, with a minimum dry film thickness of 0.5 mil (0.013 mm) on each side.
 - 2. Prime galvanized members, after phosphoric acid pretreatment, with manufacturer's standard zinc dust, zinc-oxide primer.
- E. Tolerances: Comply with MBMA's "Low Rise Building Systems Manual": Chapter IV, Section 9, "Fabrication and Erection Tolerances."

2.8 STRUCTURAL FRAMING

- A. Primary Framing: Manufacturer's standard structural primary framing system, designed to withstand required loads and specified requirements. Primary framing includes transverse and lean-to frames; rafter, rake, and canopy beams; sidewall, intermediate, end-wall, and corner columns; and wind bracing.
 - I. General: Provide frames with attachment plates, bearing plates, and splice members. Factory drill for field-bolted assembly. Provide frame span and spacing indicated.

- a. Slight variations in span and spacing may be acceptable if necessary to meet manufacturer's standard, as approved by Architect.
- 2. Rigid Clear-Span Frames: I-shaped frame sections fabricated from shop-welded, built-up steel plates or structural-steel shapes with cantilever as shown on drawings.
- 3. Frame Configuration: One-directional sloped with cantilever as shown on drawings...
- 4. Exterior Column Type: Tapered.
- 5. Rafter Type: Tapered.
- B. End-Wall Framing: Manufacturer's standard primary end-wall framing fabricated for field-bolted assembly to comply with the following:
 - I. End-Wall and Corner Columns: I-shaped sections fabricated from structural-steel shapes; shop-welded, built-up steel plates; or C-shaped, cold-formed, structural-steel sheet; with minimum thickness of 0.0747 inch (1.9 mm).
 - 2. End-Wall Rafters: C-shaped, cold-formed, structural-steel sheet; with minimum thickness of 0.0598 inch (1.5 mm).
- C. Secondary Framing: Manufacturer's standard secondary framing members, including purlins, girts, eave struts, flange bracing, base members, gable angles, clips, headers, jambs, and other miscellaneous structural members. Fabricate framing from cold-formed, structural-steel sheet or roll-formed, metallic-coated steel sheet prepainted with coil coating, unless otherwise indicated, to comply with the following:
 - 1. Purlins: C- or Z-shaped sections; fabricated from minimum 0.0598-inch- (1.5-mm-) thick steel sheet, built-up steel plates, or structural-steel shapes; minimum 2-1/2-inch- (64-mm-) wide flanges.
 - a. Depth: 8 inches. (match existing metal building)
 - 2. Purlins: Steel joists of depths indicated.
 - 3. Girts: C- or Z-shaped sections; fabricated from minimum 0.0598-inch- (1.5-mm-) thick steel sheet, built-up steel plates, or structural-steel shapes. Form ends of Z-sections with stiffening lips angled 45 to 50 degrees to flange and with minimum 2-1/2-inch- (64-mm-) wide flanges.
 - a. Depth: 8-inches. (match existing metal building)
 - 4. Eave Struts: Unequal-flange, C-shaped sections; fabricated from 0.0598-inch- (1.5-mm-) thick steel sheet, built-up steel plates, or structural-steel shapes; to provide adequate backup for both roof and wall panels.
 - 5. Flange and Sag Bracing: Minimum 1-5/8-by-1-5/8-inch (41-by-41-mm) structural-steel angles, with a minimum thickness of 0.0598 inch (1.5 mm), to stiffen primary frame flanges.
 - 6. Base or Sill Angles: Minimum 3-by-2-by-0.0747-inch (76-by-51-by-1.9-mm) zinc-coated (galvanized) steel sheet.
 - 7. Purlin and Girt Clips: Minimum 0.0747-inch- (1.9-mm-) thick, zinc-coated (galvanized) steel sheet.
 - 8. Secondary End-Wall Framing: Manufacturer's standard sections fabricated from minimum 0.0747-inch- (1.9-mm-) thick, zinc-coated (galvanized) steel sheet.
 - 9. Framing for Openings: Channel shapes; fabricated from minimum 0.0598-inch- (1.5-mm-) thick, cold-formed, structural-steel sheet or structural-steel shapes. Frame head and jamb of door openings, and head, jamb, and sill of other openings.
 - 10. Miscellaneous Structural Members: Manufacturer's standard sections fabricated from cold-formed, structural-steel sheet; built-up steel plates; or zinc-coated (galvanized) steel sheet; designed to withstand required loads.
- D. Bracing: Provide adjustable wind bracing as follows:
 - 1. Rods: ASTM A 36/A 36M; ASTM A 572/A 572M, Grade D; or ASTM A 529/A 529M, Grade 50; 1/2-inch- (13-mm-) diameter steel; threaded full length or threaded a minimum of 12 inches (300 mm) at each end.

- 2. Angles: Fabricated from structural-steel shapes to match primary framing, of size required to withstand design loads.
- 3. Rigid Portal Frames: Fabricate from shop-welded, built-up steel plates or structural-steel shapes to match primary framing; of size required to withstand design loads.
- 4. Fixed-Base Columns: Fabricate from shop-welded, built-up steel plates or structural-steel shapes to match primary framing; of size required to withstand design loads.
- 5. Diaphragm Action of Panels: Design metal building to resist wind forces through diaphragm action of roof and wall panels.
- 6. Bracing: Provide wind bracing using any method specified above, at manufacturer's option.
- E. Bolts: Provide shop-painted bolts unless structural-framing components are in direct contact with roof and wall panels. Provide zinc-plated bolts when structural-framing components are in direct contact with roof and wall panels.

2.9 ROOF PANELS

- A. Refer to Division 7 Section "Manufactured Roof Panels."
- B. Standing-Seam Roof Panels: Manufacturer's standard panels complying with the following:
- C. Lap-Seam Roof Panels: Fabricate from metallic-coated steel sheets prepainted with coil coating, factory formed to provide 36-inch (914-mm) coverage, with raised trapezoidal major ribs at 12 inches (305 mm) o.c., and intermediate stiffening ribs symmetrically spaced between major ribs for full length of panel. Design panels for mechanical attachment to structure using exposed fasteners, lapping major ribs at panel edges. Comply with the following:
 - I. Material: Zinc-coated (galvanized) steel.
 - 2. Yield Strength: 80 ksi (552 MPa).
 - 3. Metal Thickness: As required for rood loads, L.L. and D.L. and span
 - 4. Panel Thickness: Match Existing Metal Building Roofing Panel Size and Profile.
- D. Roof Panel Accessories: Provide components required for a complete roof panel assembly including trim, copings, fasciae, mullions, sills, corner units, ridge closures, clips, seam covers, battens, flashings, gutters, sealants, gaskets, fillers, closure strips, and similar items. Match materials and finishes of roof panels, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Closures: Provide closures at eave and ridge, fabricated of same metal as roof panels.
 - 2. Clips: Minimum 0.0625-inch- (1.6-mm-) thick, stainless-steel panel clips designed to withstand negative-load requirements.
 - 3. Cleats: Mechanically seamed cleats formed from minimum 0.0250-inch- (0.65-mm-) thick, stainless-steel or nylon-coated aluminum sheet.
 - 4. Thermal Spacer Blocks: Where panels attach directly to purlins, provide 1-inch- (25-mm-) thick, thermal spacer blocks; fabricated from extruded polystyrene.
 - 5. Backing Plates: Provide metal backing plates at panel end splices, fabricated from material recommended by manufacturer.
- E. Exterior Finish: Apply the following coil coating to roof panels and accessories:
 - I. Fluoropolymer Two-Coat System: Manufacturer's standard two-coat, thermocured system consisting of specially formulated inhibitive primer and fluoropolymer color topcoat containing not less than 70 percent polyvinylidene fluoride resin by weight, with a total minimum dry film thickness of I mil (0.025 mm) and 30 percent reflective gloss when tested according to ASTM D 523.

- a. Durability: Provide coating field tested under normal range of weather conditions for a minimum of 20 years without significant peel, blister, flake, chip, crack, or check in finish; without chalking in excess of a chalk rating of 8 according to ASTM D 4214; and without fading in excess of five Hunter units.
- 2. Colors, Textures, and Glosses: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range for these characteristics. Must match existing metal building finish color.
- F. Concealed Finish: Apply pretreatment and manufacturer's standard white backer finish, consisting of prime coat and wash coat with a total minimum dry film thickness of 0.5 mil (0.013 mm).

2.10 WALL PANELS

- A. Refer to Division 7 Section "Manufactured Wall Panels."
- B. Uninsulated Wall Panels: Provide manufacturer's standard panels complying with the following:
 - 1. Ribbed Panels: Fabricate from metallic-coated steel sheets prepainted with coil coating, factory formed to provide 36-inch (914-mm) coverage, with raised trapezoidal major ribs at 12 inches (305 mm) o.c., and intermediate stiffening ribs symmetrically spaced between major ribs for full length of panel. Design panels for mechanical attachment to structure using exposed fasteners, lapping major ribs at panel edges. Comply with the following:
 - a. Material: Zinc-coated (galvanized) steel.
 - b. Metal Thickness: 0.0239 inch (0.60 mm).
 - c. Panel Thickness: Match Existing Metal Building Wall Panel Size and Profile.
- C. Wall Panel Accessories: Provide components required for a complete wall panel assembly, including trim, copings, mullions, sills, corner units, clips, seam covers, battens, flashings, sealants, gaskets, fillers, closure strips, and similar items. Match materials and finishes of panels.
 - I. Backing Plates: Provide metal backing plates at panel end splices, fabricated from material recommended by manufacturer.
- D. Exposed Finish for Exterior Panels: Apply the following coil coating:
 - I. Fluoropolymer Two-Coat System: Manufacturer's standard two-coat, thermocured system consisting of specially formulated inhibitive primer and fluoropolymer color topcoat containing not less than 70 percent polyvinylidene fluoride resin by weight, with a total minimum dry film thickness of I mil (0.025 mm) and 30 percent reflective gloss when tested according to ASTM D 523.
 - a. Durability: Provide coating field tested under normal range of weather conditions for a minimum of 20 years without significant peel, blister, flake, chip, crack, or check in finish; without chalking in excess of a chalk rating of 8 according to ASTM D 4214; and without fading in excess of five Hunter units.
 - 2. Colors, Textures, and Glosses: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range for these characteristics **Must match existing metal building finish color.**
- E. Concealed Finish: Apply pretreatment and manufacturer's standard white backer finish, consisting of prime coat and wash coat with a total minimum dry film thickness of 0.5 mil (0.013 mm).

2.11 TRANSLUCENT PANELS

- A. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide panels with the following surface-burning characteristics as determined by testing identical products per ASTM E 84 by UL or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction:
 - I. Flame Spread: 25 or less.
 - 2. Smoke Developed: 450 or less.
- B. Uninsulated Translucent Panels: Glass-fiber-reinforced polyester, translucent white plastic; complying with ASTM D 3841, Type CC1, limited flammability, Grade 1; weather-resistant, smooth finish on both sides; weighing not less than the following. Match profile of adjacent metal panels.
 - 1. Panel Weight: Not less than 8 oz./sq. ft. (2441 g/sq. m).
 - 2. Light Transmittance: Not less than 55 percent according to ASTM D 1494.
 - 3. Metal Edge: Fabricate full length of each side of panel with metal edge for seaming into standingseam roof panel joint.

2.12 FASCIA AND SOFFIT PANELS

- A. Fascia Panels: Manufacturer's standard panels complying with the following:
 - I. Match existing metal building roof panel profile and material.
 - 2. Flat-Pan Panels: Fabricate from metallic-coated steel sheets prepainted with coil coating, factory formed to provide 16-inch (406-mm) coverage; with 1-inch- (25-mm-) high, inverted-L, standing-seam, vertical ribs at panel edges. Design panels for mechanical attachment to fascia supports using concealed clips in side laps. Factory apply sealant at each interlocking joint. Comply with the following:
 - a. Material: Zinc-coated (galvanized) steel.
 - b. Yield Strength: 50 ksi (345 MPa).
 - c. Metal Thickness: 0.0239 inch (0.60 mm).
 - d. Joint Type: As standard with manufacturer to match existing metal building system type.
 - e. Clip System: Fixed.

2.13 DOORS AND FRAMES

- A. Personnel Doors: Refer to Division 8 Section "Steel Doors and Frames."
- B. Service Doors: Provide the following:
 - 1. Sectional Overhead Doors: Refer to Division 8 Section "Sectional Overhead Doors."

2.14 ACCESSORIES

- A. General: Provide accessories as standard with metal building system manufacturer, and complying with the following:
 - 1. Provide sheet metal accessories of same material and in same finish as roof and wall panels, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Fasteners: Self-tapping screws, bolts, nuts, self-locking rivets and bolts, end-welded studs, and other suitable fasteners designed to withstand design loads. Provide fasteners with heads matching color of roof or wall sheets by means of plastic caps or factory-applied coating. Comply with the following:

- I. Fasteners for Roof and Wall Panels: Self-drilling or self-tapping 410 stainless or zinc-alloy steel hex washer head, with EPDM or neoprene sealing washer under heads of fasteners bearing on weather side of panels.
- 2. Fasteners for Flashing and Trim: Blind fasteners or self-drilling screws with hex washer head.
- 3. Blind Fasteners: High-strength aluminum or stainless-steel rivets.
- C. Flashing and Trim: Form from 0.0179-inch- (0.45-mm-) thick, zinc-coated (galvanized) steel sheet or aluminum-zinc alloy-coated steel sheet prepainted with coil coating. Provide flashing and trim as required to seal against weather and to provide finished appearance. Locations include, but are not limited to, eaves, rakes, corners, bases, framed openings, ridges, fasciae, and fillers. Finish flashing and trim with same finish system as adjacent roof or wall panels.
 - 1. Opening Trim: Minimum 0.028-inch- (0.7-mm-) thick steel sheet. Trim head and jamb of door openings, and head, jamb, and sill of other openings.
- D. Gutters: Form from 0.0179-inch- (0.45-mm-) thick, zinc-coated (galvanized) steel sheet or aluminum-zinc alloy-coated steel sheet prepainted with coil coating. Match profile of gable trim, complete with end pieces, outlet tubes, and other special pieces as required. Fabricate in minimum 96-inch- (2400-mm-) long sections, sized according to SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual." Furnish gutter supports spaced 36 inches (900 mm) o.c., fabricated from same metal as gutters. Provide bronze, copper, or aluminum wire ball strainers at outlets. Finish gutters to match roof fascia and rake trim.
- E. Downspouts: Form from 0.0179-inch- (0.45-mm-) thick, zinc-coated (galvanized) steel sheet or aluminum-zinc alloy-coated steel sheet prepainted with coil coating; in 10-foot- (3-m-) long sections, complete with formed elbows and offsets. Finish downspouts to match wall panels.
- F. Continuous or Sectional Ridge-Type: Factory-engineered and -fabricated, continuous unit; fabricated from minimum 0.0179-inch- (0.45-mm-) thick, zinc-coated (galvanized) steel sheet or aluminum-zinc alloy-coated steel sheet prepainted with coil coating; in 10-foot- (3-m-) long sections. Provide throat size and total length indicated, complete with side baffles, ventilator assembly, end caps, splice plates, and reinforcing diaphragms. Finish ventilators to match roof panels.
 - a. Throat Size: 9 or 12 inches (229 or 305 mm), as standard with manufacturer, and as required to comply with ventilation requirements, **see details.**
- G. Snow Guards: Prefabricated, noncorrosive units designed to be installed without penetrating roof panel, and complete with predrilled holes, clamps, or hooks for anchoring.
 - I. Metal-Type Guard: Consisting of aluminum or stainless-steel rods or bars held in place by supports clamped to vertical ribs of standing-seam roof.
 - a. Available Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - b. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - 1) S-5! SnoFence; LMCurbs.
 - 2) Snobar, Riddell & Company, Inc.
 - 3) Vermont Snowguard; Snow Management Systems.
- H. Closures: Closed-cell, laminated polyethylene; minimum 1-inch- (25-mm-) thick, flexible closure strips; cut or premolded to match roof and wall panel profile. Provide closure strips where indicated or necessary to ensure weathertight construction.
- I. Pipe Flashing: Premolded, EPDM pipe collar with flexible aluminum ring bonded to base.

2.15 FINISHES, GENERAL

- A. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
- B. Appearance of Finished Work: Variations in appearance of abutting or adjacent pieces are acceptable if they are within one-half of the range of approved Samples. Noticeable variations in the same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of other components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

2.16 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Owner will employ an independent testing agency to perform source quality-control testing and special inspections, and to prepare test reports.
 - 1. Testing agency will conduct and interpret tests and state in each report whether test specimens comply with or deviate from requirements.
 - 2. Allow Owner's testing agency access to places where structural framing is being fabricated or produced. Cooperate with Owner's testing agency and provide samples of materials as may be requested for additional testing and evaluation.
 - 3. Special inspections will not be required when fabrication is performed by a fabricator registered and approved by authorities having jurisdiction to perform such work without special inspection.
- B. Correct deficiencies in or remove and replace structural framing that inspections and test reports indicate do not comply with requirements.
- C. Additional testing, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of corrected Work with requirements.
- D. Shop-bolted connections will be tested and inspected according to RCSC's "Allowable Stress Design Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts."
- E. Shop-bolted connections will be tested and inspected according to RCSC's "Load and Resistance Factor Design Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts."
 - 1. Direct-tension indicator gaps will be verified to comply with ASTM F 959, Table 2.
- F. In addition to visual inspection, shop welding will be inspected and tested according to AWS D1.1 and the inspection procedures listed below, at testing agency's option:
 - I. Liquid-Penetrant Inspection: ASTM E 165.
 - 2. Magnetic-Particle Inspection: ASTM E 709, performed on root pass and on finished weld. Cracks or zones of incomplete fusion or penetration will not be accepted.
 - 3. Radiographic Inspection: ASTM E 94 and ASTM E 142, minimum quality level 2-2T.
 - 4. Ultrasonic Inspection: ASTM E 164.
- G. In addition to visual inspection, shop-welded shear connectors will be inspected and tested according to requirements of AWS D1.1 for stud welding and as follows:
 - I. Bend tests will be performed when visual inspections reveal either less than a continuous 360-degree flash or welding repairs to any shear connector.
 - 2. Tests will be conducted on additional shear connectors when weld fracture occurs on shear connectors already tested, according to requirements of AWS D1.1.

H. Testing agency will report test results promptly and in writing to Contractor and Architect.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, with Erector present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of metal building system.
 - I. For the record, prepare written report, endorsed by Erector, listing conditions detrimental to performance of work.
 - 2. Proceed with erection only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
- B. Before erection proceeds, survey elevations and locations of concrete and masonry bearing surfaces, baseplates, and anchor bolts to receive structural framing. Verify compliance with requirements and metal building system manufacturer's tolerances.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Clean substrates of substances, including oil, grease, rolling compounds, incompatible primers, and loose mill scale, that impair bond of erection materials.
- B. Surface Preparation: Clean and prepare surfaces to be painted according to manufacturer's written instructions for each particular substrate condition and as specified.

3.3 ERECTION

- A. Erect metal building system according to manufacturer's written instructions and erection drawings.
- B. Do not field cut, drill, or alter structural members without written approval from metal building system manufacturer's professional engineer.
- C. Set structural framing in locations and to elevations indicated and according to AISC specifications referenced in this Section. Maintain structural stability of frame during erection.
- D. Baseplates and Bearing Plates: Clean concrete and masonry bearing surfaces of bond-reducing materials and roughen surfaces before setting baseplates and bearing plates. Clean bottom surface of baseplates and bearing plates.
 - 1. Set baseplates and bearing plates for structural members on wedges, shims, or setting nuts.
 - 2. Tighten anchor bolts after supported members have been positioned and plumbed. Do not remove wedges or shims but, if protruding, cut off flush with edge of baseplate or bearing plate before packing with grout.
 - 3. Pack grout solidly between bearing surfaces and plates so no voids remain. Finish exposed surfaces, protect installed materials, and allow to cure.
 - a. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for proprietary grout materials.
- E. Align and adjust framing members before permanently fastening. Before assembly, clean bearing surfaces and other surfaces that will be in permanent contact. Make adjustments to compensate for discrepancies in elevations and alignment.

- 1. Level and plumb individual members of structure.
- 2. Establish required leveling and plumbing measurements on mean operating temperature of structure. Make allowances for difference between temperature at time of erection and mean temperature at which structure will be when completed and in service.
- F. Primary Framing and End Walls: Erect framing true to line, level, plumb, rigid, and secure. Level baseplates to a true even plane with full bearing to supporting structures, set with double-nutted anchor bolts. Use grout to obtain uniform bearing and to maintain a level base-line elevation. Moist cure grout for not less than seven days after placement.
 - 1. Make field connections using high-strength bolts. Tighten bolts by turn-of-the-nut method.
- G. Secondary Framing: Erect framing true to line, level, plumb, rigid, and secure. Fasten secondary framing to primary framing using clips with field connections using non-high-strength bolts. Hold rigidly to a straight line by sag rods.
 - 1. Provide rake or gable purlins with tight-fitting closure channels and fasciae.
 - 2. Locate and space wall girts to suit door and window arrangements and heights.
 - 3. Provide supplemental framing at entire perimeter of openings, including doors, windows, louvers, ventilators, and other penetrations of roof and walls.
- H. Steel Joists and Joist Girders: Install joists, girders, and accessories plumb, square, and true to line; securely fasten to supporting construction according to SJI's "Standard Specifications, Load Tables, and Weight Tables for Steel Joists and Joist Girders," joist manufacturer's written instructions, and requirements in this Section.
 - 1. Before installation, splice joists delivered to Project site in more than one piece.
 - 2. Space, adjust, and align joists accurately in location before permanently fastening.
 - 3. Install temporary bracing and bridging, connections, and anchors to ensure that joists are stabilized during construction.
 - 4. Bolt joists to supporting steel framework using carbon-steel bolts, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 5. Bolt joists to supporting steel framework using high-strength structural bolts, unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Comply with RCSC's "Allowable Stress Design Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts" for high-strength structural bolt installation and tightening requirements.
 - b. Comply with RCSC's "Load and Resistance Factor Design Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts" for high-strength structural bolt installation and tightening requirements.
 - 6. Install and connect bridging concurrently with joist erection, before construction loads are applied. Anchor ends of bridging lines at top and bottom chords where terminating at walls or beams.
- I. Bracing: Install bracing in roof and sidewalls where indicated on erection drawings.
 - I. Tighten rod and cable bracing to avoid sag.
 - 2. Locate interior end bay bracing only where indicated.
- J. Framing for Openings: Provide shapes of proper design and size to reinforce openings and to carry loads and vibrations imposed, including equipment furnished under mechanical and electrical work. Securely attach to building structural frame.
- 3.4 ROOF PANEL INSTALLATION

- A. General: Provide roof panels of full length from eave to ridge when possible. Install panels perpendicular to purlins.
 - I. Field cutting by torch is not permitted.
 - 2. Rigidly fasten eave end of roof panels and allow ridge end free movement due to thermal expansion and contraction. Predrill panels.
 - 3. Provide weatherseal under ridge cap.
 - 4. Flash and seal roof panels with weather closures at eaves, rakes, and at perimeter of all openings. Fasten with self-tapping screws.
 - 5. Install screw fasteners with power tools having controlled torque adjusted to compress neoprene washer tightly without damage to washer, screw threads, or panels. Install screws in predrilled holes.
 - 6. Use aluminum or stainless-steel fasteners for exterior applications and galvanized fasteners for interior applications.
 - 7. Locate and space fastenings in true vertical and horizontal alignment.
 - 8. Install ridge caps as roof panel work proceeds.
 - 9. Locate panel splices over, but not attached to, structural supports. Stagger panel splices to avoid a four-panel lap splice condition.
- B. Standing-Seam Roof Panels: Fasten roof panels to purlins with concealed clips at each standing-seam joint. Install clips over top of insulation at location and spacing determined by manufacturer.
 - I. Install clips to supports with self-drilling fasteners.
 - 2. Crimp standing seams with manufacturer-approved motorized seamer tool so clip, panel, and factory-applied side-lap sealant are completely engaged.
 - 3. At panel splices, nest panels with minimum 6-inch (150-mm) end lap, sealed with butyl sealant and fastened together by interlocking clamping plates.
- C. Lap-Seam Roof Panels: Fasten roof panels to purlins with exposed fasteners at each lapped joint at location and spacing determined by manufacturer.
 - I. Arrange and nest side-lap joints so prevailing winds blow over, not into, lapped joints. Lap ribbed or fluted sheets one full rib corrugation. Apply panels and associated items for neat and weathertight enclosure. Avoid "panel creep" or application not true to line.
 - 2. Locate and space exposed fasteners in true vertical and horizontal alignment.
 - 3. Provide sealant tape at lapped joints of roof panels and between panels and protruding equipment, vents, and accessories.
 - 4. Apply a continuous ribbon of sealant tape to weather-side surface of fastenings on end laps, and on side laps of nesting-type panels.
 - 5. At panel splices, nest panels with minimum 6-inch (150-mm) end lap, sealed with butyl sealant and fastened together by interlocking clamping plates.

3.5 WALL PANEL INSTALLATION

- A. General: Provide panels full height of building when possible. Install panels perpendicular to girts.
 - I. Arrange and nest side-lap joints so prevailing winds blow over, not into, lapped joints. Install panels with vertical edges plumb. Lap ribbed or fluted sheets one full rib corrugation. Apply panels and associated items for neat and weathertight enclosure. Avoid "panel creep" or application not true to line
 - 2. Unless otherwise indicated, begin panel installation at corners with center of rib lined up with line of framing.
 - 3. Field cutting by torch is not permitted.
 - 4. Align bottom of wall panels and fasten with blind rivets, bolts, or self-tapping screws.
 - 5. Fasten flashing and trim around openings and similar elements with self-tapping screws.

- 6. When two rows of panels are required, lap panels 4 inches (100 mm) minimum. Locate panel splices over structural supports.
- 7. When building height requires two rows of panels at gable ends, align lap of gable panels over wall panels at eave height.
- 8. Install screw fasteners with power tools having controlled torque adjusted to compress neoprene washer tightly without damage to washer, screw threads, or panels. Install screws in predrilled holes.
- 9. Provide weather-resistant escutcheons for pipe and conduit penetrating exterior walls.
- 10. Flash and seal wall panels with weather closures under eaves and rakes, along lower panel edges, and at perimeter of all openings.
- II. Apply elastomeric sealant continuously between metal base channel (sill angle) and concrete, and elsewhere as necessary for waterproofing. Handle and apply sealant and backup according to sealant manufacturer's written instructions.
- 12. Use aluminum or stainless-steel fasteners for exterior applications and galvanized fasteners for interior applications.
- 13. Locate and space fastenings in true vertical and horizontal alignment.
- B. Uninsulated Panels: Install wall panels on exterior side of girts. Attach panels to supports with fasteners as recommended by manufacturer.
- C. Liner Panels: Install panels on interior side of girts at locations indicated. Fasten with exposed fasteners as recommended by manufacturer.

3.6 TRANSLUCENT PANEL INSTALLATION

- A. Translucent Panels: Attach plastic panels to structural framing according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 1. Provide end laps of not less than 6 inches (150 mm) and side laps of not less than 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) corrugations for roof panels.
 - 2. Align horizontal laps with adjacent roof and wall panels.
 - 3. Seal intermediate end laps and side laps of translucent panels with translucent mastic.

3.7 FASCIA AND SOFFIT PANEL INSTALLATION

- A. General: Provide panels full width of fasciae and soffits. Install panels perpendicular to support framing.
 - I. Arrange and nest side-lap joints so prevailing winds blow over, not into, lapped joints. Install panels with vertical edges plumb. Lap ribbed or fluted panels one full rib corrugation. Apply panels and associated items for neat and weathertight enclosure. Avoid "panel creep" or application not true to line
 - 2. Field cutting by torch is not permitted.
 - 3. Fasten flashing and trim around openings and similar elements with self-tapping screws.
 - 4. Install screw fasteners with power tools having controlled torque adjusted to compress neoprene washer tightly without damage to washer, screw threads, or panels. Install screws in predrilled holes.
 - 5. Use aluminum or stainless-steel fasteners for exterior applications and galvanized fasteners for interior applications.
 - 6. Locate and space fastenings in true vertical and horizontal alignment.
- B. Fascia Panels: Align bottom of panels and fasten with blind rivets, bolts, or self-tapping screws. Flash and seal panels with weather closures where fasciae meet soffits, along lower panel edges, and at perimeter of all openings.

3.8 INSULATION INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install insulation concurrently with panel installation, according to manufacturer's written instructions and as follows:
 - I. Set vapor-retarder-faced units with vapor retarder to warm side of construction, unless otherwise indicated. Do not obstruct ventilation spaces, except for firestopping.
 - 2. Tape joints and ruptures in vapor retarder, and seal each continuous area of insulation to surrounding construction to ensure airtight installation.
- B. Blanket Insulation: Install factory-laminated, vapor-retarder-faced blankets straight and true in one-piece lengths with both sets of facing tabs sealed to provide a complete vapor retarder. Comply with the following installation method:
- C. Blanket Insulation: Install blankets straight and true in one-piece lengths. Install vapor retarder over insulation with both sets of facing tabs sealed to provide a complete vapor retarder. Comply with the following installation method:
 - 1. Over-Framing Installation: Extend insulation and vapor retarder over and perpendicular to top flange of secondary framing members. Hold in place by panels fastened to secondary framing.
 - 2. Over-Purlin-with-Spacer-Block Installation: Extend insulation and vapor retarder over and perpendicular to top flange of secondary framing members. Install layer of filler insulation over first layer to fill space formed by roof panel standoffs. Hold in place by panels fastened to standoffs.
 - 3. Retainer Strips: Install retainer strips at each longitudinal insulation joint, straight and taut, nesting with secondary framing to hold insulation in place.

3.9 DOOR INSTALLATION

- A. General: Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing doors, hardware, operators, and other door components. Coordinate installation with wall flashings and other components. Seal perimeter of each door frame with elastomeric sealant used for panels.
- B. Personnel Doors and Frames: Install doors and frames straight, level, and plumb. Securely anchor frames to building structure. Set units with maximum 1/8-inch (3-mm) clearance between door and frame at jambs and head and maximum 3/4-inch (19-mm) clearance between door and floor.

3.10 ACCESSORY INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install gutters, downspouts, ventilators, louvers, and other accessories according to manufacturer's written instructions, with positive anchorage to building and weathertight mounting. Coordinate installation with flashings and other components.
- B. Flashing and Trim: Comply with performance requirements, manufacturer's written installation instructions, and SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual." Provide for thermal expansion of metal units; conceal fasteners where possible, and set units true to line and level as indicated. Install work with laps, joints, and seams that will be permanently watertight and weather resistant.
 - I. Install exposed flashing and trim that is without excessive oil canning, buckling, and tool marks and that is true to line and levels indicated, with exposed edges folded back to form hems. Install sheet metal flashing and trim to fit substrates and to result in waterproof and weather-resistant performance.
 - 2. Expansion Provisions: Provide for thermal expansion of exposed flashing and trim. Space movement joints at a maximum of 10 feet (3 m) with no joints allowed within 24 inches (610 mm)

- of corner or intersection. Where lapped or bayonet-type expansion provisions cannot be used or would not be sufficiently weather resistant and waterproof, form expansion joints of intermeshing hooked flanges, not less than I inch (25 mm) deep, filled with mastic sealant (concealed within joints).
- 3. Separations: Separate metal from incompatible metal or corrosive substrates by coating concealed surfaces, at locations of contact, with asphalt mastic or other permanent separation as recommended by manufacturer.
- C. Gutters: Join sections with riveted and soldered or lapped and sealed joints. Attach gutters to eave with gutter hangers spaced not more than 32" o.c. using manufacturer's standard fasteners. Provide end closures and seal watertight with sealant. Provide for thermal expansion.
- D. Downspouts: Join sections with I-I/2-inch (38-mm) telescoping joints. Provide fasteners designed to hold downspouts securely I inch (25 mm) away from walls; locate fasteners at top and bottom and at approximately 60 inches (1500 mm) o.c. in between.
 - 1. Provide elbow at base of downspout to direct water away from building.
 - 2. Tie downspouts to underground drainage system indicated.
- E. Continuous Roof Ventilators: Set ventilators complete with necessary hardware, anchors, weather guards, rain caps, and equipment supports according to manufacturer's written instructions. Join sections with splice plates and end-cap skirt assemblies where required to achieve indicated length. Install preformed filler strips at base to seal ventilator to roof panels.
- F. Pipe Flashing: Form flashing around pipe penetration and roof panels. Fasten and seal to roof panel as recommended by manufacturer.

3.11 ERECTION AND LOCATION TOLERANCES

- A. Structural-Steel Erection Tolerances: Comply with erection tolerance limits of AISC S303, "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges."
- B. Roof Panel Installation Tolerances: Shim and align units within installed tolerance of 1/4 inch in 20 feet (6 mm in 6 m) on slope and location lines as indicated and within 1/8-inch (3-mm) offset of adjoining faces and of alignment of matching profiles.
- C. Wall Panel Installation Tolerances: Shim and align units within installed tolerance of 1/4 inch in 20 feet (6 mm in 6 m) on level, plumb, and location lines as indicated and within 1/8-inch (3-mm) offset of adjoining faces and of alignment of matching profiles.

3.12 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified independent testing agency to perform field quality-control testing.
- B. Extent and Testing Methodology: Testing and verification procedures will be required of high-strength bolted connections.
 - I. Bolted connections will be visually inspected.
 - 2. High-strength, field-bolted connections will be tested and verified according to procedures in RCSC's "Load and Resistance Factor Design Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts."

- 3. Field-bolted connections will be tested and verified according to procedures in RCSC's "Load and Resistance Factor Design Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts."
- C. Testing agency will report test results promptly and in writing to Contractor and Architect.

3.13 ADJUSTING

- A. Doors: After completing installation, lubricate, test, and adjust doors to operate easily, free from warp, twist, or distortion.
- B. Hardware: Adjust and check each operating item of hardware to ensure proper operation and function. Replace units that cannot be adjusted to operate freely and smoothly.
 - I. Where door hardware is installed more than one month before acceptance or occupancy, make final check and adjustment of hardware items during the week before acceptance or occupancy. Clean operating items as necessary to restore proper function and finish of hardware and doors. Adjust door control devices to compensate for final operation of heating and ventilating equipment.

3.14 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Touchup Painting: Immediately after erection, clean, prepare, and prime or reprime welds, bolted connections, and abraded surfaces of prime-painted primary and secondary framing, accessories, and bearing plates.
 - 1. Clean and prepare surfaces by hand-tool cleaning, SSPC-SP 2, or power-tool cleaning, SSPC-SP 3.
 - 2. Apply compatible primer of same type as shop primer used on adjacent surfaces.
- B. Touchup Painting: Cleaning and touchup painting of field welds, bolted connections, and abraded surfaces of shop-painted primary and secondary framing, accessories, and bearing plates.
- C. Repair damaged galvanized coatings on exposed surfaces with galvanized repair paint according to ASTM A 780 and manufacturer's written instructions.
- D. Roof and Wall Panels: Remove temporary protective coverings and strippable films, if any, as soon as each panel is installed. On completion of panel installation, clean finished surfaces as recommended by panel manufacturer and maintain in a clean condition during construction.
 - I. Replace panels that have been damaged or have deteriorated beyond successful repair by finish touchup or similar minor repair procedures.
- E. Doors: Immediately after erection, sand smooth any rusted or damaged areas of prime coat and apply touchup of compatible air-drying primer.
 - 1. Protection Removal: Immediately before final inspection, remove protective wrappings from doors and frames.
- F. Windows: Clean metal surfaces promptly after installing windows. Exercise care to avoid damage to protective coatings and finishes. Remove excess glazing and sealant compounds, dirt, and other substances. Lubricate hardware and other moving parts. Clean glass promptly after installing windows.

END OF SECTION 13125